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ICPSR
Inter-university Consortium for
Political and Social Research

A Sentencing Postscript:
Felony Probationers Under Supervision
in the Community, 1983

Principal Investigator
Mark A. Cuniff
National Association of Criminal Justice Planners

Data Collection Sponsor
U.S. Department of Justice
Bureau of Justice Statistics

ICPSR 8647

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A SENTENCING POSTSCRIPT: FELONY PROBATIONERS
UNDER SUPERVISION IN THE COMMUNITY, 1983

(ICPSR 8647)

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ACQUISITIONS

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All manuscripts utilizing data made available through the Consortium should acknowledge that fact as well as identify the original collector of the data. The ICPSR Council urges all users of the ICPSR data facilities to follow some adaptation of this statement with the parentheses indicating items to be filled in appropriately or deleted by the individual user.

The data (and tabulations) utilized in this (publication) were made available (in part) by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. The data for A SENTENCING POSTSCRIPT: FELONY PROBATIONERS UNDER SUPERVISION IN THE COMMUNITY were originally collected by Mark A. Cunniff and the National Association of Criminal Justice Planners and the United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Neither the collector of the original data nor the Consortium bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, each user of the ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript or thesis abstract to the Consortium. Please indicate in the cover letter which data were used.

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INTRODUCTION

DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

In the Bureau of Justice Statistics' REPORT TO THE NATION ON CRIME AND JUSTICE: THE DATA, information is provided which shows that of the 1,973,000 adults under correctional supervision in 1981, only 19% were in prison while 62% were on probation. While probation is widely used, it is a poorly understood sanction in the administration of criminal justice. The public's impression of probation is very much influenced by media coverage of isolated incidents and those incidents tend to deal with persons who have committed serious crimes, such as rape or homicide, while under probation supervision. Because statistical information on probation is sparse, it is difficult to put such isolated incidents into the context of a probation agency's overall workload.

This poor understanding of probation is due, in part, to the varied clientele with whom probation agencies may work. Some probation agencies work only with a felony caseload while others deal with a workload composed of a mix of felony and misdemeanor cases. Workload also varies among probation agencies such that some supervise only those persons convicted of a crime while others may also have to supervise persons in a pre-adjudicated status, i.e., those persons in a diversion program. The age of the probationer also contributes to the differences in workload among probation agencies. Some agencies deal only with adult probationers while others may deal only with juvenile probationers or a mix of adult and juvenile probationers. Finally, jurisdiction is a factor that contributes to differences among probation agencies. Some probation agencies are state agencies while others are county or municipal agencies.

It is difficult, therefore, to make simple comparisons across probation agencies because of this variety in the mix of clienteles with whom they work. Not only is there variety in the mix of clienteles but there is also variety among the probation agencies in their ability to identify and analyze statistically the different classes of clients whom they supervise.

Because of these considerations, this study focused on only one segment of a probation agency's clientele: convicted adult felons. To be able to identify such probationers, the study utilized a cohort methodology that tracked adults convicted of a felony in courts of general

jurisdiction and who were sentenced to probation. The cohort of probationers was derived from an earlier study undertaken by the National Association of Criminal Justice Planners titled, THE SCALES OF JUSTICE: SENTENCING OUTCOMES IN 18 FELONY COURTS (ICPSR 8396). That study examined sentencing outcomes for seven felony offenses: homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and drug trafficking. In addition to providing identifying information on specific cases, a cohort approach also has the capacity to provide a broader context of the universe from which these probation cases were drawn. The major advantage of the cohort approach, however, lay with its ability to identify specific cases in a probation agency's files. The ability to identify specific cases provided the key for examining a class of clients common to a number of different agencies. This common clientele provided a measure of comparability for studying probation agencies serving different types of clienteles as well as operating in different organizational environments.

Another aspect to the commonality factor in this study was the utilization of the county as the jurisdictional unit of analysis. The ability to specify cases from a particular jurisdiction enabled the study to maintain a county identity (based on the jurisdiction from which the person was sentenced) regardless of the level of government responsible for supervising felony probationers.

The statistical analysis in this study is of a descriptive nature. The value of such a descriptive inquiry is twofold. First, it provides an overview of how the supervision of a class of felony probationers is operating as a whole in a jurisdiction as opposed to the piecemeal picture obtained through the exposure to isolated individual cases. Second, these descriptive data can provide a baseline against which the impacts of change to probationary supervision can be measured. The objectives of this study are to describe: 1.) the demographic characteristics of probationers, 2.) the nature and level of supervision that probationers receive, 3.) the extent and types of specified conditions imposed on probationers, 4.) the degree of probationer compliance with these specified conditions, 5.) the extent to which probationers are arrested and/or subjected to probationary disciplinary hearings while under supervision, 6.) the exit status of probationers from community supervision.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The information on the probation cases was basically gathered by hand. Only in Baltimore City and Baltimore County (the State of Maryland's Offender based tracking system was used), was the data being sought available in a computerized data base. The rest of the jurisdictions required a visual review of the probation file and recording information from that file onto the questionnaire.

With the exception of Baltimore County, Dade County, and New Orleans, the data in this report represent probation sentences meted out for the crimes under study during the calendar year 1983. Baltimore County provided probation sentences for the period 4/1/83 through 3/31/84. The State of Florida implemented new sentencing procedures on October 1st, 1983, so the Dade County information was collected from 10/1/82 through 9/30/83. New Orleans provided data on cases initiated in 1983, knowing that nearly all would have been disposed of by the time the data were coded. In all of the jurisdictions participating in the study, the sentencing data comes from the entire county except Los Angeles. The scope of the study in Los Angeles County was limited to probation sentences meted out in Central District Court which basically serves the City of Los Angeles.

DEFINITIONS

The penal codes from each of the participating jurisdictions provided the basis for defining the seven crimes analyzed in this study; i.e., homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and drug trafficking. Which penal code citations applied to these various crime types was specified, and in some instances, what DID NOT apply was also specified. These exclusions took place where the participating jurisdiction's penal code could lead to potential confusion with the general parameters that were laid down for the study. For example, a number of states have statutes dealing with criminal trespass, a crime that could easily be confused with burglary. Criminal trespass was excluded from the data collection effort.

A listing was compiled of all statutes falling into the study in a separate publication titled, "Penal Code Citations: Guidelines for BJS Sentencing Project Participants." A review of this document would show that there are differences as to how the crimes are defined

from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Such differences are to be expected with each state legislating its own code. In the context of the seven crimes involved in this study, the differences do not seriously impair the ability to obtain comparable definitions. The general parameters for the selected crime categories and the major differences observed among the jurisdiction are outlined below.

HOMICIDE. This crime was defined as wrongful death with or without intent and included such legal terms as murder, manslaughter, reckless homicide, and vehicular homicide. The types of crimes excluded from this crime category for the purposes of this study involved such activities as aiding a suicide and causing the death of an unborn child. Because the study was looking at cases disposed of as FELONIES, there were several instances where certain types of homicides did not qualify for inclusion in the study because they were defined as misdemeanors in the penal codes, for example, vehicular homicide is a misdemeanor in Maryland. Because of its misdemeanor status, this crime fell out of the scope of the study. Yet vehicular homicide is a felony in most of the other participating jurisdictions and so was within the scope of the study for them. Finally, whenever a homicide was attempted, for purposes of this study it fell under the crime category of aggravated assault.

