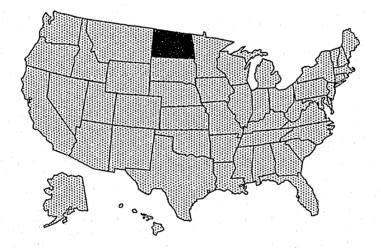


# STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Crime in North Dakota, 1992



151355



Attorney General Heidi Heitkamp

## **Office of the Attorney General**

Bureau of Criminal Investigation

### Crime in North Dakota: 1992

### NCJRS

### NOV 21 1994

### ACQUISITIONS

### A Summary of Uniform Crime Report Data

#### 151355

#### U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

This document has been reproduced exactly as received from the person or organization originating it. Points of view or opinions stated in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the National Institute of Justice.

Permission to reproduce this **descent** material has been granted by

North Dakota Office of the Attorney General /DOJ/BJS

to the National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS).

Further reproduction outside of the NCJRS system requires permission of the **outside** owner.

### Heidi Heitkamp Attorney General

Prepared by Judith H. Volk Research Analyst 1994

### INTRODUCTION

The North Dakota Uniform Crime Report (UCR) Program was established in response to the need for timely, accurate, and reliable reporting of the number and nature of crimes. The data obtained through the UCR Program serve as a set of uniformly defined criminal statistics for inter-agency, interstate, or national comparisons.

<u>Crime in North Dakota, 1992</u> is the result of a comprehensive analysis of the Uniform Crime Reports. It is intended to serve as a summary of statistics on crime in the counties and state of North Dakota and to provide legislators, government administrators (state, county, and city), law enforcement officials, the judiciary, and the general public with the most complete, reliable information available on reported criminal activity in North Dakota.

North Dakota law enforcement agencies may report UCR data in two ways.

Summary Reporting is a tally system of reporting the number of crime index offenses and arrests for each month. The summary system has been in place for many years.

Incident Based Reporting uses a standard incident form to collect data on each incident reported to the agency. This system collects more detailed information than is collected using summary reporting. Some examples of data collected are: type of incident; where and when the incident took place; victim characteristics; suspect/arrestee characteristics; and property involved in the incident.

In order to continue the statistical time series begun with summary reporting, computer programs were written to extract summary data from the incident data reported. <u>Crime in North Dakota, 1992</u> is a report on summary data. In the future, reports utilizing the more detailed incident data will be published.

Data collection, report preparation and publication of this report is supported by a grant from the Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Department of Justice.

### (This page intentionally left blank.)

ii

Table of Contents	Page
Introduction	i i
Table of Contents	
List of Tables	iv
List of Figures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
North Dakota Crime Summary, 1992	vii
North Dakota UCR Program	ix
Crime Index Offenses	<b>1</b>
Violent Crime	3
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	4
Forcible Rape	6
Robbery	7
Aggravated Assault	10
Property Crime	12
Burglary	13
Larceny/Theft	16
Motor Vehicle Theft	19
Clearances	21
Arrests	22
Property Loss to Crime	28
Index Offenses by Reporting Jurisdiction	29
Index Offenses by Judicial District	31
Rural-Urban Crime Distribution	32
Appendices:	33
A: UCR Offense Definitions	35
B: Number and Rate of Index Offenses by Reporting Jurisdiction	39
C: UCR Reporting Jurisdictions, 1992, Percent of Total Statewide I	ndex Offenses 45
D: Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees, by UCR Rep	oorting Agency 47
E: Number and Rate of Index Offenses, by Offense, North Dakota,	1970-1992 49
F: Ranking of States by Crime Rates Reported in Crime in the U.S.	<u>. 1992</u> 55
G: Arrests by Age. Sex and Offense 1992	61

iii

List of Tables
----------------

1.	Index Offenses Reported, North Dakota, 1992	- 1
2.	Index Offenses Reported, 1991-1992	2
3.	Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter Summary, North Dakota, 1992	5
4.	Robbery by Type of Weapon Used, North Dakota, 1992	8
5.	Robbery by Place of Occurrence, North Dakota, 1992	8
6.	Value of Property Stolen in Robberies, North Dakota, 1992	9
7.	Aggravated Assault by Type of Weapon Used, North Dakota, 1992	11
8.	Burglary by Location and Time of Occurrence, North Dakota, 1992	14
9.	Burglary by Type of Entry, North Dakota, 1992	14
10.	Value of Property Stolen in Burglaries, North Dakota, 1992	15
11.	Larceny/Theft by Type of Property, North Dakota, 1992	17
12.	Monetary Value of Larceny/Theft, North Dakota, 1992	17
13.	Value of Property Stolen in Larceny/Thefts, North Dakota, 1992	18
14.	Type of Vehicle Stolen, North Dakota, 1992	20
15.	Value of Stolen Motor Vehicles, North Dakota, 1992	20
16.	Clearance Rates, by Index Offense, 1991-1992	21
17.	Arrests Reported, North Dakota, 1992	23
18.	Comparison of Reported Arrests, North Dakota, 1991-1992	24
19.	Arrests Reported, Adult and Juvenile, North Dakota, 1992	25
20.	Arrests Reported, by Gender, North Dakota, 1992	26
21.	Arrests Reported, by Race, North Dakota, 1992	27
22.	Property Loss to Crime, North Dakota, 1977-1992	28
23.	Property Stolen and Recovered, by Property Type, North Dakota, 1992	28
24.	UCR Reporting Cities, Ranked by Crime Rate, 1992	29
25.	UCR Reporting County Sheriffs' Offices, Ranked by Crime Rate, 1992	30
26.	Index Offenses by Judicial District, North Dakota, 1992	31
27.	Rural-Urban Crime Distribution, 1982-1992	32

iv

	List of Figures	<u>Page</u>
1.	Crime Index Offenses, 1973-1992	1
2.	Violent Crime Totals, 1973-1992	3
З.	Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter Totals, 1973-1992	4
4.	Forcible Rape Totals, 1973-1992	6
5.	Robbery Totals, 1973-1992	7
6.	Aggravated Assault Totals, 1973-1992	10
7.	Property Crime Totals, 1973-1992	12
8.	Burglary Totals, 1973-1992	13
9.	Larceny/Theft Totals, 1973-1992	16
10.	Motor Vehicle Theft Totals, 1973-1992	19
11.	Judicial District Boundaries	31

¥

(This page intentionally left blank.)

### NORTH DAKOTA CRIME SUMMARY, 1992

In 1992, 18,382 crime index offenses were reported by local law enforcement agencies. This is an increase of 8 percent from the total of 17,021 reported in 1991.

Crime index offenses include: murder/non-negligent manslaughter; forcible rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary; larceny/theft; and motor vehicle theft.

The Census Bureau estimate of North Dakota's population in 1992 was 636,000. The index crime rate per 100,000 population for 1992 was 2890.3. The index crime rate for 1991 was 2680.5.

The total number of reported violent index crimes (murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) was 552. This represents an increase of 38 percent from the total of 401 reported in 1991.

Violent crime accounted for 3 percent of total index crimes reported in 1992.

Collectively, property crimes (burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft) increased 7 percent from 16,620 offenses in 1991 to 17,830 reported in 1992.

Ninety-seven percent of index crimes reported in North Dakota were property crimes.

The 14,452 larceny/thefts reported in 1992 accounted for 79 percent of total index crimes.

Over 11.2 million dollars worth of property was reported lost to crime in 1992 with 23 percent of that amount reported as recovered by law enforcement officials.

(This page intentionally left blank.)

### NORTH DAKOTA UCR PROGRAM

The North Dakota Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program involves the collection, compilation, and analysis of crime and arrest statistics reported by the various local law enforcement agencies throughout the state. Forty-nine sheriff's offices and 41 police departments reported to the UCR program in 1992.

Law enforcement agencies may report UCR data in two ways:

**INCIDENT BASED REPORTING:** Law enforcement agencies use a standard incident form to collect data on each incident reported to their agency. This form collects much more detailed information than is collected using summary reporting. Data collected includes: type of incident; where and when the incident took place; victim characteristics; suspect/arrestee characteristics; property involved in the incident; etc. Eighty agencies reported incident data for all or part of 1992. (Several agencies reported summary data for part of the year then switched to incident-based reporting.)

In order to continue the statistical time-series begun with summary reporting, computer programs were written to extract summary data from the incident data reported. <u>Crime in North Dakota, 1992</u> is a report on summary data. In the future, reports utilizing the more-detailed incident data will be published.

SUMMARY REPORTING: Law enforcement agencies use a tally system to report the number of crime index offenses and arrests for each month. Ten law enforcement agencies reported summary data for the full year of 1992.

The federal counterpart of the North Dakota UCR program is the National UCR program under the direction of the FBI. The UCR Program has been used nationally and in North Dakota for many years to measure the extent, distribution, and fluctuation of crime through the crime index. The crime index is not an absolute measure, but rather an indication of the amount and type of crime occurring in any given jurisdiction. The index is composed of seven crimes recognized as the most serious crimes in our society and the most frequently reported to law enforcement. The seven crimes are subclassified as follows:

VIOLENT CRIME:

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter Rape Robbery Aggravated Assault

**PROPERTY CRIME:** 

Burglary Larceny/Theft Motor Vehicle Theft

Federally, a Modified Crime Index is also calculated. This includes arson as the fourth property crime and the eighth index offense. Data on arson is not included in this report.

Prior to an offense becoming recorded in the UCR program, it must first be brought to the attention of local law enforcement officials and then must be reported by these local agencies to the UCR program. Therefore, the UCR program can only reflect crime indirectly in its reports as the statistics gathered in the program are based on reported offenses only. No one can state precisely how much crime goes unreported each year. Reporting of crimes depends on several factors, including actual perception of an act as being a crime, the probability of loss of status for reporting (as in cases of rape), and the perceived probability of action on the part of the law enforcement agency contacted.

Several types of data are gathered, including:

#### Offense Data

- The number of known crime index offenses
- Type and value of stolen property
- Additional information on homicides and arsons
- Law enforcement officers killed or assaulted

### Arrest and Clearance Data

- Numbers and types of index offenses cleared
- Numbers and types of index offenses cleared involving juveniles
- Number of persons arrested by offense
- Characteristics of persons arrested (age, sex, race)

To allow for comparison among several geographic and/or jurisdictional areas with differing populations, or to allow comparison across time of an area undergoing population fluctuations, the UCR program provides for the calculations of crime rates to remove any potential biases created by population differences. Since a rate relates the incidence of activity to population, it is possible to measure annual fluctuations in criminal activity by comparing rates of crime reported in any given year with those reported in other years. Federally, UCR crime index rates are calculated based on the number of reported offenses per 100,000 population.

