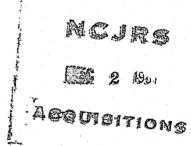
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# NATIONAL SURVEY ON PUNISHMENT FOR CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Executive Summary

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### The Survey

Between August and October 1987 interviewers at the Population and Society Research Center at Bowling Green State University interviewed a representative sample of 1,920 American adults in a telephone survey of attitudes toward punishment of criminal offenders.

Each respondent was read eight brief crime vignettes which included information on a type of crime (e.g. theft, assault, drugs), the amount of harm or injury, and characteristics of the offender and victim. These vignettes were unique combinations of offense, offender and victim characteristics randomly generated by a computer program in a factorial survey design.

After hearing an interviewer read a vignette, the respondent was asked for his/her opinions regarding: (1) The seriousness of the offense, (2) the type and amount of punishment that the offender should receive, and (3) the reasons for selecting that particular punishment.

#### Punishment Preferences

The respondents overwhelmingly supported the use of imprisonment as the most appropriate punishment for criminal offenses. Over all offense types, 71 percent of respondents said the appropriate punishment included prison. Other types of punishments (probation, a fine, or restitution) were most often combined with imprisonment, rather than being substitutes for

imprisonment. For example, though 30 percent of responses included probation as one of the sanctions for offenses, only 17 percent chose probation as the most severe sanction. Fines and restitution were selected even less frequently as the most severe sanction, though they were common "add-ons".

The selection of preferred sanctions varied considerably according to the type of offense and amount of narm done.

Imprisonment was most strongly favored for violent sex offenses and for serious assaults, but it was also favored by at least a majority of respondents for all offenses except petit theft. No alternative to imprisonment was favored over imprisonment as the most severe penalty for any offense.

Respondents who chose imprisonment as a punishment for an offense were asked how long the prison seatence should be.

Sentences given ranged from a few days to "life", with sentences tending to be much longer than sentences actually served currently. Offenses resulting in greater harm tended to receive longer preferred sentences, though there was much dispersion among the responses in the distribution of sentences for each offense. People agree on which offenses should be mildly or severely punished, but not on the most appropriate length of the prison sentence for any specific offense.

Preferred sentences varied significantly by certain characteristics of the respondent. Older respondents, white respondents, and respondents with less education tended to prefer more severe sanction types.

Various characteristics of the victim and offender were related to sanction preferences. Crimes involving offenders aged 22-45, male offenders, very young or very old victims, and female victims were likely to receive harsher sanctions. Offenders who made their living by committing crimes, committed the crime to buy drugs, had three or more prior convictions, and had served three or more prior prison sentences were more likely to receive prison sentences. Prior conviction and prison sentence records were also significantly associated with longer prison terms.

The core element that was most influencial in the choice of sanction type and prison sentence length was type of offense.

When the relative impacts of all the characteristics of offense, offender, victim and respondent were evaluated, the type of offense (i.e. larceny, burglary, assault, etc.) was the most important consideration. An integral quality of offense type is offense seriousness. After offense type, the one quality of an offense that appears to be most strongly related to the choice of prison sentence length is the perceived seriousness of the offense. When the means of sentence length and seriousness are correlated, some 92 percent of the variance in sentence lengths is explained by offense seriousness.

# Purposes of Punishment

After they gave their preferred sanction for an offense, respondents were presented with a series of eight common purposes or justifications for punishment. They were then asked if each

one of these purposes was important in choosing the sanction for the particular offense they were discussing.

Overall, special deterrence was the most favored justification, with 79 percent of respondents saying this was "very important" in their choice of punishments. People tend to believe that punishment is most appropriately used to scare or educate the offender about the likely consequences of continuing to commit crimes. Boundary setting (i.e. making a public statement that crime will not be tolerated) was the next most popular choice, followed by rehabilitation, desert, general deterrence, incapacitation, morality or religion and retribution.

The popularity of these justifications varied by offense type and according to the sanction type selected. Respondents who chose to impose probation emphasized rehabilitation and special deterrence somewhat more than did other respondents. People who favor imprisonment tended to emphasize incapacitation somewhat more than those who favor other justifications. Alternatives to imprisonment are least favored by those who emphasize incapacitation and retribution.

## Conclusion

The public wants long prison sentences for most crimes, with other sanctions used for minor infractions of the law or as add-ons to imprisonment. The major factors in determining sentence length are offense type and seriousness of offense.

Other characteristics of the offense and offender have less influence.

It is noteworthy, given the contemporary public emphasis on retribution, that other justifications appear to be more salient for the public. Our respondents claim that many other purposes of punishment—deterrence, boundary setting, rehabilitation, incapacitation, morality—are more important than retribution. Furthermore, the importance which people attach to the various justifications is significantly associated with sentence type and length. Despite these associations, punishment philosophy is still much less important than are offense type and seriousness in the sanctioning decision.

In choosing an appropriate punishment for a crime, people actually use a philosophy emphasizing social harm. While people want the sanctioning system to accomplish a variety of other ends, they mostly want offenders punished in proportion to the harmfulness of the offenses they commit.

#### APPENDIX A

### Offense Scenario Dimensions and Levels

#### Scenario Construction Procedures:

- One level is randomly selected from each dimension specified below.
- For each respondent, every dimension except the Offense Dimension is sampled with replacement (i.e. All characteristics, except offense type, can be repeated in scenarios posed to a single respondent).
- 3. Within each dimension--except Offender's Sex, Offender's Employment History, Offender's Mental Condition and Offender's Drug and Alcohol Abuse--every level has an equal probability of being selected for every scenario. The proportionate distribution of levels within the four excepted dimensions is specified below.
- The computer is prohibited from choosing certain combinations of levels which are unlikely to occur in real situations (e.g. a female offender committing a forcible rape) or are logically impossible (e.g. an offender who had never been convicted having prior prison sentences).

#### Offender's Age Dimension

1--The offender, a 14 year old

2--The offender, a 18 year old 3--The offender, a 22 year old

4--The offender, a 28 year old

5--The offender, a 32 year old

6--The offender, a 45 year old

7-- The offender, a 65 year old

8--The offender, a BLANK

# Offender's Sex Dimension

1--male,

2--female.

(70%)

(30%)

#### Offense Dimension

#### Larcenies

1--stole property worth \$10 from outside a building.

2--stole property worth \$50 from outside a building.

3--stole property worth \$100 from outside a building.

4--stole property worth \$1,000 from outside a building.

5--stole property worth \$10,000 from outside a building.

Burglaries. 6--broke into a building and stole property worth \$10. 7--broke into a nome and stole \$1,000. Robberies 8--did not have a weapon. He/sne threatened to harm a victim unless the victim gave him money. The victim gave him/her \$10 and was not harmed. 9--threatened a victim with a weapon unless the victim gave him/her money. The victim gave him/her \$10 and was not 10--robbed a victim of \$1,000 at gunpoint. The victim was wounded and required hospitalization. 11--robbed a victim at gunpoint. The victim struggled and was shot to death. Assaults 12--[INSERT ONE LEVEL FROM WEAPON DIMENSION] intentionally injured a victim. As a result, the victim died. 13--[INSERT ONE LEVEL FROM WEAPON DIMENSION] intentionally injured a victim. The victim was treated by a doctor and was nospitalized. 14--[INSERT ONE LEVEL FROM WEAPON DIMENSION] injured a victim. The victim was treated by a doctor but was not hospitalized. 15--intentionally shoved or pushed a victim. No medical treatment was required. Forcible Rapes 16--forcibly raped a victim. No other physical injury occurred. 17--forcibly raped a victim. As a result of physical injuries she 18--forcibly raped a victim and forced her to perform oral sex on nim. No other physical injury occurred. Drunk Driving 19--drove his/her car while drunk, but did not cause an accident. 20--drove his/her car while drunk, and caused a traffic accident where a victim was killed. Motor Venicle Theft 21--stole a car worth \$5,000 and sold it. 22--intentionally set fire to a building, causing half a million dollars worth of damage. 23 -- sold cocaine to others for resale. 24--used cocaine. - 2 -

Victim's Age Dimension

1--The victim was a 10 year old

2--The victim was a 14 year old

3--The victim was a 20 year old

4--The victim was a 30 year old

5--The victim was a 45 year old

6--The victim was a 60 year old

7--The victim was a 75 year old

8--The victim was a

# Victim's Sex Dimension

1--male.