RAPE. This crime was defined as the illegal sexual penetration of a person, including the use of foreign objects. Consequently, this definition embraces statutory rape (where force may be absent but the status of the victim is viewed as prima facie evidence that the victim was not capable of resistance, e.g. age, mental competency) as well as forcible rape. This crime category includes homosexual rape as well as heterosexual rape. Statutory provisions that the study excluded involved crimes of sexual contact (including those with elements of force and those committed against children) where NO sexual penetration was achieved. For purposes of this study, persons found guilty of ATTEMPTED rape would remain in the rape category.

ROBBERY. This crime was defined as the use of force to deprive another of his/her property. While the definition for robbery is very straightforward, there are items that need to be highlighted here. A number of penal codes have provisions under burglary that involve a basic element for robbery; i.e., a confrontation between the offender and the victim. Where state penal codes specifically detail such circumstances, the study classified those burglaries as burglaries. Also almost every penal code differentiates between armed robbery and unarmed robbery. It should be noted that armed robbery covers a wide spectrum of weapons that goes beyond

the image of a felon pointing a gun at the victim. Weapon usage can embrace knives, bats, play guns, or even someone pointing a finger through his/her pocket to give the appearance of a weapon.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT. This crime was defined as the infliction of injury or the threat to inflict injury on another. As noted above, attempted homicide is included under this crime category. The penal codes tend to differentiate between felony and misdemeanor assault based on the extent of injury and/or weapon usage. A number of statutes elevate simple (misdemeanor) assaults against police officers, firefighters, and other public officials to felony assaults and these are included in the study. On the other hand, some states treat the threat to use a weapon as a misdemeanor so those crimes are not included in the study.

BURGLARY. This crime was defined as the unlawful entering of a structure. Some crimes defined in the penal code as burglaries discuss contact between the burglar and the victim or the presence of a weapon. While these types of burglary approximate the definition of robbery, there is no easy way to identify those cases where there was a confrontation with the victim, so these cases were left as a special category within burglary. Penal code provisions excluded from this crime category in the study dealt with the possession of burglar tools and criminal trespass. The study also sought to exclude those instances where the penal codes defined break-ins on such items as coin boxes, cars, boats, etc., as burglaries. In some instances this was impossible; but in discussing these situations with staff from the prosecutor's offices, such crimes (breaking into a car) were seldom pursued under the burglary statute.

LARCENY. This crime is perhaps the most ambiguous of the crime categories included in the study. The study sought to limit the definition to the unlawful taking of property and to exclude such circumstances as extortion, fraud, or deception. Some codes have separate citations for such circumstances while many of the codes strictly focus on the value of the property taken, without regard to the method used by the offender. In addition, the value threshold for felony theft varies from \$20 in Oklahoma to \$1,000 in Pennsylvania. It should also be noted that theft here includes motor vehicle theft. Finally, a number of codes define certain types of theft to be felony without regard to the value taken; i.e., theft from the person (pocket picking).

DRUG TRAFFICKING. This crime was defined to include the transportation, manufacture (including growing), distribution, and selling of controlled substances as well as those legislative provisions that specified possession WITH INTENT TO transport, manufacture, distribute, or sell. Straight possession, however, was NOT included in this crime category. It should be noted that codes vary on the threshold weight in distinguishing between straight possession and possession with intent to sell.

These crime definitions were used in identifying the crime of conviction which resulted in the probation sentence as well as in identifying crimes on which a person may have been arrested while under probationary supervision.

SAMPLING INFORMATION

Because of the clerical task associated with collecting the information on probationers, the study relied on sampling. The sampling rates varied by type of crime and jurisdiction. The study's goal was to obtain 30 cases for each type of crime in each of the jurisdictions.

WEIGHTING INFORMATION

Sampled cases were weighted by the inverse of their sampling rate. For example, in Baltimore City, every eighth robbery probation case was selected for analysis. Each of these robbery cases were then weighted by a factor of 8 in order to provide estimates on the universe of robbery probation cases. The weights are low for the crimes of homicide, rape, and robbery across all of the jurisdictions. These low weights indicate the low reliance on sampling because of the relatively small number of probation cases attributable to these crime categories. The weighting factors become larger, however, for the property crimes of burglary and larceny and for drug trafficking. There was a heavy reliance on sampling in only a few instances; i.e., drug trafficking in Los Angeles and burglary and larceny in Maricopa County. None of these weights were readjusted to take into account the failure of obtaining completed questionnaires on the cases selected for analysis.

FILE STRUCTURE

A SENTENCING POSTSCRIPT: FELONY PROBATIONERS UNDER SUPERVISION IN THE COMMUNITY, 1983 is available from the ICPSR in two formats: card image and OSIRIS. The card image file contains several decks per case in a format based on 80 column punched cards. The data are sorted by case with all decks for a case together in ascending order.

The OSIRIS dictionary gives the format and other information for each variable in the OSIRIS data file. The dictionary or dictionary-codebook file is used in conjunction with the OSIRIS software package. The OSIRIS data file is constructed with a single logical record for each case. For part 1 there are 35 variables with 1,161 cases, part 2 has 34 variables with 1,601 cases, part 3 has 21 variables with 1,024 cases, and part 4 has 26 variables with 2,648 cases.

The OSIRIS data file can be accessed directly through software packages or programs which do not use the OSIRIS dictionary by specifying the tape locations of the desired variables. These tape locations are given in the OSIRIS dictionary-codebook.

CODEBOOK INFORMATION

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

.....
{1} VAR 28 {2} HOURLY WAGE {3} MD=99
REF 28 {4} LOC 20 WIDTH 2

{5} Q.F3. When the probationer is employed, what is his/her approximately hourly wage?

{6} \$____/hour (rounded off to the nearest whole dollar amount)

{7} Actual number is coded.

{8} {9} {10}

01.

38.

762 99. NA

{11} Valid-n=399 Min=0 Max=38 Mean=5.1 St.Dev=3.2
.....

- {1} Indicates the variable and reference numbers. A variable number and a reference number are assigned to each variable in the data collection. In the present codebook which documents the archived data collection these numbers are identical. Should the data be subsetted or rearranged by an OSIRIS program (e.g., MMP to intersperse data from another source, or TCOT to produce an analysis deck), the variable numbers would change to reflect the order of the new data collection, while the reference number would remain unchanged to reflect the variable number in the codebook describing the archived data collection.
- {2} Indicates the abbreviated variable name (maximum of 24 characters) used in the OSIRIS system to identify the variable for the user. An expanded version of the variable name can be found in the variable description list.
- {3} Indicates the code values of missing data. In this example, code values equal to 99 are missing data (MD=99). Alternative statements for other variables are "MD=0," "MD GE 9," or "NO MISSING DATA CODES." Some analysis software packages (including the OSIRIS software package) require that certain types of data which the user desires to be excluded from analysis be designated as "MISSING DATA," e.g., inappropriate, unascertained, unascertainable, or ambiguous data categories. Although these codes are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use them in a substantive role is so desired.
- {4} Indicates the starting location and width of this variable when the data are stored on a magnetic tape in the OSIRIS format. If the variable is of a multiple-response type, the width referenced is that of a single response. In this example the variable named "HOURLY WAGE is 2 column(s) wide and is located in the 50th column within the record.
- {5} This is the full text (question) supplied by the investigator to describe the variable. The question text and the numbers and letters that may appear at the beginning reflect the original wording of the questionnaire item.