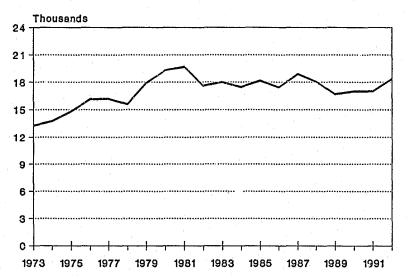
x

## **Crime Index Offenses**

Index Offenses	Number Reported	Percent of Total Index Offenses
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	15	0.1%
Forcible Rape	162	0.9
Robbery	53	0.3
Aggravated Assault	322	1.7
Violent Crime Subtotal	552	3.0
Burglary	2435	13.3
Larceny/Theft	14452	78.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	943	5.1
Property Crime Subtotal	17830	97.0
Total Index Offenses	18382	100.0

### TABLE 1 Index Offenses Reported North Dakota, 1992





1

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

# TABLE 2Index Offenses Reported1991-1992

Index Offense	1991	1992	Percent Change
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	11	15	36 %
Forcible Rape	120	162	35
Rape by Force	110	157	43
Attempts	10	5	-50
Robbery	47	53	13
Firearm	8	14	75
Knife or Cutting Instrument	7	7	0
Other Dangerous Weapon	18	19	6
Strong Arm - No Weapon	14	13	-7
Aggravated Assault	223	322	44
Firearm	9	20	122
Knife or Cutting Instrument	33	43	30
Other Dangerous Weapon	65	87	34
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.	116	172	48
VIOLENT CRIME TOTAL	401	552	38
Burglary	2305	2435	6
Forcible Entry	1474	1467	-1
Unlawful Entry - No Force	607	708	17
Attempted Forcible Entry	224	260	16
Larceny/Theft	13543	14452	7
Motor Vehicle Theft	772	943	22
Autos	596	751	26
Trucks and Buses	112	131	17
Other Vehicles	64	61	-5
PROPERTY CRIME TOTAL	16620	17830	7
INDEX OFFENSE TOTAL	17021	18382	8

## VIOLENT CRIME

- Violent crime includes the offenses of murder/non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. See Appendix A for UCR definitions of these and other index offenses.
- In 1992, 552 violent crimes were reported in North Dakota. This is a 38 percent increase from the 1991 total of 401 offenses.
- Violent crime totaled 3 percent of reported index crimes in North Dakota.
- Nationally, the FBI reported that violent crimes were approximately 13 percent of total index offenses. See Appendix F for information regarding violent crime rates reported in Crime in the United States, 1992.
- Figure 2 below illustrates the yearly totals of violent crimes reported in North Dakota for the period of 1973 through 1992. See Appendix E for yearly totals and rates of violent crime.

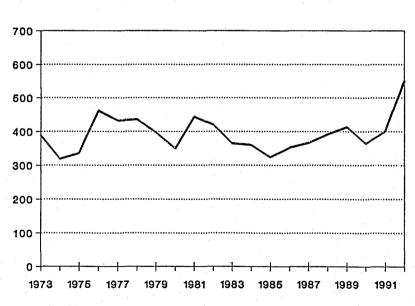


FIGURE 2 Violent Crime Totals 1973-1992

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

## MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

The UCR program defines Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter as the "willful killing of one human being by another." Attempts to murder, assaults to murder, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicides, and deaths caused by gross negligence are <u>not</u> included in this category.

- Fifteen murder/non-negligent manslaughters were known to the North Dakota UCR program in 1992.
- Twelve of the 15 victims were adults and 10 were male.
- Eight victims were slain with firearms. Four victims died as the result of knife wounds, 2 died from blows with blunt objects, and one child died of head injuries.
- Information regarding relationship between the victim and offender was not available for one incident in 1992. Of those cases in which relationship was reported, 13 of 14 victims knew their assailant(s).
- The 1992 state murder/non-negligent manslaughter rate is 2.4 per 100,000 population.
   The FBI estimates the national murder rate for 1992 at 9.3 per 100,000 inhabitants.
- In 1991, 11 deaths due to this offense were reported. The resulting murder/non-negligent manslaughter rate was 1.7 per 100,000 population.
- Figure 3 below presents the yearly murder/non-negligent manslaughter totals for the period 1973-1992. Data prior to 1978 does not include deaths occurring on the state's reservations. While law enforcement officials on the reservations do not report crime data to the UCR program, any known homicides are included in our state total.

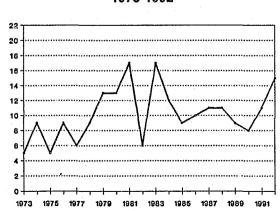


FIGURE 3 Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter Totals 1973-1992

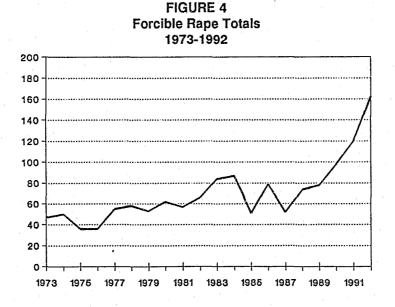
# TABLE 3Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter SummaryNorth Dakota, 1992

Date and Location	Victin	ı(s)	Assal	lant(s)		Relationship of Victim	
of Incident	AGE	SEX	AGE	SEX	Weapon Used	to Assailant	Circumstances
01/08/92 Rural Judson Morton County	71	M	63	М	.22 cal, Rifle	Brother	Man found shot to death in his home. Weapons stolen.
01/13/92 Bismarck	32	F	33	м	.45 cal. Handgun	Estranged Wife	Assallant violated protection order and shot victim at her home.
01/27/92 Menoken Burleigh County	40 44 16 12	F M F M	15	М	.32 cal. Rifle	Mother Father Sister Brother	Victims were found shot to death in their home.
03/30/92 Minot	INFANT	м	23	M	Beating	Son	Victim died of a head injury.
04/17/92 New Town Fort Berthold Res.	32	M	21 27	M	Knife	Acquaintance Acquaintance	Victim was found in his home. His throat had been cut and a fire had been started.
06/09/92 Tioga Williams County	43	Μ	25	М	Blunt Object	Acquaintance	Victim was a transient who was hit over the head and thrown from a moving train by another transient.
06/27/92 Mandaree Fort Berthold Res.	25	М	20	. <b>F</b>	Knife	Boyfriend	Victim was stabbed twice in the back by girlfriend after an argument.
07/04/92 Fargo	27	м	24 29	M M	Blunt Object	Acquaintance Acquaintance	Victim was found beaten to death on a Fargo street.
07/14/92 Golden Valley Co.	72	М	34	M	Handgun	Stranger	Victim was shot to death at a rest area. Apparent robbery.
08/06/92 Fort Totten Fort Totten Res.	86	F	14	М	Knife	Unknown	Victim was found stabbed to death in her home. Forcible entry.
09/25/92 Fargo	61	F	36	F	Knife	Mother	Victim was stabbed in the back by her daughter.
11/02/92 Bismarck	33	М	32	F	12-guage Shotgun	Former Boyfriend	Victim was shot at assailant's residence.

## FORCIBLE RAPE

The UCR program defines Forcible Rape as "carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will." Assaults to rape, attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included. Carnal abuse, statutory offenses (no force -- victim under age of consent), and other sex offenses are <u>not</u> included.

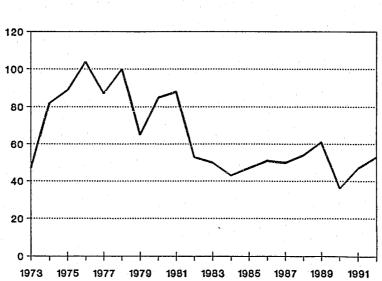
- In 1992, 162 forcible rapes were reported to local law enforcement in North Dakota. This
  is an increase of approximately 35 percent from the 1991 total of 120 offenses.
- Of the forcible rape offenses, 157 were rapes by force and 5 were reported as assaults or attempts to rape.
- Figure 4 is a graph of yearly totals for reported rapes during the period 1973 through 1992. See Appendix E for yearly totals and rates of forcible rape.
- Since the UCR definition states that victims of rape must be female, the rate of occurrence for reported rapes is calculated based only on the female population. The Census Bureau's 1992 population estimate for North Dakota is 636,000. The number of females is approximately half of that figure. The resulting rate is 50.9 reported rapes per 100,000 females in 1992, compared with 37.8 per 100,000 females in 1991. Nationally, the FBI's UCR statistics estimate a forcible rape rate of 84 per 100,000 females.
- In North Dakota, forcible rape accounted for about 29 percent of violent index crimes and 0.9 percent of total index crimes reported. Murder/non-negligent manslaughter and robbery are the only offenses which have smaller percentages, accounting for 0.1 percent and 0.3 percent of total index offenses, respectively.



### ROBBERY

Robbery is defined by the UCR program as "the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear."

- Fifty-three robberies were reported in North Dakota in 1992, an increase of 13 percent from the 47 reported in 1991.
- Figure 5 presents reported robberies totals each year for the twenty-year period 1973-1992.
- The 1992 robbery rate was approximately 8.3 per 100,000 population as compared with 7.4 per 100,000 population in 1991. The 1992 national robbery rate was estimated at 263.6 per 100,000 inhabitants.
- The value of property reported stolen in robberies in North Dakota was \$31,415, compared with \$22,989 in 1991.
- The average robbery in 1992 involved \$593 worth of property.



### FIGURE 5 Robbery Totals 1973-1992

- The UCR program categorizes robberies both by type of weapon used and place of occurrence. Table 4 provides a breakdown by type of weapon used. About 25 percent of the reported robberies involved the use of personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.). Firearms were used in 26 percent of the incidents.
- Nationally, firearms were used in 40 percent of robberies and another 40 percent involved strong-arm tactics. Knives and other dangerous weapons were used in 11 and 9 percent of robberies, respectively.
- Table 5 presents a breakdown of robberies by place of occurrence for North Dakota in 1992.

Type of Weapon	Number Reported	Percent of Total Robbery Offenses Reported
Firearm	14	26.4 %
Knife or Cutting Instrument	7	13.2
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.	13	24.5
Other Weapons	19	35.9
Total Robbery	53	100.0

# TABLE 4Robbery by Type of Weapon UsedNorth Dakota, 1992

# TABLE 5Robbery by Place of OccurrenceNorth Dakota, 1992

Place of Occurrence	Number Reported	Percent of Total Robbery Offenses Reported
Commercial House	11	20.7 %
Residence	10	18.9
Highway	8	15.1
Chain Store	7	13.2
Gas Station	3	5.7
Bank	1	1.9
Other	13	24.5
Total Robbery	53	100.0

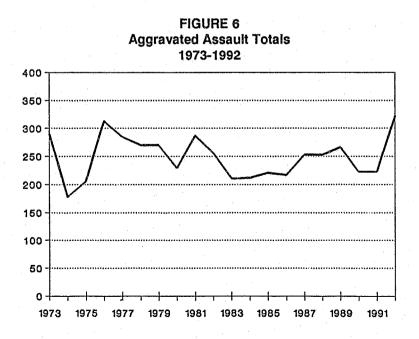
Place of Occurrence	Number Reported	Total Value by Place of Occurrence	Average Value Per Robbery
Commercial House	11	\$ 1321	\$ 120.09
Residence	10	18722	1872.20
Highway	8	702	87.75
Chain Store	7	361	51.57
Gas Station	3	530	176.67
Bank	1	2939	2939.00
Other	13	6840	526.15
Total Robbery	53	31415	592.74

# TABLE 6Value of Property Stolen in RobberiesNorth Dakota, 1992

## AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

The UCR program defines Aggravated Assault as "an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempts <u>are</u> included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed."

- In 1992, 322 aggravated assaults were reported in North Dakota. In 1991, 223 aggravated assaults were reported.
- The aggravated assault rate for North Dakota in 1992 was 50.6 per 100,000 population.
   The FBI estimated a national aggravated assault rate of 441.8 per 100,000 population.
- Figure 6 illustrates the yearly totals of aggravated assaults for the period 1973-1992. See Appendix E for yearly totals and rates for aggravated assaults.
- Table 7 on the following page is a percentage distribution of the types of weapons used in aggravated assaults.



Crime in North Dakota, 1992

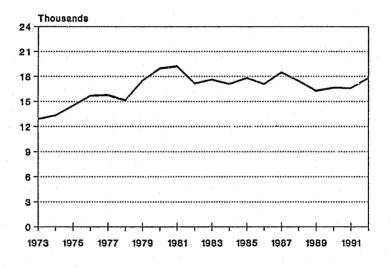
- Approximately 53 percent of reported aggravated assaults in North Dakota in 1992 involved the use of personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.). Firearms were used in approximately 6 percent of the total aggravated assaults.
- Nationally, 31 percent of aggravated assaults involved the use of blunt objects or other dangerous weapons. Twenty-six percent of aggravated assaults involved personal weapons, 25 percent involved firearms and 18 percent involved the use of a knife.