2--female.

3--BLANK

Offender's Employment History Dimension	
1 The offender was unemployed for a long time, even though	
he/she had tried hard to get a job.	(10%)
2The offender has never had a steady job.	(10%)
3The offender has held a good-paying job for several	
years.	(10%)
4 The offender makes his living mostly from committing	
crimes.	(10%)
5BLANK	(60%)
	•
Offender's Mental Condition Dimension	
1The offender had a serious mental illness.	(10%)
2BLANK	(90%)
Drug Dependence and Alcohol Abuse Dimension	
1 The offender was under the influence of an illegal drug	
when he/she committed the offense.	(10%)
2 The offense was committed to get money to buy drugs.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
3-The offender was drunk when he/she committed the offense	
4BLANK	(70%)

# Offender's Prior Convictions for Assault Dimension

- 1-- The offender was never convicted before for a violent offense.
- 2-The offender was convicted once before for a violent offense.
- 3--The offender was convicted 3 times before for violent offenses.
- 4-- The offender was convicted 6 times before for violent offenses.
- 5--BLANK

# Offender's Prior Convictions for Property

# Offenses Dimension

- 1-The offender was never convicted before for stealing money or property.
- 2-- The offender was convicted once before for stealing money or property.
- 3-- The offender was convicted 3 times before for stealing money or property.
- 4--The offender was convicted 6 times before for stealing money or property.
- 5--BLANK

## Previous Incarcerations Dimension

- 1-- The offender had never been sentenced to jail or prison before.
- 2-- The offender had served 1 previous sentence
- 3--The offender had served 3 previous sentences
- 4--The offender had served 6 previous sentences
- 5--BLANK

# Length of Previous Incarcerations Dimension 1--(of or totalling) 6 months in jail.

- 2-- (of or totalling) 1 year in jail.
- 3--(of or totalling) 3 years in prison.
- 4--(of or totalling) 5 years in prison. 5--(of or totalling) 10 years in prison.
- 6--BLANK

# Weapon Used in Assaults Dimension

- 1--used a gun to
- 2--used a knife to
- 3--used his/ner fists to
- 4--used a lead pipe to
- 5--BLANK

Table 1.

Cnaracteristics of Respondents vs. U.S. Population

18-24	Characteristic		Percent of U.S. Population (1985)*	
25-34				
35-44 19.6 18.1 45-54 14.2 12.8 55-64 13.8 12.7 65-74 10.6 9.6 75+ 3.6 6.5    Sex				
#5-54				
55-64 13.8 12.7 65-74 10.6 9.6 65-74 10.6 9.6 65-74 3.6 65-74 3.6 65-75 3.6 6.5  Sex  Male 36.6 48.7 51.3  Race  White 68.3 84.9 84.9 84.0 12.1 0.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1				
65-74 75+ 3.6 6.5  Sex  Male 36.6 48.7 Female 63.4 51.3  Race  White 68.3 84.9 Black 25.6 12.1 Other 6.2 3.0  Education  Elementary 1.2 5.9 Junior High 2.8 8.0 Some High School 8.6 12.2 High School Grad 31.5 38.2 Some College 32.8 16.3 College Grad 15.1 19.4 (College Grad +) Post-Graduate 8.0  Family Income  Under \$6,000 6.3 6.5 \$6,000-13,000 11.5 12.9 \$13,000-19,000 15.2 12.5 \$19,000-29,000 25.5 19.8 \$29,000-48,000 25.8 28.7 \$48,000-75,000 11.7 19.6 (Over \$48,000) Over \$75,000 4.0  Region  Northeast 19.3 20.9 Midwest 27.9 24.8 South 36.3 34.3				
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<sup>\*</sup>Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Statistical Abstract of the U.S., 1987. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1986. Where appropriate, percentages are based on persons over age 18.

Offense Seriousness by Offense Type: Comparison of Present Survey with National Survey of Crime Severity

	Present	Survey	ey		CS		
Offense	Geometric			Geometric			
기를 하고 하면 하는 사람들이 되었다.	Mean			Mean	Score		
Property Theft and Damage							
Arson-\$500,000 Damage	220.699	8.09	1	487.652	22.29	1	
Larceny of \$10,000	124.423	4.56	2	239.281	10.93	2	
Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000	123.169	4.52	- 3	236.771	10.82	3	
Larceny of \$1,000	83.023	3.04	4	50.203	6.86	4	
Larceny of \$100	57.201	2.10	5	78.473	3.58	5	
Larceny of \$50	46.655	1.71	6	63.049	2.88	6	
		1.15	7			7	
ALarceny of \$10	31.478	1.10	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	37.777	1.72		
Burglary Offenses							
Burglary-Home-\$1,000	133.506	4.89	1	210.012	9.60	1	
Burglary-Building-\$10	60.562	2.22	2	70.559	3.22	2	
Robbery Offenses							
Robbery Gun-Death	629.941	23.10	1	946.181	43.24	1	
Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000	266.932	9.79	2	460.007	21.02	2	
Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10	178.402	6.54	3	160.007	7.31	3	
Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10	91.264	3.35	4	144.752	6.62	ر 4	
Robbery-Inteat-No Harm-\$10	91.204	3.32	~	144,752	0.02	-	
Assault Offenses							
Assault-Death	441.672		1	778.374	35.57	1	
Assault-Hospital	197.788	7.25	2	261.435	11.95	2	
Assault-Doctor	140.023	5.13	3	186.039	8.50	3	
Assault-No Injury	36.576	1.34	4	32.167	1.47	4	
Forcible Rape Offenses							
Rape-Death	738.754	27.09	1	1155.335	52.80	1	
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injury		15.18	<u>.</u>				
Rape-No Other Injury	390.661	14.32	2	565.658	25.85	2	
Rape-No Other Injury	390.001	14.34	۷.	505.050	20.09	_	
Drunk Driving Offenses							
Drunk Driving-Death	400.774	14.69	-			-	
Drunk DrivingNo Accident	95.940	3.52	<del></del> .			_	
Drug Offenses							
Cocaine-Soli for Resale	217.922	7.99				<u> </u>	
Cocaine-Used	89.125	3.27	-			_	
	UJ. 123	2.5-1					
ModulusLarceny of \$1*	27.275	1.00	-	21.827	1.00	-	

<sup>\*</sup>The modulus was computed from the regression of the log base 10 of the dollar amounts of the five larceny offenses on the geometric means of the seriousness scores corresponding to those offenses. The resulting regression equation was  $Y = 30.8113 \ X - 3.5362$ . When 1 is inserted for the value of X, Y = 27.275.

Table 3.

Punishment Preferences Across All Offenses

Punishment Type	Percent of Responses Including This Punishment	Percent of Responses Where This Was the Most Severe Punishment Chosen
Death*	36.4	36.4
Prison or Jail	71.4	71.4
Probation	29.8	16.6
Fine	24.3	3.8
Restitution	35.2	3.7

<sup>\*</sup>In these interviews, respondents could choose the death penalty for only three offenses (homicides); therefore the percentages presented regarding the death penalty are for responses about these offenses only.

Table 4.