- {6} Indicates an additional comment or explanation appended to the variable description.
- {7} "Actual number is coded" appears in the codebook to indicate that the variable has been declared continuous.
- {8} Indicates the frequency of occurrence of each code value for this variable. Frequencies inserted in this codebook are not weighted.
- {9} Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
- {10} Indicates the textual definitions of the codes. Abbreviations commonly used in the code definitions are "DK" (Do Not Know), "NA" (Not Ascertained), and "INAP" (Inappropriate).
- {11} Indicates the number of valid responses, the lowest coded response, the largest coded response, the mean, and the standard deviation.

ICPSR PROCESSING INFORMATION

The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to OSIRIS missing data values. Statements bracketed in "<" and ">" signs in the body of the codebook were added by the processors for explanatory purposes.

Variable Description List

Probation Hearings and New Arrests

- 1 Probationer ID number
- 2 Weighting factor
- 3 Simplified Crime Code (crime of conviction)
- 4 Jurisdiction ID number
- 5 Hearing precipitated by
- 6 Most severe outcome (simple)
- 7 Number of hearings
- 8 Type of arrest
- 9 Total number of arrests
- 10 Number of misdemeanor arrests
- 11 Misdemeanor arrest outcome
- 12 Number of felony arrests
- 13 Type of felony outcome
- 14 Type of felony (first arrest)
- 15 How jail got used
- 16 Jail time (in weeks)
- 17 How prison got used
- 18 Prison time (in months)
- 19 Extra probation time (fel/misd)
- 20 Extra probation time (months)
- 21 Time to first probation violation
- 22 Time to last probation violation
- 23 Time to first arrest
- 24 Time to last arrest
- 25 Age at sentencing
- 26 Sex of probationer
- 27 Work status
- 28 Hourly wage
- 29 Living accommodations
- 30 Residential maintenance
- 31 Exposure to probation weight
- 32 Status of supervision
- 33 ICPSR Study Number-8647
- 34 ICPSR Edition Number-1
- 35 ICPSR Part Number-001

DECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS '01'

DK 1 COL 1- 2

VAR 0033	ICPSR STUDY NUMBER-8647	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0033	LOC 57 WIDTH 4	DK 1 COL 3- 6

ICPSR Study Number-8647

VAR 0034	ICPSR EDITION NUMBER-1	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0034	LOC 61 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 7

ICPSR Edition Number

The number identifying the release edition of this dataset.

- 1. Spring, 1987 release

VAR 0035	ICPSR PART NUMBER-001	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0035	LOC 62 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 8-10

ICPSR Part Number

The number identifying this part of a 4-part study.

- 001. Probation hearings and New Arrests
- 002. Financial Conditions
- 003. Behavioral Conditions
- 004. Master File on Probation

VAR 0001	PROBATIONER ID NUMBER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0001	LOC 1 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 11-13

Q.A2. Probationer's ID number

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

Code: 1 284
 Freq: 7 1

Valid-n=1161 Min=1 Max=284 Mean=98.3 St.Dev=61.6

VAR 0002	WEIGHTING FACTOR	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0002	LOC 4 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 14-15

Weighting factor

This variable is a multiplier that will bring the number of cases up to the total number of cases in the universe.

Actual number is coded.

SEE NOTE(S) 1

Code: 1 30
 Freq: 467 18

Valid-n=1161 Min=1 Max=30 Mean=3.7 St.Dev=4.7

VAR 0003	SIMPLIFIED CRIME CODE	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0003	LOC 6 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 16

Q.A5. Crime convicted of:

Simplified crime code (crime of conviction)

28	1.	Homicide
62	2.	Rape
204	3.	Robbery
150	4.	Aggravated Assault
316	5.	Burglary
250	6.	Larceny
151	7.	Drug trafficking

VAR 0004
REF 0004

JURISDICTION ID NUMBER
LOC 7 WIDTH 2

NO MISSING DATA CODES
DK 1 COL 17-18

Jurisdiction ID number

- 79 01. Baltimore City
- 67 02. Baltimore County
- 49 04. Dade County
- 55 05. Davidson County
- 89 06. Denver
- 63 08. Jefferson County (KY)
- 24 09. Jefferson Parish (LA)
- 72 10. Kane County
- 17 11. Lancaster County
- 129 12. Los Angeles
- 113 13. Lucas County
- 100 14. Maricopa County
- 108 15. Milwaukee County
- 67 17. New Orleans
- 56 18. Oklahoma County
- 73 20. Riverside County

VAR 0005
REF 0005

HEARING PRECIPITATED
LOC 9 WIDTH 1

NO MISSING DATA CODES
DK 1 COL 19

Hearing precipitated by

- 479 1. Violation of probation terms
- 56 2. Violations and new arrests
- 227 3. New arrests
- 399 5. No probation proceedings

VAR 0006
REF 0006

MOST SEVERE OUTCOME
LOC 10 WIDTH 1

MD=9
DK 1 COL 20

Simplified outcome display (if multiple response, most severe outcome only).

(CONTINUED)

This includes probation hearings precipitated by new arrests

- 176 1. Sent to prison
- 94 2. Sent to jail
- 201 3. Bench warrant requested
- 152 4. Additional conditions imposed
- 50 5. Violation not substantiated
- 60 6. Pending
- 14 7. Prison but no sentence given

414 9. Inap., no rearrest; or no disciplinary hearing

.....

VAR 0007	NUMBER OF HEARINGS	MD=9
REF 0007	LOC 11 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 21

Q.D1. How many times did violations result in a hearing before hearing officer or a judge?

Number of hearings before a hearing officer/judge.

- 1. One hearing
- .
- .
- 7. Seven hearings
- 8. Eight or more hearings

404 9. Inap., no rearrest; or no disciplinary hearing

Code:	1	2	3	4	5	9
Freq:	637	103	13	3	1	404

.....

VAR 0008	TYPE OF ARREST	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0008	LOC 12 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 22

--ARRESTS - DEALS WITH THE NUMBER OF TIMES THE PROBATIONER HAS BEEN ARRESTED DURING HIS/HER PROBATION TERM AND THE OUTCOME OF THOSE ARRESTS. DEALS WITH ARRESTS FOR ALL TYPES OF FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES.--

Q.E4(a). Please indicate the type of infraction for which

(CONTINUED)

the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

Type of infraction arrested for

- 337 1. Misdemeanor only
- 96 2. Misdemeanor and felony
- 373 3. Felony only
- 355 9. None

.....