Type of Weapon Used	Number Reported	% of Total Aggrav. Assault Offenses Reported
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.	172	53.4 %
Other Dangerous Weapon	87	27.0
Knife or Cutting Instrument	43	13.4
Firearm	20	6.2
Total Aggravated Assault	322	100.0

# TABLE 7Aggravated Assault by Type of Weapon UsedNorth Dakota, 1992

## **PROPERTY CRIME**

- Property crime includes the offenses of burglary, larceny/theft, and motor vehicle theft.
- In 1992 the total number of property crimes reported was 17,830. This is an increase of 7 percent from the 1991 total of 16,620 offenses.
- Property crime accounts for approximately 97 percent of the index offenses reported in North Dakota.
- Figure 7 presents property crime totals in North Dakota for the period from 1973 through 1992. See Appendix E for yearly totals and rates for property crime.

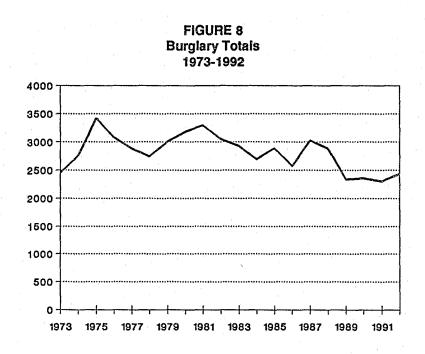


### FIGURE 7 Property Crime Totals 1973-1992

## BURGLARY

The UCR program defines burglary as the "unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as burglary." Burglaries are classified into three categories: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

- In 1992, 2,435 burglaries were reported to the UCR program. This is a 6 percent increase from the total of 2,305 reported in 1991.
- Figure 8 illustrates burglary totals each year for the period of 1973 through 1992. See Appendix B for more information on the number of reported burglaries and rate of occurrence for each reporting jurisdiction.
- The rate of burgiaries based on population is 382.9 per 100,000 inhabitants for 1992, as compared with 363.0 per 100,000 in 1991. Nationally, the estimated burglary rate for 1992 is 1168 per 100,000 population.



- The UCR program also classifies burglaries by the time and location. Table 8 below presents this breakdown.
- Approximately 57 percent were burglaries of non-residences. Sixty percent of the burglaries occurred at night.
- Table 9 is a percent distribution of total burglaries reported by type of entry.
- Over 60 percent of burglaries involved forcible entry.
- The average burglary involved \$851 worth of property.

### TABLE 8 Burglary By Location and Time of Occurrence North Dakota, 1992

Time of Day	Residence	Non-Residence	Total
Night	507	961	1468
Day	405	335	740
Unknown Time	124	103	227
Total Burglary	1036	1399	2435

### TABLE 9 Burglary by Type of Entry North Dakota, 1992

Type of Entry	Number Reported	Percent of Total Burglaries Reported
Forcible Entry	1467	60.2 %
Unlawful Entry - No Force	708	29.1
Attempted Forcible	260	10.7
Total Burglary	2435	100.0

14

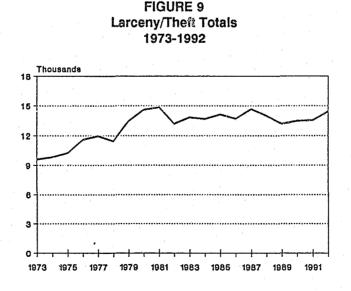
Location/Time	Number Reported	Total Value	Average Value
Residence - Night	507	\$ 349,099	\$ 688.56
Residence - Day	405	421,512	1040.77
Residence - Unknown	124	54,164	436.81
Total Residence	1036	824,775	796.11
Non-Residence - Night	961	924,046	961.55
Non-Residence - Day	335	224,038	668.77
Non-Residence - Unknown	103	100,144	972.27
Total Non-Residence	1399	1,248,228	892.23
Total Burglaries	2435	2,073,003	851.36

# TABLE 10Value of Property Stolen in BurglariesNorth Dakota, 1992

## LARCENY/THEFT

The UCR program defines larceny/theft as the "unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc., in which no use of force, violence or fraud occurs. In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, this crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks. Motor vehicle theft is also excluded from this category inasmuch as it is a separate crime index offense."

- A total of 14,452 larceny/thefts were reported in North Dakota in 1992. This is a 7 percent increase from the 1991 total of 13,543.
- The larceny/theft rate per 100,000 population was 2272.3 compared to 2132.8 in 1991.
- Nationally, the FBI estimated larceny/theft rate for 1992 was 3103 per 100,000 population.
- The average dollar value per offense increased from \$348 in 1991 to \$462 in 1992.
- Larceny/thefts accounted for 78.6 percent of the total index offenses reported and amounted to approximately 60 percent of the total value of stolen property.
- The total reported larceny/thefts in North Dakota each year from 1973 through 1992 is illustrated in Figure 9.



Crime in North Dakota, 1992

- A percentage distribution of reported larceny/thefts is presented in Table 11. The largest single category of reported larceny/thefts was thefts from motor vehicles with nearly 21 percent of the total. Approximately 26 percent of all larceny/thefts reported in North Dakota fall into the "All other" category.
- The UCR program classifies larceny/theft offenses by the dollar values involved. See Table 12.

Type of Property	Number Reported	Percent of Total Larcenies Reported
From Motor Vehicle	2977	20.6 %
Motor Vehicle Parts and Acc.	2105	14.6
From Building	2054	14.2
Shoplifting	1983	13.7
Bicycles	1425	9.9
From Coin-Operated Machine	181	1.2
Purse-Snatching	26	0.2
Pocket-Picking	14	0.1
All Other	3687	25.5
Total Larceny/Theft	14452	100.0

# TABLE 11 Larceny/Theft by Type of Property North Dakota, 1992

# TABLE 12 Monetary Value of Larceny/Theft North Dakota, 1992

Value of Larceny/Theft	Number Reported	Percent of Total Larceny/Thefts Reported
Under \$50	4936	34.2 %
\$50 to \$200	4413	30.5
Over \$200	5103	35.3
Total Larceny/Theft	14452	100.0

17

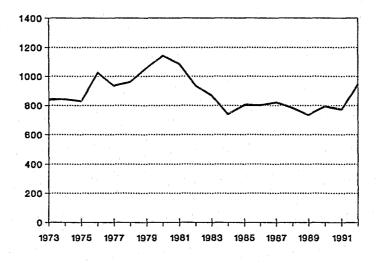
Type of Offense	Number Reported	Total Value	Average Value
From Motor Vehicle	2977	\$ 1,714,547	\$ 575.93
Motor Vehicle Parts	2105	608,935	289.28
From Building	2054	1,077,601	524.64
Shoplifting	1983	103,802	52.35
Bicycles	1425	254,043	178.28
From Coin-Oper. Machine	181	49,774	274.99
Purse-Snatching	26	3,301	126.96
Pocket-Picking	14	3,396	242.57
All Other	3687	2,857,025	774.89
Total Larceny/Theft	14452	6,672,424	461.70

# TABLE 13 Value of Property Stolen in Larceny/Thefts North Dakota, 1992

## MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Motor vehicle theft is defined by the UCR program as "the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, this offense category includes the stealing of automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motorscooters, snowmobiles, etc. The definition excludes the taking of a motor vehicle for temporary use by those persons having lawful access."

- A total of 943 motor vehicle thefts were reported in 1992. This is an increase of 22 percent from the 1991 total of 772.
- The resulting motor vehicle theft rate for North Dakota is 148.3 per 100,000 population. A
  national motor vehicle theft rate estimate of 631.5 per 100,000 population was reported in
  Crime in the United States, 1992.
- Figure 10 illustrates the total motor vehicle thefts each year from 1973 through 1992.



### FIGURE 10 Motor Vehicle Theft Totals 1973-1992

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

The UCR program classifies motor vehicle thefts by type of vehicle. Table 14 is a
percentage distribution by vehicle type. The "Other Vehicles" category includes all other
motor vehicles as limited by the UCR program definition. Examples include motorcycles,
snowmobiles, trail bikes, etc. Thefts of farm equipment, airplanes, and construction
equipment are not included in the motor vehicle theft category, but are reported as
larceny/thefts.

# TABLE 14Type of Vehicle StolenNorth Dakota, 1992

Type of Vehicle	Number Reported	Percent of Total Motor Veh. Thefts Reported
Autos	751	79.6 %
Trucks and Buses	131	13.9
Other Vehicles	61	6.5
Total Motor Vehicle Thefts	943	100.0

### TABLE 15 Value of Stolen Motor Vehicles North Dakota, 1992

	Number Reported	Total Value	Average Value
Total Motor Vehicle Thefts	943	\$ 2,431,575	\$ 2,578.55

## **CLEARANCES**

The UCR program defines an offense as "cleared" by law enforcement when "at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of the offense, and turned over to the court for prosecution. Several crimes may be cleared by the arrest of one person, while the arrest of many persons may clear only one offense. Law enforcement agencies may clear a crime by exceptional means when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes the placing of formal charges against the offender. Examples of circumstances allowing such clearances are the death of the offender (suicide, justifiably killed by police or private citizen, etc.); the victim's refusal to cooperate with prosecution after the offender has been identified; or the denial of extradition."

- Approximately 26 percent of the reported index offenses were reported cleared in North Dakota in 1992.
- In North Dakota, approximately 60 percent of total violent index crimes reported to the UCR program were reported cleared in 1992. Clearance rates for violent crimes ranged from 46 percent for forcible rape to 100 percent for murder/non-negligent manslaughter. See Table 16 for further information.
- Approximately 25 percent of the total property index crimes were reported cleared in 1992. Clearance rates for the individual property crimes range from 18 percent for burglary to 40 percent for motor vehicle theft.

TABLE 16
<b>Clearance Rates</b>
by Index Offense
1991-1992

Index Offense	1991	1992	1992 U.S.
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	82 %	100 %	65 %
Forcible Rape	43	46	52
Robbery	40	51	24
Aggravated Assault	65	66	56
Burglary	18	18	13
Larceny/Theft	26	25	20
Motor Vehicle Theft	42	40	14

## ARRESTS

- Although primarily an indication of law enforcement activity, the number of arrests reported does provide a limited profile of the perpetrators of crime, especially for those crimes which have high clearance rates. Differing arrest practices, policies and enforcement emphases among agencies influence the volume of arrests for various offenses, particularly those against public order such as vagrancy, disorderly conduct, and related violations. However, arrests for serious crimes, e.g., robbery or burglary, are more likely to be consistent and uniform throughout all jurisdictions across the state.
- The UCR program requires that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion an individual is taken into custody. Although several charges may be lodged against a person at the time of the arrest, only one arrest is counted for each separate time the individual is taken into custody.
- North Dakota law enforcement agencies reported 26,483 arrests in 1992. A total of 25,532 arrests were reported in 1991.
- In 1992, approximately 28 percent of total arrests were arrests of juveniles.
- Seventy-five percent of total arrests were males.
- About 2 percent of total arrests were reported without age information.
- Juveniles were arrested most often for larceny/theft.
- The offense committed most often by adult males was driving under the influence. Adult females were arrested most often for fraud. See Appendix G for arrest information by age, sex and offense.
- Only 4,575, or 17 percent, of the reported arrests were arrests for crime index offenses. Approximately 55 percent, or 2,506, of these were arrests of juveniles. In 1991, 53 percent of arrests for crime index offenses were arrests of juveniles.
- The 9,190 reported arrests for DUI and liquor law violations represents approximately 35 percent of the total arrests reported in the state of North Dakota in 1992. Arrests for DUI increased 3 percent from 4,607 in 1991 to 4,745 in 1992. Liquor law violation arrests decreased slightly from 4,448 reported in 1991 to 4,445 reported in 1992.
- Table 21 reviews arrests reported in 1992 in terms of racial category. Approximately 88 percent of total arrests were white, about 10 percent were Native American.
- These statistics are provided by local law enforcement agencies which contribute to the North Dakota UCR program. No arrest figures for reservations in the state are included in these totals. Tribal law enforcement agencies currently do not participate in the UCR program.