All Punishment Types Selected, by Offense Type

		Punis Jail or	Selected*		
Offense Type	Death			Fine	Restitution
Property Theft and Damage Arson-\$500,000 Damage		81.5	27 1	24.3	20 6
Larceny of \$10,000		78.4	27.1 28.2	22.3	39.6 47.7
Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000		72.9	36.1	26.3	59.8
Larceny of \$1,000		67.7	34.4	17.9	43.9
Larceny of \$100		62.3	33.5	22.4	46.1
Larceny of \$50		55.3	38.8	24.0	49.6
Larceny of \$10		45.6	41.9	24.0	48.5
Burglary Offenses					
Burglary-Home-\$1,000		80.7	31.4	23.8	59.6
Burglary-Building-\$10		56.5	46.8	30.7	47.7
Robbery Offenses	27 4	617	10 6	<b>6</b> 0	16 0
Robbery Gun-Death	37.1	61.7	10.6	6.8	16.8 47.6
Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10		92.1 74.5	22.5 33.4	26.5	34.7
Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10		72.2	32.9	31.4	45.2
	T. T.	,	52.5	J. • ·	
Assault Offenses					
Assault-Death	29.7	67.4	11.6	7.6	12.4
Assault-Hospital	***	82.3	29.1	19.9	42.4
Assault-Doctor		78.3	34.2	28.2	43.9
Assault-No Injury		55.4	39.5	34.3	16.7
Forcible Rape Offenses					
Rape-Death	41.7	57.0	5.0	5.3	11.6
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injury		94.7	18.8	19.6	27.0
Rape-No Other Injury		94.1	21.9	19.2	24.1
Drunk Driving Offenses					
Drunk Driving-Death		90.6		29.5	33.6
Drunk DrivingNo Accident	<del>-</del>	54.1	40.2	57.8	8.0
Drug Offenses					
Cocaine-Sold for Resale		89.9	27.1	35.4	7.8
Cocaine-Used		57.9	49.0	33.9	7.3
Mean	36.4*	71.4	29.8	24.3	35.2
	J ~ • ,		-7.0	• .	

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents were asked, serially, whether they thought the offender (if arrested and convicted) should be made to pay a fine, pay restitution, be placed on probation, be made to serve a jail or prison sentence, or (for homicide offenses) be given the death penalty. The entries in this table represent the percentage of respondents who chose each punishment type for each offense type. Respondents could choose as many punishment types as they wished, so the rows do not add to 100 percent.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Percentage of respondents who selected the death penalty was averaged over only those three (homicide) offenses for which "death" was an optional punishment.

Table 5.

Most Severe Punishment Preferred, by Offense Type

	Most			Preferred*
Offense Type	Death			Fine or Restitution
		,		
Property Theft and Damage		0.4.5		
Arson-\$500,000 Damage Larceny of \$10,000		81.5 78.4	11.1 12.8	7.4 8.8
Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000		72.9	19.3	7.8
Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$100		67.7 62.3	23.0 23.0	9.3
Larceny of \$50		55.3	29.0	14.7
Larceny of \$10		45.6	34.6	19.9
Burglary Offenses				
Burglary-Home-\$1,000		80.7	14.4	4.9
Burglary-Building-\$10		56.6	32.6	11.0
Robbery Offenses				
Robbery Gun-Death	37.1	61.7 92.1	1.2 5.6	0.1 2.2
Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10		74.5	19.5	6.1
Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10	•	72.2	19.2	8.7
Assault Offenses				
Assault-Death	29.7	67.4	2.3	0.6
Assault-Hospital Assault-Doctor		82.3 78.3	14.4 16.3	3·2 5·3
Assault-No Injury		55.4	28.1	16.6
Forcible Rape Offenses Rape-Death	41.7	57.0	0.9	0.4
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injury		94.7	4.3	1.0
Rape-No Other Injury		94.1	4.7	1.1
Drunk Driving Offenses				
Drunk Driving-Death Drunk DrivingNo Accident		90.6 54.1	6.7 29.4	2.7 16.5
	en en <del>en</del> Se en en en en			
Drug Offenses Cocaine-Sold for Resale		89.9	7.6	2.5
Cocaine-Used		57.9	35.3	6.8

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents were asked, serially, whether they thought the offender (if arrested and convicted) should be made to pay a fine, pay restitution, be placed on probation, be made to serve a jail or prison sentence, or (for homicide offenses) be given the death penalty. The entries in this table represent the most severe penalty chosen among all penalties given by each respondent for each offense type.

Table 6.

Mean Prison or Jail Sentence Length Freferred, by Offense Type

Offense Type	Mean Sentence Lengths* (Months)		Number of Responses
Property Theft and Damage Arson-\$500,000 Damage Larceny of \$10,000 Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000 Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$100 Larceny of \$50 Larceny of \$10	99.9	76.7	420
	67.8	84.5	532
	55.5	76.7	420
	54.8	89.8	445
	43.7	74.5	408
	37.4	59.0	379
	32.9	64.3	282
Burglary Offenses Eurglary-Home-\$1,000 Eurglary-Building-\$10	53.4	72.4	442
	27.0	43.7	270
Robbery Offenses Robbery Gun-Death Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10 Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10	365.2**	161.5	548
	123.4	129.3	482
	68.0	91.0	339
	46.1	75.1	406
Assault Offenses Assault-Death Assault-Hospital Assault-Doctor Assault-No Injury	349.5**	174.5	536
	92.7	109.7	446
	67.3	100.2	403
	42.8	70.3	239
Forcible Rape Offenses Rape-Death Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injur Rape-No Other Injury	416.4** 202.1 184.9	132.9 173.3 155.3	616 529 489
Drunk Driving Offenses Drunk Driving-Death Drunk Driving-No Accident	141.2	152.5	486
	27.4	53.8	258
Drug Offenses Cocaine-Sold for Resale Cocaine-Used	126.3 66.5	142.9	498 262
All Offenses	135.7	167.7	10,131

<sup>\*</sup>All sentence lengths over 40 years and all sentences of "life" were recoded to 40 years, which was considered to be, effectively, a life sentence.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Sentences of "death" for these offenses were recoded to 40 years.

Table 7.

Prison or Jail Sentence Length by Offense Seriousness

	Sentence Lengtn Mean	Offense Seriousness Geometric
Offense Type	(Months) Rank	Mean Rank
Rape-Death	416.4 1	738.8
Robbery Gun-Death	365.2 2	629.9 2
Assault-Death	349.5	
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injury	202.1 4	414.0
Rape-No Other Injury	184.9 5	390.7
Drunk Driving-Death		400.8 5
Cocaine-Sold for Resale	126.3 7	217.9 9
Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000	123.4	266.9 7
Arson-\$500,000 Damage	99.9 9	220.7 8
Assault-Hospital	92.7 10	197.8
Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10	68.0 11	178.4 11
Larceny of \$10,000	67.8 12	124.4 14
Assault-Doctor	67.3 13	140.0 12
Cocaine-Used	66.5 14	89.1 18
Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000	55.5 15	123.2 15
Larceny of \$1,000	54.8 16	83.0 19
Burglary-Home-\$1,000	53.4 17	133.5 13
Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10	46.1 18	91.3 17
Larceny of \$100	43.7 19	57.2 21
Assault-No Injury	42.8 20	36.6 23
Larceny of \$50	37.4 21	46.7 22
Larceny of \$10	32.9 22	31.5 24
Drunk DrivingNo Accident	27.4 23	95.9 16
Burglary-Building-\$10	27.0 24	

Results of bivariate regression (with sentence length dependent):

Intercept	-4.66
Slope	.557
Correlation Coefficient (r)	.956
Percent of Variance Explained (r-squared)	.915

Most Severe Preferred Punishment Type by Respondent Characteristics

-----Most Severe Punishment Preferred----

	Capital	tn			Fine or
Respondent Cnaracteristic		All Offenses	Prison or Jail	Probation	Resti- tution
Age*					
18-24	30.4	3.9		17.6	7.3
25 <b>-</b> 3 <sup>4</sup> 35 <b>-</b> 4 <sup>4</sup>	33.2 35.7	4.6 3.9	69.9	18.0 17.5	7.6
35-44 2	41.2	3·9 4.4	71.0 72.1	16.1	7.5 7.5
55-64	41.0		70.4	16.0	8.1
65-74	36.1		73.8	15.2	6.3
75+	42.4	4.9	71.7		9.7
Sex					
Male	38.6	4.8		16.5	6.9
Female	34.4	4.2	70.9	16.8	8.0
Race*	#				
Wnite	37.5	4.8	71.5		7.2
Black	25.1	2.5	69.8	18.3	9.4
Hispanic	41.8	5,4	72.3	14.6	7.7
Asian Other	49.2	1.5 5.4	75.6	28.3 13.9	6.6 <sub>-</sub> 5.2
Education*	25.1 41.8 16.5 49.2				
Elementary	22.5	2.4	72.2	16.5	8.9
Junior High	43.6	4.3		13.2	7.3
Some High School			71.2	16.6	5.6
High School Grad		4.7	73.0	15.3	7.0
Some College		4.7	70.1		7.9
College Grad				19.2	7.4
Post-Graduate	29.4	3.7	62.8	22.9	10.7
Family Income	#				
Under \$6,000		4.0	73.4		6.5
\$6,000-13,000	28.8	3.6	72.9 70.7	17.0 16.9	6.5 7.8
\$13,000-19,000 \$19,000-29,000	42.7 28.8	4.5 3.9	70.7	17.5	ö.2
\$29,000-48,000	36.2	4.7	71.5	17.1	6.7
\$48,000-75,000	46.1	5.8	69.5	16.0	8.5
Over \$75,000	37 . 8	4.8	71.2	19.2	4.8
Region					
Northeast	34.1	4.2	70.7	17.7	7.4
Midwest	40.6		70.9	17.3	7.1
South West	33.4 38.9	4.2 5.1	72.5 70.4	15.7 16.4	7.6 8.1
n co u	20.9	J. I			

<sup>\*</sup>Chi-Square over all offenses is significant at .01 level. #Chi-Square for capital offenses only is significant at .01 level.