VAR 0009	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRESTS	MD=9 OR GE 99
REF 0009	LOC 13 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 23-24

Q.E4(b). Please indicate the type of infraction for which the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

Total number of times arrested.

- 01. One arrest
- .
- .
- 07. Seven arrests
- 08. Eight or more arrests
- 355 09. Inap., no arrests coded 9 at Q.E4(a)
- 2 99. NA

Code:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	99
Freq:	546	165	56	16	11	8	2	355	2

.....

VAR 0010	NUMBER OF MISDEMEANORS	MD=9 OR GE 99
REF 0010	LOC 15 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 25-26

Q.E4(c). Please indicate the type of infraction for which

(CONTINUED)

the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

Number of times arrested - Misdemeanor.

Actual number is coded.

- 01. One arrest
- .
- 07. Seven arrests
- 1 08. Eight or more arrests
- 728 09. Inap., coded 3 or 9 at Q.E4(a).
- 1 99. NA

Valid-n=432 Min=1 Max=8 Mean=1.5 St.Dev=0.9

.....

VAR 0011	ARREST OUTCOME	MD=9
REF 0011	LOC 17 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 27

Q.E4(d). Please indicate the type of infraction for which the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

If misdemeanor arrest, simplified outcome (most severe sanction if multiple arrests).

- 108 1. Jail
- 27 2. Jail but sentence not given
- 14 3. Probation
- 2 5. Other
- 16 6. Pending
- 98 7. No conviction
- 91 8. Conviction but no sentence
- 805 9. NA

VAR 0012 FELONY ARRESTS MD=9
REF 0012 LOC 18 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 28

Q.E4(e). Please indicate the type of infraction for which the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

Number of felony arrests.

- 1. One arrest
 - .
 - .
 - 7. Seven arrests
 - 8. Eight or more arrests
- 694 9. NA

Code:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9
Freq:	374	68	16	2	3	3	1	694

VAR 0013 FELONY OUTCOME MD=9
REF 0013 LOC 19 WIDTH 2 DK 1 COL 29-30

Q.E4(f). Please indicate the type of infraction for which the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

If felony arrest, simplified outcome (most severe sanction if multiple arrests).

- 137 01. Prison
- 2 02. Prison life/death
- 44 03. Jail
- 23 04. Probation
- 37 05. Pending
- 11 06. Other
- 65 07. No conviction
- 18 08. Conviction but no sentence given

(CONTINUED)

- 29 11. Probationer absconded before sentence imposed
- 1 12. Case pending; probationer absconded
- 68 13. Sent to prison via probation revocation hearing

726 09. NA

.....

VAR 0014	TYPE OF FELONY	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0014	LOC 21 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 31

Q.E5. If the probationer was arrested for a FELONY, what was the state penal code citation for the FIRST felony arrest?

Simplified crime code for first felony arrests.

-
- 695 0. No felony arrests
 - 5 1. Homicide
 - 15 2. Rape
 - 53 3. Robbery
 - 30 4. Aggravated Assault
 - 101 5. Burglary
 - 71 6. Larceny
 - 42 7. Drug trafficking
 - 113 8. All other felonies
 - 36 9. Unknown felony

.....

VAR 0015	HOW JAIL GOT USED	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0015	LOC 22 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 32

How jail got used

-
- 76 1. Disciplinary hearings only
 - 23 2. Arrest and disciplinary hearings
 - 136 3. Arrest only
 - 926 5. Jail not used

VAR 0016 JAIL TIME (IN WEEKS) NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0016 LOC 23 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 33-35

Jail time (in weeks)

Actual number is coded.

Code: 0 261

Freq: 941 1

Valid-n=1161 Min=0 Max=261 Mean=4.6 St.Dev=16.0

VAR 0017 HOW PRISON GOT USED NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0017 LOC 26 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 36

How prison got used

- 150 1. Disciplinary hearings only
 - 117 2. Arrest only
 - 21 3. Arrest and disciplinary hearings
 - 3 4. Disciplinary hearing - time not ascertained
 - 1 5. Arrest - time not ascertained
 - 6. Arrest - time = life
 - 869 9. Prison not used
-

VAR 0018 PRISON TIME (IN MONTHS) MD=999
 REF 0018 LOC 27 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 37-39

Prison time (in months)

Actual number is coded.

000.

420.

999. NA

(CONTINUED)

Valid-n=1161 Min=0 Max=420 Mean=13.5 St.Dev=37.6

.....

VAR 0019	EXTRA PROBATION TIME	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0019	LOC 30 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 40

Extra probation time

29	1.	Misdemeanor conviction
59	2.	Felony conviction
1073	9.	No extra probation time

.....

VAR 0020	EXTRA PROBATION TIME	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0020	LOC 31 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 41-43

Extra probation time (in months)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1161 Min=0 Max=120 Mean=2.2 St.Dev=9.4

.....

VAR 0021	TIME TO FIRST PROB. VIO.	MD=999
REF 0021	LOC 34 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 44-46
	IMP DEC= 2	

Time to first violation. This will be computed by taking the time span between the person's first coming on probation (after jail, if any) and the date of the first violation. In those cases where the arrest precipitated the hearing the arrest date is entered. In years with two implied decimals. (9.99 = Not Ascertained)

Actual number is coded.

9.99 NA

Valid-n=1161 Min=0.00 Max=0.99 Mean=0.329 St.Dev=0.420

(CONTINUED)

9.99 NA

Valid-n=1161 Min=0.00 Max=0.38 Mean=0.033 St.Dev=0.071

.....

VAR 0025	AGE AT SENTENCING		MD=9
REF 0025	LOC 46 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 56	

Age of probationer at sentencing

309	1.	Under 21
598	2.	21-30
162	3.	31-40
48	4.	41-50
11	5.	51 and over
33	9.	NA

.....

VAR 0026	SEX OF PROBATIONER		MD=9
REF 0026	LOC 47 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 57	

Q.F1. Sex of probationer

1044	1.	Male
112	3.	Female
5	9.	NA

.....

VAR 0027	WORK STATUS		MD=9
REF 0027	LOC 48 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 58	

Q.F2. Which of the following statements best describes the probationer's work experience while on probation? Check one:

VAR 0030 RESIDENTIAL MAINTENANCE MD=9
 REF 0030 LOC 52 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 62

Q.F5. How steadily has the probationer maintained a residence? Check one:

-
- 318 1. Has stayed at same address for entire probation period
 280 2. Has moved only once or twice
 277 3. Moves frequently
- 286 9. NA

.....

VAR 0031 PROBATION WEIGHT NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0031 LOC 53 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 63-65

Exposure to probation weight (exposure times weight)
 Computed by taking the date on which probation started (adjusted so as to reflect a probation start after any jail time served, if any) and the date on which the questionnaire was completed or the person left probation (either revoked or by completion of term). Expressed in months.

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1161 Min=0 Max=540 Mean=40.1 St.Dev=54.1

.....