# TABLE 17Arrests ReportedNorth Dakota, 1992

Offense Classification	Number Reported	Percent of Total Arrests	
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	8	*	
Negligent Manslaughter	3	*	
Forcible Rape	53	0.2 %	
Robbery	29	0.1	
Aggravated Assault	141	0.5	
Burglary	556	2.1	
Larceny/Theft	3470	13.1	
Motor Vehicle Theft	318	1.2	
Simple Assault	1069	4.0	
Arson	31	0.1	
Forgery and Counterfeiting	247	0.9	
Fraud	4183	15.8	
Embezzlement	Ç	0.0	
Stolen Property Offenses	176	0.7	
Vandalism	813	3.1	
Weapons Offenses	116	0.4	
Prostitution	3	*	
Sex Offenses	85	0.3	
Drug Abuse Violations	532	2.0	
Gambling	16	0.1	
Offenses Against Family & Children	332	1.3	
Driving Under the Influence	4745	17.9	
Liquor Law Violations	4445	16.8	
Disorderly Conduct	1139	4.3	
All Other Offenses	2739	10.3	
Suspicion	6	*	
Curfew and Loitering	366	1.4	
Runaways	862	3.3	
Total Arrests	26483	100.0	

\* Less than 0.1 percent of total arrests.

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

# TABLE 18Comparison of Reported ArrestsNorth Dakota, 1991-1992

Offense Classification	1991	1992	Percent Change
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	5	8	60 %
Negligent Manslaughter	3	3	0
Forcible Rape	30	53	76
Robbery	18	29	61
Aggravated Assault	114	141	24
Burglary	409	556	36
Larceny/Theft	3524	3470	-2
Motor Vehicle Theft	272	318	17
Simple Assault	931	1069	15
Arson	55	31	-44
Forgery and Counterfeiting	204	247	21
Fraud	4252	4183	-2
Embezzlement	4	0	-100
Stolen Property Offenses	196	176	-10
Vandalism	678	813	20
Weapons Offenses	85	116	36
Prostitution	2	3	50
Sex Offenses	95	85	11
Drug Abuse Violations	461	532	15
Gambling	9	16	78
Offenses Against Family & Children	167	332	99
Driving Under the Influence	4607	4745	3
Liquor Law Violations	4448	4445	*
Disorderly Conduct	1132	1139	*
All Other Offenses	2750	2739	*
Suspicion	38	6	-84
Curfew and Loitering	337	366	9
Runaways	706	862	22
Total Arrests	25532	26483	4

\* Percent change is less than 1 percent.

# TABLE 19Arrests ReportedAdult and JuvenileNorth Dakota, 1992

Offense Classification	Juvenile	Adult	No Age Reported	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter		7	1	8
Negligent Manslaughter		2	1	3
Forcible Rape	13	39	1	53
Robbery	8	21		29
Aggravated Assault	30	110	1	141
Burglary	272	281	3	556
Larceny/Theft	1972	1483	15	3470
Motor Vehicle Theft	211	100	7	318
Simple Assault	316	741	12	1069
Arson	26	5		31
Forgery and Counterfeiting	52	189	6	247
Fraud	13	3977	193	4183
Embezzlement				0
Stolen Property Offenses	93	82	1	176
Vandalism	549	257	7	813
Weapons Offenses	56	59	1	116
Prostitution		3		3
Sex Offenses	28	54	3	85
Drug Abuse Violations	27	474	31	532
Gambling		16		16
Offenses Against Family & Children	155	172	5	332
Driving Under the Influence	86	4631	28	4745
Liquor Law Violations	1260	3112	73	4445
Disorderly Conduct	315	820	4	1139
All Other Offenses	689	1998	52	2739
Suspicion	3	3		6
Curfew and Loitering	366			366
Runaways	862		-	862
Total Arrests	7402	18636	445	26483

# TABLE 20Arrests Reportedby GenderNorth Dakota, 1992

Offense Classification	Male	Female	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	6	2	8
Negligent Manslaughter	3		3
Forcible Rape	52	1	53
Robbery	27	2	29
Aggravated Assault	125	16	141
Burglary	524	32	556
Larceny/Theft	2462	1008	3470
Motor Vehicle Theft	252	66	318
Simple Assault	855	214	1069
Arson	19	12	31
Forgery and Counterfeiting	175	72	247
Fraud	2587	1596	4183
Embezzlement			0
Stolen Property Offenses	153	23	176
Vandalism	738	75	813
Weapons Offenses	112	4	116
Prostitution		3	3
Sex Offenses	84	1	85
Drug Abuse Violations	461	71	532
Gambling	7	9	16
Offenses Against Family & Children	242	90	332
Driving Under the Influence	3954	- 791	4745
Liquor Law Violations	3273	1172	4445
Disorderly Conduct	924	215	1139
All Other Offenses	2110	629	2739
Suspicion	6		6
Curfew and Loitering	204	162	366
Runaways	353	509	862
Total Arrests	19708	6775	26483

#### TABLE 21 Arrests Reported by Race North Dakota, 1992

			Native		<b></b>
Offense Classification	White	Black	American	Asian	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	8			······································	8
Negligent Manslaughter	2	1			3
Forcible Rape	42	1	10		53
Robbery	21	1	7		29
Aggravated Assault	111	1	26	3	141
Burglary	498	3	45	10	556
Larceny/Theft	2977	37	425	31	3470
Motor Vehicle Theft	233	3	80	2	318
Simple Assault	882	22	154	11	1069
Arson	27	3	1		31
Forgery and Counterfeiting	222	2	23		247
Fraud	3986	47	142	8	4183
Embezzlement	:				0
Stolen Property Offenses	142	4	26	4	176
Vandalism	719	8	83	3	813
Weapons Offenses	107		9		116
Prostitution	1	2			3
Sex Offenses	74	2	9		85
Drug Abuse Violations	491	5	35	11	532
Gambling	16				16
Offenses Against Family & Children	<u>_ 266</u>	15	50	1	332
Driving Under the Influence	4236	18	473	18	4745
Liquor Law Violations	4001	31	406	7	4445
Disorderly Conduct	866	29	242	2	1139
All Other Offenses	2373	32	328	6	2739
Suspicion	6				6
Curfew and Loitering	308	3	55		366
Runaways	695	23	141	3	862
Total Arrests	23310	293	2770	110	26483

•

## **PROPERTY LOSS TO CRIME**

- Table 22 presents the annual statewide dollar value of reported property losses, value of property recovered, and percent recovered for the period of 1977 through 1992.
- Table 23 provides a breakdown of value of property reported stolen by type of property. Twenty-three percent of the total dollar value of property stolen was recovered in 1992.

	Value	Value	Percent	
Year	Stolen	Recovered	Recovered	
1977	\$4,647,442	\$2,181,163	47 %	
1978	5,969,383	2,790,073	47	
1979	7,053,153	3,568,907	51	
1980	8,773,753	3,992,838	46	
1981	8,865,139	4,109,378	46	
1982	8,725,532	4,305,097	49	
1983	8,782,823	3,957,757	45	
1984	7,740,904	3,448,505	45	
1985	8,116,022	3,686,750	45	
1986	7,452,333	3,303,453	44	
1987	8,577,693	3,165,137	37	
1988	9,225,631	3,391,176	37	
1989	8,251,241	3,302,306	40	
1990	11,115,640	3,440,667	31	
1991	8,443,034	2,698,099	32	
1992	11,208,431	2,573,734	23	

# TABLE 22Property Loss to CrimeNorth Dakota, 1977-1992

# TABLE 23 Property Stolen and Recovered, by Property Type North Dakota, 1992

Type of Property	Value Stolen	Value Recovered	%
Currency, Notes, etc.	\$ 866.090	\$ 35,865	4%
Jewelry & Precious Metals	559,051	62,116	11
Clothing and Furs	225,739	35,968	16
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	2,945,570	1,976,430	67
Office Equipment	135,239	10,215	8
TV's, Radios, Cameras, etc.	1,015,635	81,302	8
Firearms	239,267	23,850	10
-lousehold Goods	185,434	13,577	7
Consumable Goods	240,278	23,631	10
Livestock	104.695	3,633	3
Miscellaneous	4,687,433	307,147	7
GRAND TOTAL	11,208,431	2,573,734	23

## INDEX OFFENSES BY REPORTING JURISDICTION

- Table 24 ranks the cities by crime rate per 100,000 population for 1992.
- In 1992, 49 of the 53 county sheriff's departments reported directly to the UCR program.
   Forty-one city police departments submitted data.
- Table 25 lists county population, the number of index offenses reported by the county sheriff's office and county index crime rate per 100,000 population for 1992. Total offenses reported varied from 0 reported by the Billings County Sheriff's Office to 236 index offenses reported by Cass County Sheriff's Office.

#### TABLE 24 UCR Reporting Cities Ranked by Crime Rate 1992

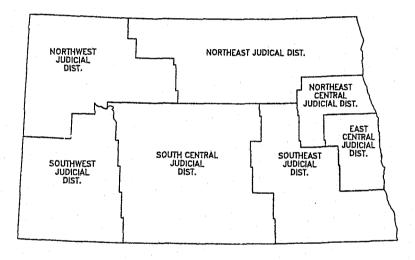
	City	Population	Index Total	Rate/ 100,000
1	Grand Forks	39.207	2894	7381.3
2	Grafton	4,818	344	7139.0
3	Mandan	15,109	848	5612.5
4	Minot	34,391	1894	5507.3
5	Fargo	73,832	3732	5054.7
4 5 6 7	Devils Lake	7,747	391	5047.1
7	Bismarck	49,038	2278	4645.4
ģ	Williston	13,072	582	4452.3
8 9	West Fargo	12,232	435	3556.2
10	Beulah	3,347	119	3555.4
11	Dickinson	16,026	506	3157.4
12	UND	10,000	286	2860.0
13	Rugby		265	
13	Jamestown	2,895 15,502	403	2659.8 2599.7
15	Hillsboro		38	
16		1,481		2565.8
17	Watford City Steele	1,775 758	36 15	2028.2
18				1978.9
19	Valley City New Rockford	7,131	130	1823.0
20	Lehr	1,590	27	1698.1
20	Bowman	191 1,732	3	1570.7
22	Cavalier		26	1501.2
22	Larimore	1,501	19	1265.8
23		1,457	16	1098.1
	Fessenden	656	6	914.6
25	Hazen	2,805	22	784.3
26	Napoleon	925	7	756.8
27	Harvey	2,252	15	710.5
28	Lisbon	2,167	15	692.2
29	Crosby	1,306	9	689.1
30	Wishek	1,165	8	686.7
31	Cooperstown	1,248	8	641.0
32	Casselton	1,603	9	561.4
33	Thompson	925	5	540.5
34	Carrington	2,256	12	531.9
35	Elgin	761	2	262.8
36	Mayville	2,082	5	240.2
37	Parshall	938		106.6
38	Linton	1,403	1	71.3
39	Oakes	1,766	1	56.6
40	Portland	598	0 jan 19	0.0
41	Northwood	1,160	0	0.0
*	Wahpeton	8,711	****NO REPORT	