Table 9.

Mean Prison or Jail Sentence Length Preferred by Respondent Characteristics

Respondent Characteristic	Mean Sentence Length (Months)		
Age*			
18-24 25-34	135.0 137.1	-0.7	-0.5
35-44	122.2	1.4 -13.5	1.0 -9.9
45-54	130.6	-5.1	-3.8
55-64	153.2	17.5	12.9
65 <b>-</b> 74 75+	137.7 135.8	2.0 0.1	1.5
Sex 1			
Male Female	134.8 136.4	-0.9 0.7	
remate.	130.4	<b></b>	0.5
Race			
White	135.3	-0.4	-0.3
Black Hispanic	137.7 125.6	2.0 -10.1	1.5 -7.4
Asian	110.3		-18.7
Otner	154.3	18.6	
Education*			
Elementary	138.8	3.1	2.3
Junior High	137.6	1.9	1.4
Some High School	145.7	10.0	7.4
High School Grad	136.3	0.6	
Some College			1.9
College Grad Post-Graduate	123.4 119.0	-12.3 -16.7	
1050-diadaece	113.0	7.0.1	
Family Income			
Under \$5,000	142.2	6.2 -2.6	4.6 -1.9
\$6,000≈13,000 \$13,000-19,000	133.4 129.4	-2.0 -6.6	And the second s
\$19,000-29,000	139.4	3.4	2.5
\$29,000-43,000	135.8	-0.2	
\$48,000-75,000	137.5	1.5	
Over \$75,000	133.3	-2.7	-2.0
Region			
Northeast	136.9	1.2	0.9
Midwest	130.9	-4.8	-3.5
South	136.8	1.1	9.8
West	140.4	4.7	3.5

<sup>\*</sup>F-test of differences between groups is significant at .01 level.

Table 10.

# Most Severe Preferred Punishment Type by Offender's and Victim's Age and Sex

		De a		Punisi	nment Prefe	rred
Characteri		Capital Offenses Only			Probation	Fine or Restitution
Offender's Age*	Blank 14 18 22 28 32 45 65	# 33.2 21.2 33.4 40.3 40.2 41.5 41.8 38.4	4.6 3.4 3.8 4.7 5.0 4.6 5.0	76.0 37.5 70.7 76.7 74.8 75.1 77.5		6.9 13.1 7.5 6.2 7.4 6.4 6.3 8.0
Offender's Sex*		# 39.1 28.6	3.3		16.8 21.5	8.3 8.5
Victim's Age*	Blank 10 14 20 30 45 60 75	38.4 36.8 39.3 35.9 32.4 36.8 34.1	12.0 11.5	75.4	17.4 8.0 12.3 12.2 9.1 8.3 8.9 8.9	6.4 3.8 3.4 3.7 4.1 5.0 4.5 3.4
Victim's Sex*	Blank Male Female	36.5 32.8 37.8	1.2 8.2 9.2	73.4 72.6 76.3	18.4 13.2 10.7	7.0 6.0 3.9

Note: Because only males could be offenders and only females could be victims in sexual assault offenses, distributions of preferred punishments by offender's and victim's sex were computed excluding all sex offenses. Including sex offenses increases the percentage of more severe punishments where the offender is male or the victim is female.

#Chi-Square for capital offenses only is significant at .01 level.

<sup>\*</sup>Chi-Square over all offenses is significant at .01 level.

Table 11.

Most Severe Preferred Punishment Type by Offender's Employment, Mental Health, Drug/Alconol and Criminal Record

			st Severe	Punishmer	t Preferre	: d
		Capital				ine or
Charact	eristic		s All Offenses		Probation	Resti- tution
	OF the side of the	. <del></del>	<del>in in main an air in an in</del> air N	- 42 40 40, 44, 45 44 44 44 44		•
	Blank	36.3		69.4		
	Unemployed Never Had a Job	30.0 34.7	4.2 3.4	71%.7 76.7		
vecola.	Good-paying Job	36.5		71.6	15.5	7.9
	Lives by Crime	45.5	5.3	79.5		
Offender's						
Mental		35.0	4.6	72.3		
Condition*	Mentally Ill	36.5	3.8	60.2	22.6	13.4
Offender's	Blank	36.5	4.2	71.0	17.2	7.5
	On Drugs	30.1	4.4	72.6	16.7	
	Crime to Buy Drugs		6.4	74.1		8.5
Alcohol*	Offender Was Drunk	35.6	5.4	70.5	16.5	7.6
Prior Convictions	Blank None	36.4 35.4	4.9 4.1	59.7 66.1		
for	None	36.0	4.2	74.5		
Violent	3	38.2		80.1		4.2
Offenses*	6	36.0	4.7	83.2	7.9	4.2
Prior	Blank	34.7		59.9		10.4
Convictions for	None 1	38.3 39.5	4.6 4.4	67.5 76.6	19.3 13.3	5.8
Property	3	40.3	4.5	79.9	10.9	
Offenses*	6	32.7	4.9	80.2	8.7	6.3
Number of	Blank	34.4	4.3	62.5	23.2	10.0
Previous	None	37.4	4.6	71.6	16.8	7.0
Prison or	1	36.3	4.6 4.0	78.7 83.7	11.2 7.6	5.5 4.8
Jail Sentences*	3 6	36.9 43.5	6.1	82.7	6.5	4.7
Total Length	Blank	35.7	4.5	67.2	19.7	8.6
of Prior	6 Months	39.3	4.6	79.6	10.7	5.1
Frison or	1 Year	31.9	3.8	81.2	10.1 7.8	4.9 6.2
Jail Sentences*	3 Years 5 Years	32.8 42.0	3.5 4.9	82.5 82.8	7.8 8.2	4.1
Sentences,	10 Years	48.9	6.5	80.9	8.8	3.8

<sup>\*</sup>Chi-Square over all offenses is significant at .01 level. None of the differences for capital offenses only was significant at this level.

Table 12.

Mean Prison or Jail Sentence Length Preferred by Offender's and Victim's Age and Sex

Character	istic	Mean Sentence Length (Months)		
Offender's Age*	Blank 14 18 22 28 32 45 65	144.4 138.3 119.6 131.9 142.3 134.0 135.0 140.7	8.7 2.6 -16.1 -3.8 6.6 -1.7 -0.7 5.0	6.4 1.9 -11.9 -2.8 4.9 -1.3 -0.5 3.7
Offender's Sex*	Male Female	111.8 99.7	3.4 -8.7	3.1 -8.0
Victim's Age*	Blank 10 14 20 30 45 60 75	206.2 228.6 207.8 213.0 189.8 206.8 179.1 221.7	0 22.4 1.6 6.8 -16.4 0.6 -27.1 15.5	0 - 10.9 0.8 3.3 -8.0 0.3 -13.1 7.5
Victim's Sex*	Blank Male Female	95.6 165.0 167.9	-31.4 38.0 40.9	-24.7 29.9 32.2

Note: Because only males could be offenders and only females could be victims in sexual assault offenses, distributions of preferred punishments by offender's and victim's sex were computed excluding all sex offenses. Including sex offenses inflates the severity of preferred punishments for vignettes where males are offenders or females are victims.