VAR 0032 STATUS OF SUPERVISION NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0032 LOC 56 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 66

Status of supervision

-
- 122 1. Completed term
 143 2. Absconded
 301 3. Revoked
 5 4. Died
 2 5. Other (deportation, extradition, etc.)
 5 7. Still in jail on split sentence
 8. Questionnaire shows revoked, but no arrest or

(CONTINUED)

583 9. hearing information provided
Still on probation

Variable Description List

Financial Conditions

- 1 Case weight
- 2 Simplified crime code
- 3 Jurisdiction ID number
- 4 Status of supervision
- 5 Discipl. hearing precip. by
- 6 Work status
- 7 Hourly wage
- 8 Fine imposed
- 9 Court fee imposed
- 10 Probation superv. fee imposed
- 11 Restitution imposed
- 12 Victim compensation imposed
- 13 Other imposed
- 14 Total financial assessment levied
- 15 Percent financial assessment paid
- 16 Probationer ID number
- 17 Weighted assessment for fine
- 18 Weighted assessment court cost
- 19 Weighted assessment probation cost
- 20 Weighted assessment restitution
- 21 Weighted assessment victim compensation
- 22 Weighted assessment other
- 23 Weighted total assessment
- 24 Weighted amount paid for fine
- 25 Weighted amount paid court costs
- 26 Weighted amount paid probation costs
- 27 Weighted amount restitution
- 28 Weighted amount victim compensation
- 29 Weighted amount other
- 30 Weighted total amount paid
- 31 Percent paid (0-100%)
- 32 ICPSR Study Number-8647
- 33 ICPSR Edition Number-1
- 34 ICPSR Part Number -002

DECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS '01'

DK 1 COL 1- 2

VAR 0032 ICPSR STUDY NUMBER-8647 NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0032 LOC 95 WIDTH 4 DK 1 COL 3- 6

ICPSR Study Number-8647

VAR 0033 ICPSR EDITION NUMBER-1 NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0033 LOC 99 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 7

ICPSR Edition Number

The number identifying the release edition of this dataset.

- 1. Spring, 1987 release

VAR 0034 ICPSR PART NUMBER-002 NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0034 LOC 100 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 8-10

ICPSR Part Number

The number identifying this part of a 4-part study.

- 001. Probation hearings and New Arrests
- 002. Financial Conditions
- 003. Behavioral Conditions
- 004. Master File on Probation

VAR 0016 PROBATIONER ID NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0016 LOC 18 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 11-13

Q.A2. Probationer's ID number

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=1 Max=284 Mean=97.8 St.Dev=64.0
.....

VAR 0001	CASE WEIGHT	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0001	LOC 1 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 14

Case weight

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=9 Mean=2.6 St.Dev=2.1
.....

VAR 0002	SIMPLIFIED CRIME CODE	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0002	LOC 2 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 15

Q.A5. Crime convicted of:

Simplified crime code (crime of conviction)

60	1.	Homicide
87	2.	Rape
217	3.	Robbery
213	4.	Aggravated assault
344	5.	Burglary
385	6.	Larceny
295	7.	Drug trafficking

VAR 0003	JURISDICTION ID NUMBER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0003	LOC 3 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 16-17

Jurisdiction ID number

50	01.	Baltimore City
84	02.	Baltimore County
131	04.	Dade County
	05.	Davidson County

(CONTINUED)

124 06. Denver
 133 08. Jefferson County (KY)
 09. Jefferson Parish (LA)
 127 10. Kane County
 51 11. Lancaster County
 70 12. Los Angeles
 226 13. Lucas County
 175 14. Maricopa County
 176 15. Milwaukee County
 17. New Orleans
 158 18. Oklahoma County
 96 20. Riverside County

.....
 VAR 0004 STATUS OF SUPERVISION NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0004 LOC 5 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 18

Status of supervision

375 1. Completed term
 86 2. Absconded
 205 3. Revoked
 10 4. Died
 23 5. Other (deportation, extradition, etc.)
 3 7. Still in jail on split sentence
 1 8. Questionnaire shows revoked, but no arrest or
 hearing information provided
 898 9. Still on probation

.....
 VAR 0005 DISCIPL.HEARINGPRECIP.BY NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0005 LOC 6 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 19

Disciplinary hearing precipitated by

288 1. Violation of probation conditions
 40 2. Violation and new arrest
 129 3. New arrest only
 1144 5. No hearings

(CONTINUED)

Type of financial condition imposed at sentencing - Fine

126 1. Yes
 4 2. Fine imposed but amount not ascertained
 1471 3. No

.....

VAR 0009	COURT FEE IMPOSED	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0009	LOC 11 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 24

Q.C1(b). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

Type of financial condition imposed at sentencing - Court fees

1022 1. Yes
 31 2. Court fee imposed but amount not ascertained
 548 3. No

.....

VAR 0010	PROBATIONSUPERV.FEEIMPOS	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0010	LOC 12 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 25

Q.C1(c). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

Type of financial condition imposed at sentencing - Probation supervision fee imposed

654 1. Yes
 13 2. Supervision fee imposed but amount not ascertained
 934 3. No

VAR 0011 RESTITUTION IMPOSED NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0011 LOC 13 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 26

Q.C1(d). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

Type of financial condition imposed at sentencing - Monetary restitution to the victim.

659 1. Yes
 22 2. Restitution imposed but amount not ascertained
 920 3. No

.....

VAR 0012 VICTIM COMP. IMPOSED NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0012 LOC 14 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 27

Q.C1(e). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial condition imposed on the probationer.

Type of financial condition imposed on the probationer - Victim compensation fund

318 1. Yes
 13 2. Victim compensation imposed but amount not ascertained
 1270 3. No

.....

VAR 0013 OTHER IMPOSED NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0013 LOC 15 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 28

Q.C1(f). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

Type of financial condition imposed on the probationer - Other costs

124 1. Yes
 4 2. Other costs imposed but amount not ascertained

(CONTINUED)

1473 3. No

.....

VAR 0014	TOTAL FIN.ASSES.LEVIED	MD=9
REF 0014	LOC 16 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 29

Q.C1(g). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

If financial condition was imposed, how much - Total financial assessment levied

258	1.	Less than \$100
400	2.	\$100-249
336	3.	\$250-499
269	4.	\$500-999
268	5.	\$1,000-5,000
65	6.	Over \$5,000

5	9.	NA
---	----	----

.....

VAR 0015	PERCENT FINAN.ASSES PAID	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0015	LOC 17 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 30

Q.C1(h). Fill in the appropriate information on each of the financial conditions imposed on the probationer.