# TABLE 25UCR Reporting County Sheriffs' OfficesRanked by Crime Rate1992

	County	Population	Index Total	Rate/ 100,000
1	Logan	1.716	39	2272.7
	Morion	8,485	151	1779.6
2 3	Stutsman		117	1762.0
. 3		6,640		
4	Cavaller	6,036	101	1673.3
5	Williams	7,962	131	1645.3
6	Walsh	8,960	144	1607.1
7	Cass	14,850	236	1589.2
8	Eddy	1,340	20	1492.5
9	Bottineau	7,975	110	1379.3
10	Burleigh	10,826	147	1357.8
11	Mercer	3,608	47	1302.7
12	Oliver	2,369	29	1224.1
13	Slope	902	11	1219.5
14	Ramsey	4,876	58	1189.5
15	Grand Forks	17,618	206	1169.3
16	Emmons	3,404	39	1145.7
17	Golden Valley	2,098	24	1143.9
18	Dickey	4,312	49	1136.4
19	Wells	2,928	33	1127.0
20	McHenry	6,499	73	1123.2
21	Richland	9.355	102	1090.3
22	Sargent	4,527	49	1082.4
23	Renville	3,145	34	1081.1
	Pierce		22	1031.4
24		2,133		
25	Benson	7,166	73	1018.7
26	Kidder	2,558	26	1016.4
27	McLean	10,410	99	951.0
28	McKenzie	4,578	43	939.3
29	Ward	23,273	218	936.7
30	Barnes	5,357	47	877.4
31	Mountrail	6,050	52	859.5
32	Adams	3,159	27	854.7
33	Stark	6,704	56	835.3
33	Pembina	7,696	58	753.3
35	Ransom	3,726	27	724.6
35	Roletre	12,715	88	692.1
37	Traill	4,549	31	681.5
38	Divide	1,579	9	570.0
39	McIntosh	2,837	16	564.0
40	Sheridan	2,138	11	514.5
41	Steele	2,408	11	456.8
42	Bowman	1,845	7	379.4
43	LaMoure	5,358	18	335,9
44	Dunn	3,987	12	301.0
	Grant			180.4
45		2,771	5	
46	Towner	3,610	5	138.5
47	Hettinger	3,427	2	58.3
48	Burke	2,988	1	33.5
49	Billings	1,102	0	·0.0
50	Foster	1,707	****NO REPO	RT****
51	Griggs	2,039	****NO REPO	
52	Nelson	4,389	****NO REPO	
53	Sioux	3,743	****NO REPO	
	SIUUX	0,/40	NU HEPU	<b>D I</b>

## **INDEX OFFENSES BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

- This section presents index crime rates calculated for each judicial district to provide for ready comparison with data on court caseloads published annually by the state court administrator. Figure 11 is a map of the judicial district boundaries. The crime rate for each district for 1992 is shown in Table 26 and a ranking is given by crime rate.
- Geographic size and population size seem to impact reported crime most significantly when a relatively large population is grouped into a relatively small geographical area, as in the cases of the East Central and Northeast Central Judicial Districts.



#### FIGURE 11 Judical District Boundaries

TABLE 26
Index Offenses by Judicial District
North Dakota, 1992

 District	Population	Index Total	Rate/ 100,000	Rank
Northeast Central	78,043	3,415	4375.8	1
East Central	113,635	4,497	3957.4	2
Northwest	97,912	2,976	3039.5	3
South Central	136,203	3,967	2912.6	4
Northeast	87,772	1,597	1819.5	5
Southwest	40,984	671	1637.2	6
Southeast	81,451	1,256	1542.0	7

## **RURAL-URBAN CRIME DISTRIBUTION**

- The "urban" areas of the state, for purposes of this analysis, are defined as those cities which have populations of 2,500 or greater and report directly to the UCR program. If the population of a city which has been considered "urban" in the past drops below 2,500, they are no longer included as "urban" and become part of the "rural" analysis. Conversely, if a city's population increases to 2,500 or greater, they are no longer considered "urban" analysis.
- The cities included as "urban" for 1992 include: Beulah; Bismarck; Devils Lake; Dickinson; Fargo; Grand Forks; Grafton; Hazen; Jamestown; Mandan; Minot; Rugby; Valley City; Wahpeton; West Fargo and Williston. Total urban population for 1992 is 315,863. Since the police department in Wahpeton did not report UCR data in 1992, estimates were made for that agency.
- While 50 percent of the state's population is "rural", the rural areas contributed only 17 percent of the total index crimes reported in 1992.

				URBAN						
Year	Population	% of Total Population	Index Offenses	Rate per 100,000	% of Total Crime	Population	% of Total Population	Index Offenses	Rate per 100,000	% of Total Crime
1982	370,531	55	4,019	1084.7	23	299,469	45	13,582	4535.4	77
1983	376,030	55	4,344	1155.2	24	303,970	45	13,666	4495.8	76
1984	373,659	54	3,843	1028.5	22	312,341	46	13,636	4365.7	78
1985	373,659	54	3,678	984.3	20	312,341	46	14,478	4635.3	80
1986	369,589	54	3,579	968.4	20	309,411	46	13,879	4485.6	80
1987	361,703	54	3,777	1044.2	20	310,297	46	15,107	4868.6	80
1988	353,174	53	3,582	1014.2	20	309,826	47	14,495	4678.4	80
1989	354,075	54	3,095	874.1	19	305,925	46	13,609	4448.5	81
1990	321,575	50	3,175	987.3	19	317,225	50	13,846	4364.7	81
1991	316,948	50	3,201	1009.9	19	318,052	50	13,820	4345.2	81
1992	320,137	50	3,202	1000.2	17	315,863	50	15,180	4805.9	83

# TABLE 27Rural - Urban Crime Distribution1982-1992

# APPENDICES

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

(This page intentionally left blank.)

#### **OFFENSES IN UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING**

Offenses in Uniform Crime Reporting are divided into two groupings designated as Part I and Part II crimes. Information on the number of Part I offenses known to law enforcement, the number cleared by arrest or exceptional means, and the number of persons arrested is reported monthly. Arrest data are reported for Part I and Part II offenses. The Crime Index is composed of offenses 1-7 with the exception as noted in item 1 below.

<u>NOTE</u>: The classifications of these offenses for UCR reporting purposes are based on law enforcement investigation as opposed to determination by a court, medical examiner, jury, or other judicial hearing.

#### **PART I OFFENSES:**

#### 1. CRIMINAL HOMICIDE

#### a. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter:

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded. Justifiable homicides are limited to: (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; and (2) the killing of a felon by a private citizen.

#### b. Manslaughter by negligence:

The killing of another person through gross negligence. Excludes traffic fatalities. While manslaughter by negligence is a Part I crime, it is not included in the Crime Index.

#### 2. FORCIBLE RAPE

The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Included are rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape. Statutory offenses (no force used -- victim under age of consent) are excluded.

#### 3. ROBBERY

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or putting the victim in fear.

#### 4. AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

An unlawful act by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.

#### 5. BURGLARY

Breaking or entering. The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.

#### 6. LARCENY/THEFT

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles or automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc., are excluded.

#### 7. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self-propelled and runs on the surface and not on rails. Specifically excluded from this category are motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment.

#### 8. Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle, personal property of another, etc.

#### PART II OFFENSES

#### 9. OTHER ASSAULTS (SIMPLE)

Assaults or attempted assaults where no weapon was used cr which did not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim.

#### **10. FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING**

Making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Attempts are included.

#### 11. FRAUD

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Included are larceny by ballee and bad checks except forgeries and counterfeiting.

#### **12. EMBEZZLEMENT**

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

#### 13. STOLEN PROPERTY- BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING

Buying, receiving, or possessing stolen property, including attempts.

#### 14. VANDALISM

Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal without consent of the owner or person having custody or control.

#### 15. WEAPON OFFENSES - CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.

All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers. Attempts are included.

#### 16. PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE

Sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring, or transporting women for immoral purposes. Attempts are included.

#### 17. SEX OFFENSES (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice)

Statutory rape and offenses against chastity, common decency, morals and the like. Attempts are included.

#### **18. DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS**

State and local offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale, use, growing and manufacturing of narcotic drugs.

#### 19. GAMBLING

Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling.

#### 20. OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY AND CHILDREN

Non-support, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

#### 21. DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE

Driving or operating any vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

#### 22. LIQUOR LAWS

State or local liquor law violations, except "drunkenness" (offense 23) and "driving under the influence" (offense 21).

#### 23. DRUNKENNESS

Drunkenness or intoxication. Excluded is "driving under the influence" (offense 21).

#### 24. DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Breach of peace.

#### **25. VAGRANCY**

Vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

#### 26. ALL OTHER OFFENSES

All violations of state or local laws, except offenses 1-25 and traffic offenses.

#### 27. SUSPICION

No specific offense; suspect released without formal charges being placed.

#### 28. CURFEW AND LOITERING LAWS

Offenses relating to violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

#### 29. RUNAWAYS

Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes.

#### NUMBER AND RATE OF INDEX OFFENSES BY REPORTING JURISDICTION NORTH DAKOTA, 1992

The rate per 100,000 population is shown in parentheses immediately below the actual number of incidents reported for each offense type. A county-wide total is also shown for each of those counties which have more than one reporting jurisdiction within its geographic boundaries.

County	Reporting Jurisdiction	Index Crime	Murder/ Non-neg Mans.	Rapo	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny/ Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft
Adams	County S.O.	27 (854.7)					5 (158.3)	21 (664.8)	(31.7)
Barnes	County S.O.	47 (877.4)		2 (37.3)			9 (168.0)	29 (541.3)	7 (130.7)
	Valley City P.D.	130 (1823.0)		2 (28.0)			12 (168.3)	111 (1556.6)	5 (70,1)
	County Total	177 (1417.4)		4 (32.0)			21 (168.2)	140 (1121.1)	12 (96.1)
Benson	County S.O.	73 (1018.7)					28 (390.7)	43 (600.1)	2 (27.9)
Bottineau	County S.O.	110 (1379.3)		1 (12.5)		2 (25.1)	20 (250.8)	85 (1085.8)	2 (25.1)
Bowman	County S.O.	7 (379.4)					2 (108.4)	5 (271.0)	
	Bowmen P.D.	26 (1501.2)		1 (57.7)			6 (346.4)	19 (1097.0)	
	County Total	33 (917.4)		1 (27.8)			8 (222.4)	24 (667.2)	
Burke	County S.O.	1 (33.5)						1 (33.5)	
Burleigh	County S.O.	147 (1357.8)	4 (38.9)			5 (46.2)	55 (508.0)	72 (665.1)	11 (101.6)
	Bismarck P.D.	2278 (4845,4)	2 (4.1)	3 (6.1)	9 (18.4)	23 (46.9)	320 (652.6)	1825 (3721.6)	96 (195.8)
	County Total	2425 (4050.8)	8 (10.0)	3 (5.0)	9 (15.0)	28 (46.8)	375 (626.4)	1897 (3168.8)	107 (178.7)
Cass	County S.O.	238 (1589.2)		2 (13.5)	2 (13.5)	8 (53.9)	47 (316.5)	157 (1057.2)	20 (134.7)
	Casselton P.D.	9 (561.4)				1 (62.4)	3 (187.1)	3 (187.1)	2 (124.8)
	Fargo P.D.	3732 (5054.7)	2 (2.7)	59 (78.9)	17 (23.0)	34 (46.0)	328 (444.3)	3099 (4197.4)	193 (261.4)
	West Fargo P.D.	435 (3556.2)		2 (16.4)	3 (24.5)	3 (24.5)	65 (531.4)	342 (2795.9)	20 (163.5)
	County Total	4412 (4303.7)	2 (2.0)	63 (61.5)	22 (21.5)	48 (44.9)	443 (432,1)	3601 (3512.6)	235 (229.2)
Cavaller	County S.O.	101 (1673.3)		1 (16.6)		1 (16.6)	25 (414.2)	69 (1143.1)	5 (82.8)
Dickey	County S.O.	49 (1136.4)					8 (185.5)	40 (927.6)	1 (23.2)
	Oakes P.D.	1 (56.6)						1 (56.6)	
	County Total	50 (822.6)					8 (131.6)	41 (674.6)	1 (16.5