<sup>\*</sup>Cni-Square over all offenses is significant at .01 level.

Table 13.

Mean Prison or Jail Sentence Length Preferred by Offender's Employment, Mental Health, Drug/Alconol and Criminal Record

Charac	teristic	Mean Sentence Length (Months)		
Offender's Employment Record	Blank Unemployed Never Had a Job Good-paying Job Lives by Crime	134.2 139.8 124.2 144.2 143.9	-1.5 4.1 -11.5 8.5 8.2	-1.1 3.0 -8.5 6.3 6.0
	Blank	134.7	-1.0	-0.7
	Mentally Ill	150.1	14.4	10.6
Drugs and	Blank	134.4	-1.3	-1.0
	On Drugs	142.5	6.8	5.0
	Crime to Buy Drugs	137.6	1.9	1.4
	Offender Was Drunk	137.9	2.2	1.6
Prior Convictions for Violent Offenses*	Blank None 1 3	134.5 129.1 129.6 139.8 145.2	-1.2 -6.6 -6.1 4.1 9.5	-0.9 -4.9 -4.5 3.0 7.0
Prior	Blank	135.1	-0.6	-3.8
Convictions	None	143.0	7.3	
for	1	128.6	-7.1	
Property	3	130.6	-5.1	
Offenses*	6	142.9	7.2	
Number of	Blank	132.5	-3.2	-2.4
Previous	None	132.6	-3.1	-2.3
Prison or	1	135.7	0.0	0.0
Jail	3	137.5	1.8	1.3
Sentences*	6	159.1	23.4	17.2
Total Lengtn of Prior Prison or Jail Sentences*	Blank 6 Months 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years	133.6 132.9 130.2 132.6 142.9 171.5	-2.1 -2.8 -5.5 -3.1 7.2 35.8	-1.5 -2.1 -4.1 -2.3 5.3 26.4

<sup>\*</sup>Cni-Square is significant at .01 level.

Table 14.

Multiple Regression Analysis of Sentence Length
With Legally Relevant Variables

Dimension	Level	Unstandardized Regression Coefficient b	Standard	Standardized Regression Coefficient beta
Log of Seri	ousness Score	24.0390	1.5265	0.1167
Property Theft and Damage Offenses	Arson-\$500,000 Larceny of \$10,000 Car Theft-\$5,000 Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$100 Larceny of \$50 Larceny of \$10	-282.2079 -307.9579 -319.2333 -309.4042 -308.8806 -308.0873 -298.1228	8.0623 7.4696 7.7955 7.4656 7.3578 7.3276 7.4094	-0.3136 -0.3982 -0.3772 -0.4014 -0.4129 -0.4164 -0.3954
Burglary Offenses	Home-\$1,000 Building-\$10	-322.5831 -322.7159	7.7858 8.0251	-0.3813 -0.3584
Robbery Offenses	Gun-Death Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Weapon-No Harm-\$10 Threat-No Harm-\$10	N.S. -258.9692 -308.5592 -321.4601	7.9814 8.0546 7.7223	-0.2939 -0.3432 -0.3857
Assault Offenses	Assault-Death Assault-Hospital Assault-Doctor Assault-No Injury	-22.5783 -315.2366 -311.8999 -295.6710	10.1166 10.1230 10.0156 7.9042	-0.0259 -0.3658 -0.3840 -0.3394
Forcible Rape Offenses	Death Oral Sex-No Other In Rape-No Other Injury		7.8416 7.8858 7.8945	0.0984 -0.2048 -0.2285
Drunk Driving Offenses	Death No Accident	-240.5627 -320.9323	7.9045 7.8949	-0.2782 -0.3654
Drug Offenses	Cocaine-Sold/Resale Cocaine-Used	-251.9891 Reference Catego	7.9031 ry	-0.2882 
Offender's Employment Record	Blank Unemployed Never Had a Job Good-paying Job Lives by Crime	Reference Catego N.S. N.S. N.S. 8.8152	3.7730	0.0154
Offender's Mental Condition	Blank Mentally Ill	Reference Catego 25.4226	ory 3.6384	0.4500

(Continued on Next Page)

Table 14. (Continued)

Dimension	Level	Unstandardized Regression St Coefficient E	andard	Regression
Offender's Use of Drugs and Alconol	Blank On Drugs Crime to Buy Drugs Offender Was Drunk	Reference Category 11.5569 11.2456 11.0297	3.9253 3.9960 3.9237	0.0194 0.0185 0.0185
Prior Convictions for Violent Offenses	Blank None 1 3 6	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. N.S.		
Prior Convictions for Property Offenses	Blank None 1 3 6	Reference Category 6.8736 N.S. N.S. 7.9021	3.3147  3.6709	0.0161  0.0171
Number of Previous Prison or Jail Sentences	Blank None 1 3 6	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. 13.8754	6.2178	   0.0194
Length of Prior Prison or Jail Sentences	Blank 6 Months 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. N.S. 26.5393	6.3572	0.0332
Weapon Used in Assault	Blank Gun Fists Lead Pipe	38.6318 Reference Category 35.8230 23.0545	9.8048	0.0357  0.0325 0.0215

Constant		311	1.8142
Multiple R		(	7706
R Square		(	0.5938
andand Phane		100	1 1661

Multiple Regression Analysis of Sentence Length By Legally Relevant Variables Rank Ordered by Absolute Value of Beta

Table 15.

Dimension and Level	Unstandardized Regression Coefficient b	Standard	candardized Regression Coefficient beta
Larceny of \$50 Larceny of \$100 Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$10,000 Larceny of \$10 Rob-Threat-No Harm-\$10 Assault-Doctor Burg Home-\$1,000 Car Theft-\$5,000 Assault-Hospital Drive Drunk-No Accident Burg Building-\$10 Rob-Weap-No Harm-\$10	-308.0873 -308.8806 -309.4042 -307.9579 -298.1228 -321.4601 -311.8999 -322.5831 -319.2333 -315.2366 -320.9323 -322.7159 -308.5592	7.8949 8.0251 8.0546	-0.4164 -0.4129 -0.4014 -0.3982 -0.3954 -0.3857 -0.3840 -0.3813 -0.3772 -0.3658 -0.3654 -0.3584 -0.3584
Assault-No Injury Arson-\$500,000 Rob-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Cocaine-Wnolesale Drive Drunk-Death Rape-No Other Injury Rape-Oral Sex-No Other In Log Seriousness Score Rape-Death Mentally Ill Weapon-Blank Lngth of Prior Sent-10 Yr Weapon-Fists Assault-Death Weapon-Lead Pipe Offender On Drugs 6 Prior Prison Sentences Crime to Buy Drugs Offender Was Drunk 6 Prior Property Convict No Prior Property Convict Lives by Crime	24.0390 81.5731 25.4226 38.6318 26.5393 35.8230 -22.5783 23.0545 11.5569 13.8754 11.2456 11.0297 7.9021	9.8980 10.1166 9.7598 3.9253 6.2178 3.9960 3.9237 3.6709 3.3147	-0.3394 -0.3136 -0.2939 -0.2882 -0.2782 -0.2285 -0.2048 0.1167 0.0984 0.0450 0.0357 0.0332 0.0325 -0.0259 0.0194 0.0194 0.0185 0.0171 0.0161 0.0154

Constant		314	.8142
Multiple	R	0	.7706
R Square		0	.5938
Standard	Error	107	. 1661

Table 16.

Purposes of Punishment Across All Offense Types

		-importance (	of Purpose	<del></del>
Purpose	Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Don't Know
Special Deterrence (1)	79.2	11.6	7.7	1.6
Boundary Setting (2)	77.5	13.1	8.1	1.3
Renabilitation (3)	71.7	13.0	13.3	2.0
Desert (4)	69.8	19.5	9.0	1.6
General Deterrence (5)	69.1	18.3	11.3	1.2
Incapacitation (6)	58.2	13.3	23.4	5.1
Morality or Religion (7)	48.3	21.2	28.2	2.3
Retribution (8)	25.0	21.3	52.4	1.2

After the respondent had selected punishment types and amounts for a vignette, he/she was asked: "When you chose the sentence for this crime, how important was it for you [ENTER EACH REASON BELOW]? Was it very important, somewhat important, or not at all important?"