If financial condition was imposed, how much - Percent financial assessment paid

390	1.	0%
110	2.	1-9%
132	3.	10-24%
192	4.	25-49%
133	5.	50-74%
107	6.	75-99%
537	7.	100%

VAR 0017 WEIGHTED ASSESS.FOR FINE NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0017 LOC 21 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 31-35

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - fine

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=45000 Mean=219.9 St.Dev=1994.6

VAR 0018 WEIGHTEDASSESS.COURTCOST NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0018 LOC 26 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 36-40

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - court fees

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=17100 Mean=189.3 St.Dev=698.2

VAR 0019 WEIGHTEDASSESS.PROB.COST NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0019 LOC 31 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 41-45

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - probation cost

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=46160 Mean=622.7 St.Dev=1895.1

VAR 0020 WEIGHTEDASSESS.RESTITUT NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0020 LOC 36 WIDTH 6 DK 1 COL 46-51

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - restitution

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=339045 Mean=2589.7 St.Dev=15274.7

VAR 0021 WEIGHTEDASSES.VICTIMCOMP NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0021 LOC 42 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 52-56

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - victim
compensation

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=73165 Mean=119.0 St.Dev=2017.4
.....

VAR 0022 WEIGHTED ASSESS. OTHER NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0022 LOC 47 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 57-61

Dollar amount assessed times case weight - other

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=27000 Mean=88.5 St.Dev=889.5
.....

VAR 0023 WEIGHTED TOTAL ASSESS. NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0023 LOC 52 WIDTH 6 DK 1 COL 62-67

Total amount assessed times case weight

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=339300 Mean=3774.3 St.Dev=16018.6
.....

VAR 0024 WEIGHTEDAMT.PAIDFORFINE NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0024 LOC 58 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 68-72

Dollar amount paid times case weight - fines

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=40000 Mean=146.8 St.Dev=1441.5

(CONTINUED)

003. Behavioral Conditions
 004. Master File on Probation

.....
 VAR 0016 PROBATIONER ID NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0016 LOC 18 WIDTH 3 DK 2 COL 11-13

Q.A2. Probationer's ID number

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=1 Max=284 Mean=97.8 St.Dev=64.0

VAR 0026 WEIGHTEDAMT.PD.PROB.COST NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0026 LOC 68 WIDTH 4 DK 2 COL 14-17

Dollar amount paid times case weight - probation costs

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=8320 Mean=258.4 St.Dev=794.4

VAR 0027 WEIGHTED AMT.RESTITUTION NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0027 LOC 72 WIDTH 6 DK 2 COL 18-23

Dollar amount paid times case weight - restitution

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=203427 Mean=652.7 St.Dev=6034.9

VAR 0028 WEIGHTED AMT.VICTIMCOMP. NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0028 LOC 78 WIDTH 4 DK 2 COL 24-27

Dollar amount paid times case weight - victim compensation

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=5750 Mean=26.1 St.Dev=220.6
.....

VAR 0029	WEIGHTED AMT. OTHER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0029	LOC 82 WIDTH 4	DK 2 COL 28-31

Dollar amount paid times case weight - other

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=2625 Mean=10.3 St.Dev=105.7
.....

VAR 0030	WEIGHTED TOT. AMT. PAID	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0030	LOC 86 WIDTH 6	DK 2 COL 32-37

Total dollar amount paid times case weight

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=270000 Mean=1335.0 St.Dev=9342.0
.....

VAR 0031	PERCENT PAID (0-100%)	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0031	LOC 92 WIDTH 3	DK 2 COL 38-40

Percent paid (0-100%)

Actual number is coded.

Code: 1 100
Freq: 16 537

Valid-n=1601 Min=0 Max=100 Mean=50.5 St.Dev=42.7

Variable Description List

Behavioral Conditions

- 1 Probationer's ID number
- 2 Weighting factor
- 3 Simplified crime code
- 4 Jurisdiction ID number
- 5 Status of supervision
- 6 Any behavioral conditions
- 7 Disciplinary hearings
- 8 Status of community residential
- 9 Status of alcohol/drug treatment
- 10 Status of drug test
- 11 Status of community service
- 12 Status of mental health
- 13 Length of stay in community residential facility, in weeks
- 14 Type of placement for alcohol/drug treatment
- 15 Residential placement for drug/alcohol treatment, length of stay in weeks
- 16 Number of hours to community service
- 17 Recode for number of hours community service
- 18 Status of other condition
- 19 ICPSR Study Number-8647
- 20 ICPSR Edition Number-1
- 21 ICPSR Part Number-003

DECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS '01'

DK 1 COL 1- 2

VAR 0019	ICPSR STUDY NUMBER-8647	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0019	LOC 26 WIDTH 4	DK 1 COL 3- 6

ICPSR Study Number-8647

VAR 0020	ICPSR EDITION NUMBER-1	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0020	LOC 30 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 7

ICPSR Edition Number

The number identifying the release edition of this dataset.

1. Spring, 1987 release

VAR 0021	ICPSR PART NUMBER-003	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0021	LOC 31 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 8-10

ICPSR Part Number

The number identifying this part of a 4-part study.

001. Probation hearings and New Arrests
002. Financial Conditions
003. Behavioral Conditions
004. Master File on Probation

VAR 0001	PROBATIONER - ID NUMBER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0001	LOC 1 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 11-13

Probationer's ID number

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1024 Min=1 Max=283 Mean=100.7 St.Dev=65.0
.....

VAR 0002	WEIGHTING FACTOR	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0002	LOC 4 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 14-15

Weighting factor

This variable is a multiplier that will bring the number of cases up to the total number of cases in the universe. The weight varies within crime categories across jurisdiction.

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=1024 Min=1 Max=30 Mean=3.5 St.Dev=4.3
.....

VAR 0003	SIMPLIFIED CRIME CODE	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0003	LOC 6 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 16

Q.A5. Crime convicted of.

Simplified Crime Code

47	1.	Homicide
104	2.	Rape
161	3.	Robbery
151	4.	Aggravated Assault
188	5.	Burglary
176	6.	Larceny
197	7.	Drug Trafficking

VAR 0004	JURISDICTION ID NUMBER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0004	LOC 7 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 17-18

Jurisdiction ID number

(CONTINUED)

56 01. Baltimore City
 74 02. Baltimore County
 37 04. Dade County
 59 05. Davidson County
 108 06. Denver
 42 08. Jefferson County (KY)
 25 09. Jefferson Parish (LA)
 12 10. Kane County
 45 11. Lancaster County
 59 12. Los Angeles
 88 13. Lucas County
 186 14. Maricopa County
 81 15. Milwaukee County
 27 17. New Orleans
 21 18. Oklahoma County
 104 20. Riverside County

.....
 VAR 0005 STATUS OF SUPERVISION NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0005 LOC 9 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 19

Status of supervision

189 1. Completed term
 56 2. Absconded
 182 3. Revoked
 5 4. Died
 8 5. Other (deportation, extradition, etc.)
 4 7. Still in jail on split sentence
 8. Questionnaire shows revoked, but no arrest or
 hearing information provided
 580 9. Still on probation

.....
 VAR 0006 BEHAVIORAL CONDITIONS? NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0006 LOC 10 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 20

Any behavioral conditions

0. No
 1024 1. Yes

VAR 0007	DISCIPLINARY HEARINGS	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0007	LOC 11 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 21

Disciplinary hearings precipitated by:

212 1. Violation of probation conditions
 30 2. Violation or new arrest
 99 3. New arrest
 683 5. No probation proceeding

.....