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

39

#### Appendix B

County	Reporting Jurisdiction	Index Crime	Murder/ Non-neg Mans.	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny/ Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft
Divide	County S.O.	9 (570.0)					5 (316.7)	2 (126.7)	2 (126.7)
	Crosby P.D.	9 (689.1)						8 (612.6)	1 (76.6)
	County Total	18 (623.9)					5 (173.3)	10 (346.6)	3 (104.0)
Dunn	County S.O.	12 (301.0)				1 (25.1)	4 (100.3)	6 (150.5)	1 (25.1)
Eddy	County S.O.	20 (1492.5)					8 (597.0)	9 (871.6)	3 (223.9)
	New Rockford P.D.	27 (1698.1)					9 (566.0)	17 (1069.2)	1 (62.9)
	County Total	47 (1600.8)					17 (579.0)	26 (885.6)	4 (136.2)
Emmons	County S.O.	39 (1145.7)					15 (440.7)	21 (816.9)	S (88.1)
	Linton P.D.	1 (71.3)				1 (71.3)			
	County Total	40 (832.1)				1 (20.8)	15 (312.0)	21 (438.9)	3 (62.4)
Foster	Carrington P.D.	12 (531.9)		1 (44.3)			4 (177.3)	6 (266.0)	1 (44.3)
Solden Valle	y County S.O.	24 (1143.9)	1 (47.6)			1 (47.6)	2 (95.3)	17 (810.3)	3 (143.0)
arand Forks	County S.O.	208 (1169.3)		6 (34.1)		17 (96.5)	46 (261.1)	117 (664.1)	20 (113.5)
	Grand Forks P.D.	2894 (7381.3)		19 (48.5)	13 (33.2)	39 (99.5)	360 (918.2)	2328 (5937.7)	135 (344.3)
	Larimore P.D.	16 (1098.1)					3 (205.9)	13 (892.2)	
	Thompson P.D.	5 (540.5)						5 (540.5)	
	UND P.D.	288 (2860.0)		1 (10.0)		5 (50.0)	5 (50.0)	268 (2680.0)	7 (70.0)
	County Total	3407 (4841.8)		26 (36.9)	13 (18.5)	61 (86.7)	414 (588.3)	2731 (3881.1)	162 (230.2)
Grant	County S.O.	5 (180.4)					5 (180.4)		
	Elgin P.D.	<b>2</b> (262.8)					1 (131.4)	1 (131.4)	
	County Total	7 (198.2)					6 (169.9)	1 (28.3)	
Griggs	Cooperstown P.D.	8 (641.0)					2 (160.3)	<del>6</del> (480.8)	
lettinger	County S.O.	2 (58.3)					1 (29.2)	1 (29.2)	
üdder	County S.O.	26 (1016.4)					13 (508.2)	13 (508.2)	
	Steele P.D.	15 (1978.9)					5 (659.6)	10 (1319.3)	
	County Total	41 (1238.4)					18 (542.8)	23 (693,6)	
LaMoure	County S.O.	18 (335.9)					11 (205.3)	5 (93.3)	2 (37.3)
							·		

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

40

County	Reporting Jurisdiction	index Crime	Murder/ Non-neg Mans.	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny/ Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft
Logan	County S.O.	39 (2272.7)					6 (349.7)	30 (1748.3)	3 (174.8)
	Lehr P.D.	3 (1570.7)					1 (523.6)	1 (523.6)	1 (523.6)
	Napoleon P.D.	7 (756.8)					1 (108.1)	5 (540.5)	1 (108.1)
	County Total	49 (2855.5)					8 (466.2)	38 (2097.9)	5 (291.4)
McHenry	County S.O.	73 (1123.2)				2 (30.8)	21 (323.1)	44 (877.0)	6 (92.3)
McIntosh	County S.O.	16 (564.0)					5 (176.2)	11 (387.7)	
	Wishek P.D.	8 (688.7)					2 (171.7)	6 (515.0)	
	County Total	24 (599.7)					7 (174.9)	17 (424.8)	
McKenzie	County S.O.	43 (939.3)					2 (43.7)	39 (851.9)	2 (43.7)
	Watford City P.D.	36 (2028.2)					9 (507.0)	26 (1464.8)	1 (56.3)
	County Total	79 (1243,5)					11 (173.1)	65 (1023.1)	3 (47.2)
McLean	County S.O.	99 (951.0)					25 (240.2)	74 (710.9)	
Mercer	County S.O.	47 (1302.7)				3 (83.1)	12 (332.6)	31 (859.2)	1 (27.7)
	Beulah P.D.	119 (3555.4)					14 (418.3)	103 (3077.4)	2 (59.8)
	Hazen P.D.	22 (784.3)					5 (178.3)	17 (606.0)	
	County Total	188 (1926.2)				3 (30.7)	31 (317.6)	151 (1547.1)	3 (30.7)
Morton	County S.O.	151 (1779.6)	1 (11.8)	5 (58.9)			31 (365.4)	113 (1331.8)	1 (11.8)
	Mandan P.D.	848 (5612.5)		14 (92.7)	1 (6.6)	95 (028.8)	47 (311.1)	651 (4308.7)	40 (264.7)
	County Total	999 (4234.1)	1 (4.2)	19 (80.5)	1 (4.2)	95 (402.6)	78 (330.6)	764 (3238.1)	41 (173.8)
Mountrall	County S.O.	52 (859.5)					8 (132.2)	43 (710.7)	1 (16.5)
	Parshall P.D.	1 (106.6)							1 (106.6)
	County Total	53 (758.4)					8 (114.5)	43 (615.3)	2 (28.6)
Oliver	County S.O.	29 (1224.1)					9 (379.9)	18 (759.8)	2 (84.4)
Pembina	County S.O.	58 (753.6)					22 (285.9)	30 (389.8)	6 (78.0)
	Cavaller P.D.	19 (1265.8)			1		3 (199.9)	15 (999.3)	1 (66.6)
	County Total	77 (837.2)					25 (271.8)	45 (489.3)	7 (76.1)
Pierce	County 5.0.	22 (1031.4)					7 (328.2)	14 (656.4)	1 (46.9)

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

#### Appendix B

County	Reporting Jurisdiction	Index Crime	Murder/ Non-neg Mans.	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny/ Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft
	Rugby P.D.	77 (2659.8)				· ·	,	77 (2659.8)	
Pierce	County Total	99 (1969.0)					7 (139.2)	91 (1809.9)	1 (19.9)
Ramsey	County S.O.	58 (1189.4)				1 (20.5)	3 (61.5)	50 (1025.4)	4 (82,0)
	Devils Lake P.D.	391 (5047.1)		1 (12.9)		11 (142.0)	39 (503,4)	316 (4079.0)	24 (309.8)
	County Total	449 (3557.0)		1 (7.9)		12 (95.1)	42 (332.7)	366 (2899.5)	28 (221.8)
Ransom	County S.O.	27 (724.8)					7 (187.9)	19 (509.9)	1 (26.8)
	Lisbon P.D.	15 (692.2)					9 (415.3)	4 (184.6)	2 (92.3)
	County Total	42 (712.7)					18 (271,5)	23 (390.3)	3 (50,9)
Renville	County S.O.	34 (1081.1)					12 (381.6)	20 (635.9)	2 (63,6)
Richland	County S.O.	102 (1090.3)		3 (32.1)			28 (299.3)	58 (620.0)	13 (139.0)
Rolette	County S.O.	88 (692.1)				2 (15.7)	23 (180.9)	58 (456.2)	5 (39.3)
Sargent	County S.O.	49 (1082.4)					12 (265.1)	35 (773.1)	2 (44.2)
Sheridan	County S.O.	11 (514.5)			×			11 (514.5)	
Stope	County S.O.	11 (1219.5)					4 (443.5)	7 (776.1)	
Stark	County S.O.	56 (835.3)		1 (14.9)			30 (447.5)	24 (358.0)	1 (14.9)
	Dickinson P.D.	508 (3157,4)		2 (12.5)		<b>7</b> (43.7)	34 (212.2)	445 (2776.7)	18 (112.3)
	County Total	582 (2472.5)		3 (13.2)		7 (30.8)	64 (281.6)	469 (2063.4)	19 (83.6)
Steele	County S.O.	11 (456.8)			• . · ·		1 (41.5)	7 (290.7)	3 (124.6)
Stutsman	County S.O.	117 (1762.0)		3 (45.2)			32 (481.9)	72 (1084.3)	10 (150.6)
	Jamestown P.D.	403 (2599.7)		14 (90.3)	1 (8.5)	3 (19.4)	49 (316.1)	320 (2064.2)	16 (103.2)
	County Total	520 (2348.5)		17 (76.8)	1 (4.5)	3 (13.5)	81 (365.8)	392 (1770.4)	26 (117.4)
Towner	County S.O.	5 (138.5)					5 (138.5)		
Traill	County S.O.	31 (681.5)			<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 (22.0)	8 (175.9)	17 (373.7)	5 (109.9)
	Hillsboro P.D.	38 (2565.8)		1 (87.5)			9 (607,7)	26 (1755.6)	2 (135.0)
	Mayville P.D.	5 (240.2)					,	4 (192,1)	1 (48.0
	County Total	74 (849.6)		1 (11.5)		1 (11.5)	17 (195.2)	47 (539.6)	8 (91.8
Walsh	County S.O.	144 (1607.1)		1 (11.2)	1 (11.2)	5 (55.8)	37 (412.9)	92 (1026.8)	8 (89.3

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

42

County	Reporting Jurisdiction	Index Crime	Murder/ Non-neg Mans.	Raps	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny/ Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft
	Grafion P.D.	344 (7139.9)		1 (20.7)	1 (20.7)	2 (41.5)	35 (726.4)	215 (4462.4)	90 (1868.0
Walsh	County Total	488 (3541.9)		2 (14.5)	2 (14.5)	7 (50.8)	72 (522.6)	307 (2228.2)	98 (711.3
Ward	County S.O.	218 (936.7)		5 (21.5)		5 (21.5)	55 (238.3)	134 (575.8)	19 (81.6)
	Minot P.D.	1894 (5507.3)	1 (2.9)	10 (29.1)	4 (11.8)	1 <del>0</del> (48.5)	209 (607.7)	1599 (4849.5)	55 (159.9
	County Total	2112 (3662.6)	1 (1.7)	15 (28.0)	4 (6.8)	21 (38.4)	264 (457.8)	1733 (3005.3)	74 (128.3
Wells	County S.O.	33 (1127.0)			1 (34.1)		11 (375.7)	20 (683.1)	1 (34.1)
	Harvey P.D.	16 (710.5)					5 (222.0)	9 (399.6)	2 (88.8
	Fessenden P.D.	6 (914.6)					3 (457.3)	3 (457.3)	
	County Total	55 (942.4)			1 (17.1)		19 (325.6)	32 (548.3)	3 (51.4
Williams	County S.O.	131 (1645.3)	1 (12.6)	1 (12.6)		1 (12.6)	41 (514.9)	77 (967.1)	10 (125.6
	Williston P.D.	582 (4452.3)					58 (443.7)	498 (3794.4)	28 (214.2
	County Total	713 (3389.7)	1 (4.7)	1 (4.7)		1 (4.7)	99 (470.7)	573 (2724.2)	38 (180.7