- (1) "...to scare the offender so he/she will not do it again."
- (2) "...to make a public statement that this kind of benavior will not be tolerated."
- (3) "...to treat the offender to change whatever in him/her made him/her do the crime."
- (4) "...to give the offender what he/she deserves."
- (5) "...to scare off other people who might do the same thing."
- (6) "...to lock up the offender so while he/she is in prison he/she won't be able to commit more crimes."
- (7) "...to respond as my religion or morality requires."
- (8) "...to get even with the offender by making him suffer for what ne/she has done?"

Table 17.

Purpose of Punishment, by Offense Type

----Percent of Respondents Who Said the Purpose Was "Very Important"----

Offenses Grouped by Type	Special Deterrence		Rehabil- itation		General Deterrence	Incapaci tation	- Horality	Retri- bution
Property Theft and Damage								
Arson-\$500,000 Damage	84.2	76.5	85.2	60.9	78.3	72.1	48.6	21.3
Car Theft-Sale-\$5,000	84.8	78.4	77.8	71.6	69.8	54.9	49.3	24.7
Larceny of \$10,000	74.0	76.1	77.9	84.5	66.7	54.4	55.7	22.5
Larceny of \$1,000	86.1	72.6	70.8	62.1	66.4	47.7	44.9	19.2
Larceny of \$100	65.9	69.4	72.6	64.9	58.1	44.6	45.2	17.3
Larceny of \$50	84.0	72.7	80.1	76.9	68.6	40.2	52.1	32.8
Larceny of \$10	75.1	64.2	77.7	67.2	54.8	40.7	55.3	15.5
Burglary Offenses								
Burglary-Home-\$1,000	81.5	75.7	75.1	67.1	57.6	54.9	37.2	21.2
Burglary-Building-\$10	80.0	70.6	80.7	57.4	60.7	35.4	44.4	15.5
Robbery Offenses								
Robbery Gun-Death	79.1	85.2	66.8	80.9	82.7	81.5	53.8	32.0
Robbery-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000	80.4	79.1	77.0	76.7	73.7	72.5	54.6	25.4
Robbery-Weapon-No Harm-\$10	87.6	85.0	58.1	54.8	65.6	61.4	40.0	18.2
Robbery-Threat-No Harm-\$10	75.6	74.3	74.6	71.0	63.5	47.2	43.9	21.4
Assault Offenses								
Assault-Death	84.2	83.6	64.9	76.0	78.9	85.0	47.6	38.2
Assault-Hospital	86.5	83.1	79.0	76.4	75.6	69.1	55.0	30.9
Assault-Doctor	84.6	81.8	74.8	71.5	69.5	67.0	41.0	20.2
Assault-No Injury	66.8	74.6	61.6	73.7	46.8	51.9	43.1	13.9
Forcible Rape Offenses								
Rape-Death	70.2	88.2	50.8	82.9	75.4	76.6	53.6	37.6
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other Injury		84.5	71.4	76.3	77.1	86.4	63.2	31.9
Rape-No Other Injury	86.6	82.8	71.8	79.5	73.2	83.0	67.4	35.5
Drunk Driving								
Drunk Driving-Death	88.8	88.9	70.1	70.8	86.6	68.8	50.4	29.7
Drunk DrivingNo Accident	83.9	74.1	83.4	67.8	76.8	43.0	49.4	23.9
Drug Offenses								
Cocaine-Sold for Resale	85.0	88.7	72.6 '	80.3	86.8	76.5	48.3	31.8
Cocaine – Used	75.0	68.3	84.9	47.7	63.5	43.8	42.0	19.5
All Offenses	79.2	77.5	71.7	69.8	69.1	0 58.2	48.3	210

Table 19.

Purposes of Punishment by Most Severe Punishment Type

Percent Who Said Purpose Was "Very Important" and Chose Penalty as Most Severe Punishment

Purpose	Capital Offenses	All Prison	Probation	Fine or Resti- tution
Special Deterrence* a		75.6 83.7 4.2 72.3	75.3 16.0	75.4 7.4
•	91.6#	91.6 82.9	68.7	63.6
	940.0	5.5 73.1	14.9	6.5
Renabilitation*	46.3#	46.3 75.1	74.9	75.3
	28.8	2.9 71.1	17.8	8.2
	91.9#	91.9 76.8	54.2	68.6
	942.8	6.0 73.5	12.9	7.6
General Deterrence*	86.0#	86.0 75.3	53.5	55.2
	41.2	5.8 74.7	13.2	6.3
	74.3#	74.3 77.9	10.1	9.5
	34.0	5.8 90.6	2.6	1.0
	52.5	52.5 52.2	43.7	50.0
	5 36.5	4.7 72.2	14.9	8.1
	48.7# 50.1		14.5 9.6	19.2 5.9

Entries in rows "a" are the percentage of respondents who first chose this punishment type as the most severe punishment, and then said the corresponding purpose was "very important" (e.g. 83.7 percent of the respondents who chose "prison" as the most severe punishment type for an offense, then said special deterrence was a "very important" purpose of punishment for that offense).

Rows "b" contain the distribution of most severe punishment types chosen by respondents who indicated that the corresponding purpose was "very important" (e.g. 72.3 percent of respondents who said special deterrence was a "very important" punishment purpose for a particular offense chose "prison" as the most severe punishment for that offense.

#Chi-Square over capital offenses only is significant at .01 level.

<sup>\*</sup>Cni-Square over all offenses is significant at .01 level.

Table 19.

Purposes of Punishment by Prison Sentence Length

----Importance of Purpose----Very Somewhat Not At All Important Important Purpose Important 181.6 Retribution\* 101.3 124.6 49.2 163.9 Incapacitation\* 151.9 Morality or Religion\* 149.7 118.6 124.8 General Deterrence\* 101.7 94.4 149.1 Desert\* 96.9 102.4 147.8 Boundary Setting\* 86.6 117.3 145.0 Special Deterrence\* 97.1 224.5 132.3 Renabilitation\* 115.9 135.7 236.8

Note: Entries are mean sentence lengths in months according to the importance attributed to each purpose of punishment.

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<sup>\*</sup>Indicates F-ratio between groups is significant at .01 level.

Purpose of Punishment, by Respondent Characteristics

Table 20.