VAR 0008	STATUS OF COMM RESIDEN	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0008	LOC 12 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 22

Status of community residential

919 0. None
 64 1. Satisfied condition
 7 3. Making progress in satisfying condition
 32 5. Unable to meet condition satisfactorily
 2 7. Applicable but no response

.....

VAR 0009	STATUS OF ALCOHOL/DRUG	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0009	LOC 13 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 23

Status of alcohol/drug treatment

466 0. None
 149 1. Satisfied condition
 110 3. Making progress in satisfying condition
 130 5. Unable to meet condition satisfactorily
 169 7. Applicable but no response

VAR 0010 STATUS OF DRUG TEST NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0010 LOC 14 WIDTH 1 .DK 1 COL 24

Status of drug test

693 0. None
 132 1. Satisfied condition
 66 3. Making progress in satisfying condition
 82 5. Unable to meet condition satisfactorily
 51 7. Applicable but no response

.....
 VAR 0011 STATUS OF COMM SERVICE NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0011 LOC 15 WIDTH 1 .DK 1 COL 25

Status of community service

838 0. None
 62 1. Satisfied condition
 29 3. Making progress in satisfying condition
 36 5. Unable to meet condition satisfactorily
 59 7. Applicable but no response

.....
 VAR 0012 STATUS OF MENTAL HEALTH NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0012 LOC 16 WIDTH 1 .DK 1 COL 26

Status of mental health

816 0. None
 60 1. Satisfied condition
 56 3. Making progress in satisfying condition
 47 5. Unable to meet condition satisfactorily
 45 7. Applicable but no response

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

- 01. 1 week
- .
- 89. 89 weeks
- 6 90. Applicable but no response
- 982 99. Inap., coded 0, 3, 7, or 9 at Q.C4.

Valid-n=42 Min=1 Max=90 Mean=27.2 St.Dev=30.1

.....

VAR 0016	COMM SERVICE -# OF HOURS	MD=98 OR GE 99
REF 0016	LOC 22 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 32-33

Q.C6. If the person has to perform some type of community service:

How many hours must the person perform? Hours

In hours divided by 10, then if hours >999, recoded as 97.

- 5 01. 10 hours
- 7 02.
- 12 03.
- 7 04.
- 4 05.
- 9 06.
- 1 07.
- 3 08.
- 2 09.
- 30 10.
- 2 12.
- 5 15.
- 1 18.
- 18 20.
- 1 22.
- 5 24.
- 1 25.
- 4 30.
- 1 32.
- 2 35.
- 1 38.
- 6 40.

(CONTINUED)

62 7. Applicable, but no response

Variable Description List

Master File on Probation

- 1 Weighting factor
- 2 Simplified crime code
- 3 Jurisdiction ID number
- 4 Type of probation sentence
- 5 Probation weight
- 6 Exposure to probation weight
- 7 Status of jail time
- 8 Type of supervision
- 9 Probation ID number
- 10 Status of supervision
- 11 Financial conditions imposed
- 12 Behavioral conditions imposed
- 13 Disciplinary hearings precipitated by:
- 14 Type of arrest under probation supervision
- 15 Information on field visits provided
- 16 Number of visits in the field
- 17 Age of probationer at sentencing
- 18 Sex of probationer
- 19 Work status
- 20 Hourly wage provided
- 21 Hourly wage
- 22 Living accomodations
- 23 Residential maintenance
- 24 ICPSR Study Number-8647
- 25 ICPSR Edition Number-1
- 26 ICPSR Part Number-004

DECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS '01'

DK 1 COL 1- 2

VAR 0024	ICPSR STUDY NUMBER-8647	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0024	LOC 35 WIDTH 4	DK 1 COL 3- 6

ICPSR Study Number-8647

VAR 0025	ICPSR EDITION NUMBER-1	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0025	LOC 39 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 7

ICPSR Edition Number

The number identifying the release edition of this dataset.

- 1. Spring, 1987 release

VAR 0026	ICPSR PART NUMBER-004	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0026	LOC 40 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 8-10

ICPSR Part Number

The number identifying this part of a 4-part study.

- 001. Probation hearings and New Arrests
- 002. Financial Conditions
- 003. Behavioral Conditions
- 004. Master File on Probation

VAR 0009	PROBATION ID NUMBER	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0009	LOC 16 WIDTH 3	DK 1 COL 11-13

Q.A3. Probation ID number

(CONTINUED)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=2648 Min=1 Max=284 Mean=98.6 St.Dev=62.6
.....

VAR 0001	WEIGHTING FACTOR	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0001	LOC 1 WIDTH 2	DK 1 COL 14-15

Weighting factor

This variable is a multiplier that will bring the number of cases up to the total number of cases in the universe. The weight varies within crime categories across jurisdiction.

Actual number is coded.

SEE NOTE(S) 1

Valid-n=2648 Min=1 Max=30 Mean=3.3 St.Dev=4.2
.....

VAR 0002	SIMPLIFIED CRIME CODE	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0002	LOC 3 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 16

Q.A5. Crime convicted of:

Simplified Crime Code

109	1.	Homicide
162	2.	Rape
395	3.	Robbery
371	4.	Aggravated assault
556	5.	Burglary
589	6.	Larceny
466	7.	Drug trafficking

VAR 0003 JURISDICTION ID NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0003 LOC 4 WIDTH 2 DK 1 COL 17-18

Jurisdiction ID number

131 01. Baltimore City
 152 02. Baltimore County
 159 04. Dade County
 172 05. Davidson County
 179 06. Denver
 164 08. Jefferson County (KY)
 151 09. Jefferson Parrish (LA)
 142 10. Kane County
 52 11. Lancaster County
 225 12. Los Angeles
 241 13. Lucas County
 217 14. Maricopa County
 198 15. Milwaukee County
 145 17. New Orleans
 160 18. Oklahoma County
 160 20. Riverside County

.....
 VAR 0004 TYPE-PROBATION SENTENCE NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0004 LOC 6 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 19

Q.A6. Jail term imposed along with probation?

Q.C3. If the person was placed in a community residential facility, how long was s/he in residence?

Q.C4. If the person had to participate in an alcohol/drug treatment program, was this a residential or non-residential program?

 If a condition of residential treatment was imposed along with a jail term, the case will be coded as a "2" for this variable.

925 2. Probation with jail
 1697 3. Straight probation
 21 4. Alcohol/drug residential
 5 5. Probation with community residential

VAR 0005 PROBATION WEIGHT NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0005 LOC 7 WIDTH 4 DK 1 COL 20-23

Probation weight

Probation term as set by the sentencing judge times case weight. Expressed in months.

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=2648 Min=0 Max=1800 Mean=144.5 St.Dev=223.3

VAR 0006 EXPOSURE TO PROBATION WT NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0006 LOC 11 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 24-26

Exposure to probation weight

Computed by taking the date on which probation started (adjusted so as to reflect a probation start after any jail time served, if any) and the date on which the questionnaire was completed or the person left probation (either revoked or by completion of term). Expressed in months.