#### (This page intentionally left blank.)

Reporting Juriso	liction	Number of Index Offenses	Percent of Total Statewide Index Offenses
Kepor ting Jurist		Index Offenses	muta Onenses
Fargo PD		3,732	20.31 %
Grand Forks PD		2,894	15.75
Bismarck PD		2,278	12.39
Minot PD		1,894	10.31
Mandan PD		848	4.61
Williston PD		582	3.17
Dickinson PD		506	2.75
West Fargo PD		435	2.37
Jamestown PD		403	
			2.19
Devils Lake PD		391	2.13
Grafton PD		344	1.87
UND PD		286	1.56
Cass SO		236	1.28
Ward SO		218	1.19
Grand Forks SO		206	1.12
Morton SO		151	0.82
Burleigh SO		147	0.80
Walsh SO		144	0.78
Williams SO		131	0.71
Valley City PD		130	0.71
Beulah PD		119	0.65
Stutsman SO		117	0.64
Bottineau SO		110	0.60
Richland SO		102	0.55
Cavalier SO		101	
			0.55
McLean SO		99	0.54
Rolette SO		88	0.48
Rugby PD		77	0.42
Benson SO		73	0.40
McHenry SO		73	0.40
Pembina SO		58	Q.32
Ramsey SO		58	0.32
Stark SO		56	0.30
Mountrail SO		52	0.28
Dickey SO		49	0.27
Sargent SO		49	0.27
Barnes SO		47	0.26
Mercer SO		47	0.26
McKenzie SO		43	0.23
Emmons SO		39	0.23
Logan SO			
Hillsboro PD		39 38	0.21 0.21
Watford City PD		36	0.20
Renville SO		34	0.18
Wells SO		33	0.18
Traill SO		31	0.17
Oliver SO		29	0.16
Adams SO		27	0.15
New Rockford PD		27	0,15
Ransom SO		27	0.15
Bowman PD		26	0.14
Kidder SO -		26	0.14
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		24	0.13

### UCR Reporting Jurisdictions, 1992 Percent of Total Statewide Index Offenses

### Appendix C

Reporting Juris	diction	Number of Index Offenses	Percent of Total Statewide Index Offenses
Hazen PD		22	0.12 %
Pierce SO		22	0.12
Eddy SO		20	0.11
Cavalier PD		19	0.10
LaMoure SO		18	0.10
Harvey PD		16	0.09
Larimore PD		16	0.09
McIntosh SO		16	0.09
Lisbon PD		15	0.08
Steele PD		15	0.08
Carrington PD		12	0.07
Dunn SO		12	0.07
Sheridan SO		11	0.06
Slope SO			0.06
Steele SO		11	0.06
Casselton PD		9	0.05
Crosby PD		9	0.05
Divide SO		9	0.05
Cooperstown PD		8	0.04
Wishek PD		8	0.04
		° 7	0.04
Bowman SO		7	0.04
Napoleon PD			
Fessenden PD		6	0.03
Grant SO		5	0.03
Mayville PD		5	0.03
Thompson PD		5	0.03
Towner SO		5	0.03
Lehr PD		3	0.02
Elgin PD		2	0.01
Hettinger SO		2	0.01
Burke SO		1	0.01
Linton PD		1	0.01
Oakes PD		en en la seconda de la companya de l	0.01
Parshall PD		· 1	0.01
Billings SO		0	0.00
Northwood PD		0	0.00
Portland PD		0	0.00
Foster SO		*****No Report*****	
Griggs SO		******No Report*****	
Nelson SO		*****No Report*****	
Sioux SO		******No Report*****	

	LAW ENFOR		CIVIL EMPLC		F	TOTAL ULL-TIME	
AGENCY	M	F	M	F	M	F TOTAL	Pop.
Adams County	4	0	0	1	4	1 5	3,159
Barnes County	5	0	Ō	1	5	1 6	5,357
Valley City PD	11	ō	1	2	12	2 14	7,131
Benson County	4	ŏ	o	õ	. 4	0 4	7,166
Billings County	3	Ö	Ö	1	3	1 4	1,102
Bottineau County	. 8	0	3	i	11	1 12	7,975
Bowman County	1	ŏ	0	Ö	1	0 1	1,845
Bowman PD	3	ŏ	0	ŏ	3	0 3	1,843
Burke County	4	0	0	0	. 3	0 4	
Burleigh County	26	4	8	5	34	9 43	2,988
			7	-			10,826
Bismarck PD	64	5		18	71	23 94	49,038
Cass County	34	7	6	16	40	23 63	14,850
Casselton PD	1	0	• 0	0		0 1	1,603
Fargo PD	73	10	2	24	75	34 109	73,832
West Fargo PD	13	0	1	5	14	5 19	12,232
Cavalier County	5	0	1	3	6	3 9	6,036
Dickey County	4	0	0	1	4	15	4,312
Oakes PD	2	0	0	0	2	0 2	1,766
Divide County	3	0	0	1	3	1 4	1,579
Crosby PD	3	0	0	0	3	03	1,306
Dunn County	3	<b>1</b>	Ö	0	3	1 4	3,987
Eddy County	1	0	0	0	1	0 1	1,340
New Rockford PD	3	0	0	0	3	0 3	1,596
Emmons County	2	0	0	0	2	0 2	3,404
Linton PD	1	0	0	0	1	0 1	1,403
Foster County	2	0	· · O	1	2	1 3	1,707
Carrington PD	4	0	0	0	4	0 4	2,256
Golden Valley County	3	0	0	4	3	4 7	2,098
Grand Forks County	19	1.1	0	6	19	7 26	17,618
Grand Forks PD	61	4	7	17	68	21 89	39,207
Larimore PD	2	0	0	0	2	0 2	1,457
Northwood PD	2	O	0	0	2	0 2	1,160
Thompson PD	1	0	0	0	1	0 1	925
UND PD	11	0	0	1	11	1 12	10,000
Grant County	2	0	0	0	2	0 2	2,771
Elgin PD	1	Ō	ō	ō	1	0 1	761
Griggs County	2	Ō	0	· Õ	2	0 2	2,039
Cooperstown PD	1	Ō	Õ	ō	· 1	0 1	1,248
Hettinger County	3	ō	ō	ō	3	0 3	3,429
Kidder County	2	Ō	- Ö	ŏ	2	0 2	2,558
Steele PD	- 1	ō	ŏ	õ	ĩ	0 1	758
LaMoure County	3	ŏ	ŏ	. 1	3	1 4	5,358
Logan County	2	ŏ	õ	0	2	0 2	1,907
Napoleon PD	1	ŏ	ŏ	0	1	0 1	925
McHenry County	2	õ	0	1	2	1 3	6,499
McIntosh County	2	0	0	0	2	0 2	2,837
Wishek PD	2	0	0	0	2		
McKenzie County	∠ 5	0					1,165
Motterd City DD			0	4	5	4 9	4,578
Watford City PD	3	0	0	0	3	0 3	1,775
McLean County	20	0	2	3	22	3 25	10,410
Mercer County	12	6	0	0	12	6 18	3,608
Beulah PD	6	0	0	1	6	1 7	3,347

#### Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees Reported by UCR Reporting Agencies as of October 31, 1992

### Appendix D

	LAW ENFOR			LIAN	•	TOT		
1 OCHOV	OFFIC			DYEES		ULL-TI		<b>n</b>
AGENCY	M	F	M	F	M	F	TOTAL	Pop.
Hazen PD	3	1	0	0	3	1	4	2,805
Morton County	21	5	0	3	21	8	29	8,485
Mandan PD	25	1	0	6	25	7	32	15,109
Mountrail County	4	0	4	0	8	0	8	6,050
Parshall PD	· 1	0	0	0	1	0	1	938
Nelson County	3	0	Ō	1	3	1	4	4,389
Oliver County		1	Ō.	0	2	1	3	2,369
Pembina County	13	Ó	Ō	4	13	4	17	7,696
Cavalier PD	3	õ	ŏ	Ö	3	ō	3	1,501
Pierce County	. 3	Ő .	1	3	4	3	7	2,133
Rugby PD	4	0	0	0	4	0	4	2,100
• •	5	0	1	0	4 6	0	6	
Ramsey County	5 12	2	0	2	12	4	16	4,876
Devils Lake PD	•=	_	-			•		7,747
Ransom County	4	1	0	0	4	1	5	3,726
Lisbon PD	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	2,167
Renville County	2	1	0	0	2	1	3	3,145
Richland County	7	0	5	1	12	1	13	9,355
Wahpeton PD	12	0	2	4	14	4	18	8,711
Rolette County	. 9	0	1	2	10	2	12	12,715
Sargent County	2	1	0	0	2	. 1	3	4,527
Sheridan County	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	2,138
Sioux County	· 1	0	0	0	1	0	1	3,743
Slope County	1	0	0	0	. 1	0	1	902
Stark County	9	0	0	3	9	3	12	6.704
Dickinson PD	23	3	8	2	31	5	36	16.026
Steele County		ō ·	Ō	ō	3	ō	3	2,408
Stutsman County	10	1	- Ö	1	10	2	12	6,640
Jamestown PD	28	1	0	3	28	- 4	32	15,502
Towner SO	- 1	0	ŏ	1	1	1	2	3,610
	3	1	0	2	3	3	6	4,549
Traill County	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	1,481
Hillsboro PD			-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		
Mayville/Portland PD	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	2,680
Walsh County	10	1	. 0	0	10	1	11	8,960
Grafton PD	10	0	1	2	11	2	13	4,818
Ward County	15	1	8	13	23	14	37	23,273
Minot PD	49	5	5	9	54	14	68	34,391
Wells County	2	0	0	0	2	· 0	2	2,928
Harvey PD	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	2,252
Fessenden PD	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	656
Williams County	20	2	3	2	23	4	27	7,962
Williston PD	19	1	1	4	20	5	25	13,072
Highway Patrol	121	2	40	27	161	29	190	•
Total	928	70	118	213	1046	283	1329	636,000

Year	Population*	Index Total	Rate**
1970	618,000	10,108	1635.6
1971	627,000	12,440	1984.1
1972	631,000	12,563	1991.0
1973	632,000	13,302	2104.7
1974	634,000	13,760	2170.3
1975	638,000	14,841	2326.2
1976	645,000	16,162	2505.7
1977	649,000	16,205	2496.9
1978	651,000	15,595	2395.5
1979	652,000	17,931	2750.2
1980	652,700	19,324	2960.6
1981	652,200	19,681	3017.6
1982	670,000	17,601	2627.0
1983	680,000	18,007	2648.1
1984	686,000	17,479	2548.0
1985	686,000	18,159	2647.1
1986	679,000	17,458	2571.1
1987	672,000	18,884	2810.1
1988	663,000	18,077	2726.5
1989	660,000	16,704	2530.9
1990	638,800	17,021	2664.5
1991	635,000	17,021	2680.5
1992	636,000	18,382	2890.3

#### **Overall Crime Rate** North Dakota, 1970-1992

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

		akota, 1970-1992	
Year	Population*	Violent Crimes	Rate**
1970	618,000	211	34.1
1971	627,000	238	38.0
1972	631,000	290	46.0
1973	632,000	389	61.6
1974	634,000	319	50.3
1975	638,000	336	52.7
1976	645,000	462	71.6
1977	649,000	433	66.7
1978	651,000	436	67.0
1979	652,000	398	61.0
1980	652,700	350	53.6
1981	652,200	444	68.1
1982	670,000	420	62.7
1983	680,000	365	53.7
1984	686,000	361	52.6
1985	686,000	324	47.2
1986	679,000	353	52.0
1987	672,000	367	54.6
1988	663,000	392	59.1
1989	660,000	414	62.7
1990	638,800	365	57.1
1991	635,000	401	63.1
1992	636,000	552	86.8

## Violent Crime Rate

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates.