25-34 79.1 74.8 76.7 64.8 64.5 54.6 42.7 35-44 80.8 78.9 71.0 61.8 65.3 59.7 42.4 45-54 80.4 81.3 77.3 73.7 69.1 62.4 49.0 55-64 82.1 81.5 73.6 74.6 75.6 66.0 61.8 65-74 82.4 86.5 66.8 80.8 80.2 69.7 60.8 75+ 78.2 78.2 73.1 85.3 78.3 63.1 59.4   Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4   Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1* 81.3 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0   Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	ant" etri- ution
35-11 80.8 78.9 71.0 61.8 65.3 59.7 42.4 45.5 4 80.4 81.3 77.3 73.7 69.1 62.4 49.0 55.6 4 82.1 81.5 73.6 74.6 75.6 66.0 61.8 65.7 4 82.4 86.5 66.8 80.8 80.2 69.7 60.8 75.4 78.2 78.2 73.1 85.3 78.3 63.1 59.4    Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4    Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1*   Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5   Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0   Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4   Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0    Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	28.1*
#5-54 80.4 81.3 77.3 73.7 69.1 62.4 49.0 55-64 82.1 81.5 73.6 74.6 75.6 66.0 61.8 65-74 82.4 86.5 66.8 80.8 80.2 69.7 60.8 75+ 78.2 78.2 73.1 85.3 78.3 63.1 59.4    Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4    Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1* Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0    Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	25.1
Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Mispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0 Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	21.4
65-74 82.4 86.5 66.8 80.8 80.2 69.7 60.8 75+ 78.2 78.2 73.1 85.3 78.3 63.1 59.4    Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4    Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1*   Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5   Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0   Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4   Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0    Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	25.2
75+ 78.2 78.2 73.1 85.3 78.3 63.1 59.4  Sex Male 75.8* 77.3 64.9* 68.5* 63.4* 59.0 40.5* Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4  Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1* Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0	23.5
Sex       Male Female       75.8*       77.3       64.9*       68.5*       63.4*       59.0       40.5*         Race       White Black B5.5       84.6       79.5       78.2       72.8       69.5*       67.5*       60.4       47.1*         Black B5.5       81.5       75.1       80.1       83.9       67.3       63.5         Hispanic Psian B2.0       90.6       72.5       74.4       82.1       78.2       71.3       60.0         Asian Psian B2.0       48.0       67.8       56.7       58.4       37.4       41.4       41.4         Other       80.0       80.4       76.9       70.0       86.5       60.3       53.0	27.2
Female 84.6 79.5 80.4 73.2 75.9 63.3 57.4  Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1*  Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5  Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0  Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4  Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0  Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	33.9
Race White 79.5 78.2 72.8 69.5* 67.5* 60.4 47.1* Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0  Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	24.4
Black 85.5 81.5 75.1 80.1 83.9 67.3 63.5 Nispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0 Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	26.1
Hispanic 90.6 72.5 74.4 82.1 78.2 71.3 60.0 Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0 Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	24.1*
Asian 82.0 48.0 67.8 56.7 58.4 37.4 41.4 Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0 Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	31.5
Other 80.0 80.4 76.9 70.0 86.5 60.3 53.0  Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	26.4
Education Elementary 82.6* 90.5* 58.7* 61.0* 76.6* 78.5* 53.3*	30.5
Page 1 and 1	42.8
	22.5 X
Junior High 93.6 87.0 63.4 86.8 94.7 73.2 61.1	36.7
Some High School 85.3 80.6 77.9 81.4 81.8 65.9 59.2	34.6
	2 7
Some College 75.4 76.0 76.1 67.0 61.6 55.3 45.7	17 7
College Grad 71.8 70.3 69.9 57.1 54.0 46.1 37.0	15.6
Post-Graduate 65.3 66.7 74.4 50.8 36.9 42.8 36.8	12.8
Family Under \$6,000 86.6* 81.5* 79.3* 74.3* 88.8* 74.0* 64.9*	30.5*
	29.9
	27.9
	20.0
	20.7
	22.2
	17.7
Region Northeast 82.5 76.4* 76.1 70.9* 70.2 59.4 48.2*	26.0*
	22.8
	27.9
	23.5

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates the Chi-Square is significant at the .01 level.

Multiple Regression Analysis of Sentence Length With Offense, Offender, Victim, and Respondent Characteristics

Table 21.

		Regression S	Standard R Error Co	efficient
Dimension	Level	b	of b	beta
Log of Serio	ousness Score	25.5161	1.4934	0.1238
Property Theft and Damage Offenses	Arson-\$500,000 Larceny of \$10,000 Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$1,000 Larceny of \$100 Larceny of \$50 Larceny of \$10	-281.4843 -315.5855 -320.8402 -314.9739 -314.9536 -317.5762 -305.2026	7.7269 7.1814 7.4630 7.1616 7.0526 7.0297 7.1054	-0.3128 -0.4080 -0.3791 -0.4086 -0.4210 -0.4293 -0.4048
Burglary Offenses	Home-\$1,000 Building-\$10	-322.8909 -325.8923	7.4596 7.6854	-0.3816 -0.3619
Robbery Offenses	Gun-Death Gun-Hospital-\$1,000 Weapon-No Harm-\$10 Threat-No Harm-\$10	-40.1530 -295.2871 -357.2080 -370.1115	8.2118 8.1934 8.3250 7.9950	-0.0472 -0.3351 -0.397-3 -0.4441
Assault Offenses	Assault-Death Assault-Hospital Assault-Doctor Assault-No Injury	-71.7515 -362.4111 -378.4113 -345.6833	10.1312 10.1396 10.0533 8.1965	-0.0873 -0.4205 -0.4378 -0.3968
Forcible Rape Offenses	Death Oral Sex-No Other In Rape-No Other Injury		8.1033 8.1203 8.0732	0.0334 -0.2609 -0.2782
Drunk Driving Offenses	Death No Accident	-244.7351 -326.3744	7.5864 7.5682	-0.2830 -0.3716
Drug Offenses	Cocaine-Sold/Resale Cocaine-Used	-256.7057 Reference Category	7.5907 y	-0.2936 
Offender's Employment History	Blank Unemployed Never Had a Job Good-Paying Job Lives by Crime	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. 8.0688	3.6466	0.0141
Offender's Mental Condition	Blank Mentally Ill	Reference Categor 24.7403	y 3.4910	0.0438

(Continued on Next Page)

Table 21. (Continued)

Dimension	Level	Regression S Coefficient	Standard	Coefficient
Use of Drugs and	Blank On Drugs Crime to Buy Drugs Offender Was Drunk		3.7661 3.8386	0.0188
Number of Prior Convictions for Violent Offenses	Blank 0 1 3 6	Reference Category N.S7.2812 N.S. N.S.		 -0.0171  
Number of Prior Convictions for Property Offenses	Blank 0 1 3 6	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. N.S.		
Number of Previous Prison or Jail Sentences	Blank None 1 3 6	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. 14.5438		0.0204
Total Length of Prior Prison or Jall Sentences	Blank 6 Montns 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years	Reference Category N.S. N.S. N.S. N.S. 24.2895		0.0304
Weapon Used in Assault	Blank Gun Knife Fists Lead Pipe	33.6379 Reference Category 30.4011 39.1825 20.8381	9.9330	
Offender's Age	Blank 14 18 22 28 32 45	Reference Category -15.5665 -10.1523 -8.1590 N.S. N.S.	5.5128	-0.0280 -0.0202 -0.0166 
Offender's Sex	65 Male Female	N.S. 13.0753 Reference Categor	2.4124 y	0.0345

Table 21. (Continued)

Dimension	Level	Unstandardized Regression Coefficient b	Standard	Coefficient
Victim's Age	10 Years Old 14 Years Old 20 Years Old 30 Years Old 45 Years Old 60 Years Old 75 Years Old Blank	55.7777 59.7900 59.2313 43.0370 45.9363 31.0686 62.1260 Reference Catego	6.0284 5.7137 5.7404 5.6961 5.7036 5.8374	0.0722 0.0773 0.0551
Victim's Sex	Male Female	18.9108 Reference Catego		0.0352
Respondent's Age	18-24 None Significant	Reference Catego	ory 	-
Respondent's Sex	Male Female	N.S. Reference Catego	 ory	
Respondent's Race	White Black Hispanic Asian Other	N.S.	13.2525	
Respondent's Education	Elementary Junior High Some High School High School Grad Some College College Grad Post-Graduate		3.7975 3.8849 4.0515	-0.0273
Respondent's Family Income	\$ <\$6K \$6-13K \$13-19K \$19-29K \$29-48K \$48-75K \$75K+	Reference Categ N.S. -13.0825 -8.6798 -10.1950 N.S. -15.5280	3.6486 3.1832 3.2666	-0.0209 5 -0.0238
Retribution	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Importan	24.1065 N.S. t Reference Cat		0.0348 
Incapaci- tation	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Importan		7.084	

Table 21. (Continued)

Dimension		nstandardized Regression Coefficient	Standard Error	Regression Coefficient
Dimension			01 D	beta
Morality	Very Important Somewnat Important Not At All Important	15.0550 N.S. Reference Cate	5.2125  egory	0.0293
General Deterrence	Very Important Somewnat Important Not At All Important	30.1221 N.S. Reference Cate		0.0679
Desert	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Important	47.5396 37.0057 Reference Cate	7.2386 7.8705 egory	0.1076
Boundary Setting	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Important		8.6314	0.0650 0.0237
Special Deterrence	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Important	N.S. N.S. Reference Cat	egory	
Renabili- tation	Very Important Somewhat Important Not At All Important	-55.5629 -31.1188 Reference Cat	5.8699 7.8532 egory	-0.1271 -0.0329
	Constant	357.9607		
	Multiple R R Square Standard Error	0.7944 0.6310		

Multiple Regression Analysis of Sentence Length With Offense, Offender, Victim, and Respondent Characteristics Rank Ordered by Absolute Value of Beta