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=2648 Min=0 Max=952 Mean=69.4 St.Dev=102.8

VAR 0007 STATUS OF JAIL TIME MD=9
 REF 0007 LOC 14 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 27

Q.A7. If a jail term was imposed at the time of sentencing, do the probation records show when the probationer began and ended his/her jail term?

- 422 1. Jail time ascertained and used to modify probation start, if applicable
- 85 2. Jail sentence was to time served pretrial
- 365 3. Jail, but jail time not ascertained
- 7 4. Jail term stayed
- 1662 5. No jail given at sentencing

(CONTINUED)

25 6. Periodic jail stay

82 9. NA

.....

VAR 0008	TYPE OF SUPERVISION	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0008	LOC 15 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 28

Type of supervision

Not all cases given probation were formally referred to or handled by the local probation department. The following codes explain whether the case was supervised locally and if not, why not.

- 2355 1. Probation supervised locally
 133 2. Probationer stayed in jurisdiction but was not under active supervision
 153 3. Case transferred to another jurisdiction for supervision
 7 5. Case never made it to prosecution due to extradition or other circumstances resulting in incarceration (convicted in another case)

.....

VAR 0010	STATUS OF SUPERVISION	NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0010	LOC 19 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 29

Status of supervision

- 612 1. Completed term
 166 2. Absconded
 315 3. Revoked
 16 4. Died
 20 5. Other (deportation, extradition, etc.)
 15 7. Still in jail on split sentence
 10 8. Questionnaire shows revoked, but no arrest or hearing information provided
 1494 9. Still on probation

VAR 0011 FINANCIAL CONDITIONS IMP MD=9
 REF 0011 LOC 20 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 30

Financial conditions imposed?

1938 1. Yes
 57 2. Yes, but financial data not provided
 626 3. No

 27 9. NA

.....
 VAR 0012 BEHAV CONDITIONS IMPOSED MD=9
 REF 0012 LOC 21 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 31

Behavioral conditions imposed?

1031 1. Yes
 1579 3. No

 38 9. NA

.....
 VAR 0013 DISCP HEARING PRECIP BY NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0013 LOC 22 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 32

Disciplinary hearings precipitated by:

474 1. Violation of probation conditions
 57 2. Violation or new arrest
 230 3. New arrest
 1887 5. No probation proceeding

VAR 0014 TYPE ARREST UNDER PROB NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0014 LOC 23 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 33

--ARRESTS - DEALS WITH THE NUMBER OF TIMES THE PROBATIONER HAS BEEN ARRESTED DURING HIS/HER PROBATION TERM AND THE OUTCOME OF THOSE ARRESTS. DEALS WITH ARRESTS FOR ALL TYPES OF FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES.--

Q.E4(a). Please indicate the type of infraction for which the probationer was arrested and the outcome of those arrests. Because of the possibility of multiple arrests, please enter the number of times each of the circumstances occurred.

Type of infraction arrested for

- 348 1. Misdemeanor only
- 83 2. Felony and misdemeanor
- 376 3. Felony only
- 1841 9. None

VAR 0015 INFO ON FIELD VISITS NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0015 LOC 24 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 34

Information on field visits provided

- 1800 1. Yes
- 283 2. Estimated
- 565 3. No

VAR 0016 # OF VISITS IN THE FIELD NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0016 LOC 25 WIDTH 2 DK 1 COL 35-36

Q.B6. Out of a typical ten (10) face-to-face contacts with this probationer, how many would take place in the probation office and how many in the field?

Number of visits in the field

(CONTINUED)

The number here indicates how many times out of every face-to-face contacts with the probationer, contact is made in the field. Code 11 if no information.

00. .

:

:

10. Actual number is coded

565 11. No information

Code:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Freq:	760	308	235	308	168	144	45	42	38	22	13

Code: 11

Freq: 565

.....

VAR 0017	AGE OF PROB AT SENTENCE	MD=9
REF 0017	LOC 27 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 37

Age of probationer at sentencing

554	1.	Under 21
1312	2.	21-30
463	3.	31-40
144	4.	41-50
77	5.	51 and over
98	9.	NA

.....

VAR 0018	SEX OF PROBATIONER	MD=9
REF 0018	LOC 28 WIDTH 1	DK 1 COL 38

Q.F1. Sex of probation

2199	1.	Male
355	3.	Female
94	9.	NA

VAR 0019 WORK STATUS NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0019 LOC 29 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 39

Q.F2. Which of the following statements best describes the probationer's work experience while on probation? Check one:

-
- 807 1. Employed full-time
 795 3. Employed part-time/periodic work/very short work periods
 559 5. Unable to get any kind of work/unemployed
 38 7. Student/retired/disabled/welfare
 449 9. Employment status not ascertained

.....

VAR 0020 HOURLY WAGE PROVIDED NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0020 LOC 30 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 40

Hourly wage provided

-
- 1031 1. Yes
 1617 3. No

.....

VAR 0021 HOURLY WAGE NO MISSING DATA CODES
 REF 0021 LOC 31 WIDTH 2 DK 1 COL 41-42

Q.F3. When the probationer is employed, what is his/her approximate hourly wage?

\$____/hour (rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount)

Actual number is coded.

Valid-n=2648 Min=1 Max=99 Mean=62.4 St.Dev=45.7

VAR 0022 LIVING ACCOMODATIONS MD=9
 REF 0022 LOC 33 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 43

Q.F4. Which of the following statements best describes the probationer's living accomodations while under probation?
 Check one:

-
- 1343 1. Lives at home with spouse (and children)
 1 2. Lives with family members, e.g. parents, sister/brother
 260 3. Lives with others (non-family, including non-marital partner)
 218 4. Lives alone
 152 5. Other
- 674 9. NA

.....

VAR 0023 RESIDENTIAL MAINTENANCE MD=9
 REF 0023 LOC 34 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 44

Q.F5. How steadily has the probationer maintained a residence? Check one

-
- 875 1. Probationer has remained at same address for entire probation period
 660 2. Probationer has moved only once or twice for cause, e.g. lease
 424 3. Probationer tends to move frequently
 689 9. NA

APPENDIX

*** NOTE 1 ***

Appendix A: Weights applied to probation cases by jurisdiction and crime of conviction

Crime of conviction:

Jurisdiction	Hm	Rp	Rb	AA	Bg	Lr	DT
Baltimore City	1	1	8	1	6	NA	NA
Baltimore County	1	1	1	1	1	4	2
Dade County	1	1	5	3	11	8	4
Davidson County	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Denver	1	1	1	1	4	1	4
Jefferson County	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
Jefferson Parrish	1	1	1	1	3	4	1
Kane County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lancaster County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Los Angeles	2	2	5	4	9	8	30
Lucas County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maricopa County	1	2	2	6	15	15	3
Milwaukee County	1	2	2	1	9	3	4
New Orleans	1	1	1	1	2	3	2
Oklahoma County	1	1	1	2	3	3	3
Riverside County	1	1	1	3	3	1	4

Hm=Homicide Rp=Rape Rb=Robbery AA=Agravated Assault
Bg=Burglary Lr=Larceny DT=Drug Trafficking