	Unstandardized Regression		tandardized Regression
	Coefficient	Error	Coefficient
Dimension and Level	b	of b	beta
			~
Rob-Threat-No Harm-\$10	-370.1115	7.9950	-0.4441
Assault-Doctor	-378.4113	10.0533	-0.4378
Larceny of \$50	-317.5762	7.0297	-0.4293
Larceny of \$100	-314.9535	7.0526	-0.4210
Assault-Hospital	-362.4111	10.1396	-0.4205
Larceny of \$1,000	-314.9739	7.1616	-0.4086
Larceny of \$10,000 Larceny of \$10	-315.5855	7.1814	-0.4080
Rob-Weapon-No Harm-\$10	-305.2026	7.1054	-0.4048
Assault-No Injury	-357.2080 -345.6833	8.3250	-0.3973
Burglary-Home-\$1,000	-342.8909	8.1965 7.4596	-0.3968
Car Theft-\$5,000	-320.8402	7.4590	-0.3816
Drunk Driving-No Accident		7.5682	-0.3791 -0.3716
Burglary-Building-\$10	-325.8923	7.6854	-0.3619
Rob-Gun-Hospital-\$1,000	-295.2871	8.1934	-0.3351
Arson-\$500,000	-281.4843	7.7269	-0.3128
Cocaine-Sold/Resale	-256.7057	7.5907	-0.2936
Drunk Driving-Death	-244.7351	7.5864	-0.2830
Rape-No Other Injury	-238.3326	8.0732	-0.2782
Rape-Oral Sex-No Other In		8.1203	-0.2609
Incapacitation-Very Imp.	-61.9441	5.1443	-0.1302
Renabilitation-Very Impor		5.8699	-0.1271
Log of Seriousness Score	25.5161	1.4934	0.1238
Incapacitation-Some. Imp.	-112.0108	7.0845	-0.1199
Desert-Very Important	47.5396	7.2386	0.1076
Assault-Death	-71.7515	10.1312	-0.0873
Victim 75 Years Old	62.1260	5.8374	0.0774
Victim 20 Years Old	59.2313	5.7137	0.0773
Victim 14 Years Old	59.7900	6.0284	0.0722
Victim 10 Years Old	55.7777	5.8058	.0.0711
Respondent Race-White	-32.7383	9.2397	-0.0711
General Deterrence-Very I		7.4378	0.0679
Boundary Setting-Very Imp		7.4995	0.0650
Victim 45 Years Old	45.9363	5.6961	0,0592
Victim 30 Years Old	43.0370	5.7404	0.0551
Desert-Somewhat Important		7.8705	0.0476
Robbery-Gun-Death	-40.1530	8.2118	-0.0472
Offender Mentally Ill	24.7403	3.4910	0.0438
Victim 60 Years Old	31.0686	5.7036	0.0401
Fists Used in Assault	39.1825	9.4896	0.0356
Victim Male	18.9108	3.9241	0.0352
Retribution-Very Imp.	24.1065	5.4345	0.0348
Offender Male	13.0753	2.4124	0.0343
Rape-Death	27.7096	8.1033	0.0334

Table 22. (Continued)

Dimension and Level	Unstandardized Regression Coefficient b		indardized legression efficient beta
Renabilitation—Some. Impo Weapon in Assaults Blank 10 Total Years in Prison Morality—Very Imp. Offender Age 14 Respondent Ed—Some Hign S Respondent Income \$13-19K Knife Used in Assault Respondent Income \$29-48K Boundary Setting—Some. Im Respondent Race—Hispanic Respondent Income \$19-29K Offender On Drugs 6 Prior Prison Sentences Offender Age 18 Pipe Used in Assault Respondent Ed—Junior High Crime to Buy Drugs Offender Was Drunk 1 Conv for Viol Offenses Offender Age 22 Offender Age 45 Respondent Income \$75K+ Offender Lives by Crime	-35.6173 -8.6798 12.3987 14.5438 -10.1523 20.8381	3.8849 4.0515 3.6486 9.9330 3.2666 8.6314 13.1832 3.76649 4.2160 9.3720 3.7975 3.8389 3.7649 4.0909 4.0804	-0.0329 0.0311 0.0304 0.0293 -0.0280 -0.0259 -0.0255 0.0253 -0.0237 -0.0237 -0.0230 -0.0208 0.0204 -0.0202 0.0195 -0.0188 0.0184 -0.0171 -0.0166 -0.0162 0.0141
Constant	357.9607		
Multiple R R Square Standard Error	0.7944 0.6310 102.4017		

TABLE 23. COMPARISON OF BJS 13 STATE INCARCERATION RATES, [Range],
AND CRIME SURVEY INCARCERATION RATES, IN PERCENTAGES

	BJS 13 STATES* (%)	BGSU SURVEY** (%)
Serious Violent Crime No Priors Any Priors	59 (38.3-74.5)	88.5 76.5 92.7
Serious Property Crime No Priors Any Priors	34 (19.3-43.9)	73.1 47.6 81.5
Homicide No Priors Any Priors	78 (52.8-90.6)	98.2 95.0 99.4
	72 (27.2-97.8)	94.4
(BJS data includes other sex No Priors Any Priors	crimes	85.3 97.7
Robbery No Priors Any Priors	72 (56.1-100)	79.6 61.2 85.5
Aggraveted Assault No Priors Any Priors	39 (30.8-50.7)	80.4 57.4 88.2
Burglary No Priors Any Priors	44 (36.5-61.3)	69.1 44.2 78.1
Larceny Petty Larceny No Priors Any Priors Grand Larceny No Priors Any Priors	27 (24.8-33.7)	54.7 21.9 65.4 73.1 43.5 81.0
Auto Theft No Priors Any Priors	41 [33.7-46.9]	72.9 44.8 84.5
Arson No Priors Any Priors	40 (31.1-53.2)	81.5 66.6 87.1
Drug Sale/Possession No Priors Any Priors	31 (12.1-43.5)	75.2 56.2 80.2
in the contract of the contrac		on the first of the second of

<sup>\*</sup> Percent of convictions that resulted in sentences of incarceration.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Percent of respondents whose most severe sentence was "jail or prison."

TABLE 24. COMPARISON OF BJS 13 STATE MEAN TIME SERVED, (Range), AND CRIME SURVEY SENTENCES, IN MONTHS

	BJS 13 STATES	BGSU SURVEY	SURVEY: ACTUAL RATIO
Serious Violent Crime No Priors Any Priors	38 (29.3-50.5)	211 200 214	5.5
Serious Property Crime No Priors Any Priors	19 (10.3-26.1)	62 37 67	3.2
Homicide No Priors Any Priors	58 (39.3-78.6)	379 341 392	6.5
Rape No Priors Any Priors	43 [25.5-63.7]	194 139 211	4.5
Robbery No Priors Any Priors	38 (29.1-61.5)	83 76 84	2.2
Aggravated Assault No Priors Any Priors	26 (17.4-37.0)	81 71 83	3.1
Burglary No Priors Any Priors	22 [13.8-30.5]	43 20 48	1.9
Larceny Petty Larceny No Priors Any Priors	15 [6.5-22.7]	39 31	2.5
Grand Larceny No Priors Any Priors		39 62 42 65	4.1
Auto Theft No Priors Any Priors	17 [11.9-24.9]	55 37 59	3.2
Arson No Priors Any Priors	24 [9.4-35.6]	100 54 113	4.1
Drug Sele/Possession No Priors Any Priors	17 [10.4-24.0)	106 <b>*</b> 85 110	6.3

<sup>\*</sup> Survey data referred only to cocaine sale and use.

TABLE 25

Main Emphasis (1970, 1981) or "Very Important" (1987) Reason for Imprisonment, 1970, 1981, 1987

			1987	<b>:</b> ]
Reason	1970	1981	Jail or <u>Prison Sentence</u>	Other Sentence
Punishment Retribution Desert	8	17	30 78	16 59
Rehabilitation  Incapacitation ["Protect society from future crimes"]	73	49 31	73 78	75 10
	93 <sup>(a)</sup>	97 <sup>[b]</sup>		

<sup>(</sup>a) 7% not sure.

<sup>(</sup>b) 3% not sure.

<sup>(</sup>c) Percent responding "very important."

<sup>(</sup>d) Source: 1970 & 1981 data from Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics 1983, Figure 2.14, p. 261.