Year	Population*	Murders	Rate**
1970	618,000	3	0.5
1971	627,000	8	1.3
1972	631,000	8	1.3
1973	632,000	5	0.8
1974	634,000	9	1.4
1975	638,000	5	0.8
1976	645,000	9	1.4
1977	649,000	6	0.9
1978	651,000	10	1.5
1979	652,000	13	2.0
1980	652,700	13	2.0
1981	652,200	17	2.6
1982	670,000	6	0.9
1983	680,000	17	2.5
1984	686,000	12	1.7
1985	686,000	9	1.3
1986	679,000	10	1.5
1987	672,000	11	1.6
1988	663,000	11	1.7
1989	660,000	9	1.4
1990	638,800	8	1.3
1991	635,000	11	1.7
1992	636,000	15	2.4

#### Murder Rate North Dakota, 1970-1992

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

#### Forcible Rape Rate North Dakota, 1970-1992

Year		Population*	Rapes	Rate**
1970	· ·	618,000	38	12.3
1971		627,000	26	8.3
1972		631,000	31	9.8
1973		632,000	47	14.9
1974		634,000	50	15.8
1975		638,000	36	11.3
1976		645,000	36	11.2
1977		649,000	55	16.9
1978		651,000	58	17.8
1979		652,000	53	16.3
1980		652,700	62	19.0
1981		652,200	57	17.5
1982		670,000	66	19.7
1983		680,000	84	24.7
1984		686,000	87	25.4
1985		686,000	51	14.9
1986		679,000	79	23.3
1987		672,000	52	15.5
1988		663,000	74	22.3
1989		660,000	78	23.6
1990		638,800	98	30.7
1991		635,000	120	37.8
1992		636,000	162	50.9

\* Population figures are Census Bureau'Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 females.

Crime in North Dakota, 1992

Year	Population*	Robberies	Rate**
1970	618,000	40	6.5
1971	627,000	47	7.5
1972	631,000	56	8.9
1973	632,000	47	7.4
1974	634,000	82	12.9
1975	638,000	89	13.9
1976	645,000	104	16.1
1977	649,000	87	13.4
1978	651,000	100	15.4
1979	652,000	65	10.0
1980	652,700	50	7.7
1981	652,200	85	13.0
1982	670,000	88	13.1
1983	680,000	53	7.8
1984	686,000	50	7.3
1985	686,000	43	6.3
1986	679,000	47	6.9
1987	672,000	51	7.6
1988	663,000	54	8.1
1989	660,000	61	9.2
1990	638,800	36	5.6
1991	635,000	47	7.4
1992	636,000	53	8.3

# Robbery Rate North Dakota, 1970-1992

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

#### Aggravated Assault Rate Norin Dakota, 1970-1992

Year	 Population*	Aggravated Assaults	Rate**
1970	618,000	130	21.0
1971	627,000	157	25.0
1972	631,000	195	30.9
1973	632,000	290	45.9
1974	634,000	178	28.1
1975	638,000	206	32.3
1976	645,000	313	48.5
1977	649,000	285	43.9
1978	651,000	270	41.5
1979	652,000	270	41,4
1980	652,700	229	35.1
1981	652,200	287	44.0
1982	670,000	256	38.2
1983	680,000	211	31.0
1984	686,000	212	30.9
1985	686,000	221	32.2
1986	679,000	217	32.0
1987	672,000	253	37.6
1988	663,000	253	38.2
1989	660,000	266	40.3
1990	638,800	223	34.9
1991	635,000	223	35.1
1992	636,000	322	50.6

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

#### Appendix E

Year         Population*         Property Crimes         Rate**           1970         618,000         9897         1601.5           1971         627,000         12202         1946.1           1972         631,000         12237         1939.3           1973         632,000         12913         2043.2           1974         634,000         13341         2104.3           1975         638,000         14505         2273.5           1976         645,000         15705         2434.9           1977         649,000         15759         2328.6           1979         652,000         17534         2689.3           1980         652,700         18974         2907.0           1981         652,200         17535         2594.9           1982         670,000         17186         2565.1           1983         686,000         17645         2594.9           1984         686,000         17186         2594.9           1985         686,000         17685         259.9           1986         679,000         17705         2519.1           1987         672,000         18517         2755.5								
Year	Population*	Property Crimes	Rate**					
1970	618,000	9897	1601.5					
1971	627,000	12202	1946.1					
1972	631,000	12237	1939.3					
1973	632,000	12913	2043.2					
1974	634,000	13341	2104.3					
1975	638,000	14505	2273.5					
1976	645,000	15705	2434.9					
1977	649,000	15772	2430.2					
1978	651,000	15159	2328.6					
1979	652,000	17534	2689.3					
1980	652,700	18974	2907.0					
1981	652,200	19237	2949.6					
1982	670,000	17186	2565.1					
1983	680,000	17645	2594.9					
1984	686,000	17118	2495.3					
1985	686,000	17835	2599.9					
1986	679,000	17105	2519.1					
1987	672,000	18517	2755.5					
1988	663,000	17685	2667.4					
1989	660,000	16290	2468.2					
1990	638,800	16656	2607.4					
1991	635,000	16620	2617.3					
1992	636,000	17830	2803.5					

# Property Crime Rate North Dakota, 1970-1992

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

#### **Burglary Rate** North Dakota, 1970-1992

Year	Population*	Burglaries	Rate**			
1970	618,000	1769	286.2			
1971	627,000	2124	338.8			
1972	631,000	2257	357.7			
1973	632,000	2454	388.3			
1974	634,000	2758	435.0			
1975	638,000	3424	536.7			
1976	645,000	3077	477.1			
1977	649,000	2888	445.0			
1978	651,000	2744	421.5			
1979	652,000	3013	462.1			
1980	652,700	3184	487.8			
1981	652,200	3295	505.2			
1982	670,000	3053	455.7			
1983	680,000	2933	431.3			
1984	686,000	2697	393.1			
1985	686,000	2889	421.1			
1986	679,000	2576	379.4			
1987	672,000	3026	450.3			
1988	663,000	2886	435.3			
1989	660,000	2341	354.7			
1990	638,800	2357	369.0			
1991	635,000	2305	363.0			
1992	636,000	2435	382.9			

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

	North Da	ikola, 1970-1992	
Year	Population*	Larceny/Thefts	Rate**
1970	618,000	7566	1224.3
1971	627,000	9536	1520.9
1972	631,000	9443	1496.5
1973	632,000	9618	1521.8
1974	634,000	9840	1552.1
1975	638,000	10252	1606.9
1976	645,000	11603	1798.9
1977	649,000	11949	1841.1
1978	651,000	11451	1759.0
1979	652,000	13461	2064.6
1980	652,700	14617	2239.5
1981	652,200	14855	2277.7
1982	670,000	13198	1969.9
1983	680,000	13845	2036.0
1984	686,000	13682	1994.5
1985	686,000	14144	2061.8
1986	679,000	13728	2021.8
1987	672,000	14670	2183.0
1988	663,000	14016	2114.0
1989	660,000	13215	2002.3
1990	638,800	13505	2114.1
1991	635,000	13543	2132.8
1992	636,000	14452	2272.3

# Larceny/Theft Rate North Dakota, 1970-1992

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

#### **Motor Vehicle Theft Rate** North Dakota, 1970-1992

Year	Population*	Motor Vehicle Thefts	Rate**
1970	618,000	562	90.9
1971	627,000	542	86.4
1972	631,000	573	90.8
1973	632,000	841	133.1
1974	634,000	843	133.0
1975	638,000	829	129.9
1976	645,000	1025	158.9
1977	649,000	935	144.1
1978	651,000	961	147.6
1979	652,000	1061	162.7
1980	652,700	1143	175.1
1981	652,200	1084	166.2
1982	670,000	935	139.6
1983	680,000	867	127.5
1984	686,000	739	107.7
1985	686,000	802	116.9
1986	679,000	801	118.0
1987	672,000	821	122.2
1988	663,000	783	118.1
1989	660,000	734	111.2
1990	638,800	794	124.3
1991	635,000	772	121.6
1992	636,000	943	148.3

\* Population figures are Census Bureau Estimates. \*\* Rate is calculated as the number of crimes reported per 100,000 population.

(This page intentionally left blank.)

### Ranking of States by Crime Rates Reported in <u>Crime in the United States, 1992</u>

Rates reported in <u>Crime in the U.S., 1992</u>, will vary from those reported in other sections of this report because the FBI estimates data for those agencies not reporting to the UCR program.

	Overall Crim	e Rate		Violent Crime Rate					
Rank	State	Rate/100,000	Rank	State	Rate/100,000				
1.	Florida	8358.2	1.	Florida	1207.2				
2.	Texas	7057.9	2.	New York	1122.1				
3.	Arizona	7028.6	3.	California	1119.7				
4.	California	6679.5	4.	Maryland	1000.1				
5.	Louisiana	6546.5	5.	Louisiana	984.6				
5. 6.	New Mexico	6434.1	6.	Illinois	977.3				
0. 7.	Georgia	6405.4	7.	South Carolina	944.5				
8.	Maryland	6224.6	8.	New Mexico	934.9				
9.	Nevada	6203.8	9.	Alabama	871.7				
10.	Washington	6172.8	10.	Texas	806.3				
10.	Hawaii	6112.0	11.	Massachusetts	779.0				
11.	Colorado	5958.8	12.	Michigan	770.1				
÷-•	South Carolina		12.	Tennessee	746.2				
13.		5893.1	13.						
14.	New York	5858.4		Missouri	740.4				
15.	Oregon	5820.9	15.	Georgia	733.2				
16.	North Carolina	5802.2	16.	Nevada	696.8				
17.	Illinois	5765.3	17.	North Carolina	681.0				
18.	Utah	5658.5	18.	Arizona	670.8				
19.	Michigan	5610.6	19.	Alaska	660.5				
20.	Alaska	5569 <i>.</i> 5	20.	New Jersey	625.8				
21.	Oklahoma	5431.6	21.	Oklahoma	622.8				
22.	Kansas	5319.9	22.	Delaware	621.2				
23.	Alabama	5268.1	23.	Colorado	578.8				
24.	Tennessee	5135.8	24.	Arkansas	576.5				
25.	Missouri	5097.1	25.	Kentucky	535.5				
26.	New Jersey	5064.4	26.	Washington	534.5				
27.	Connecticut	5052.9	27.	Ohio	525.9				
28.	Massachusetts	5002.9	28.	Kansas	510.8				
29.	Delaware	4848.5	29.	Oregon	510.2				
30.	Arkansas	4761.7	30.	Indiana	508.5				
31.	Indiana	4686.9	31.	Connecticut	495.3				
32.	Ohio	4665.5	32.	Pennsylvania	427.0				
33.	Montana	4596.1	33.	Mississippi	411.7				
34.	Minnesota	4590.7	34.	Rhode Island	394.5				
35.	Rhode Island	4578.0	35.	Virginia	374.9				
36.	Wyoming	4575.1	36,	Nebraska	348.6				
37.	Nebraska	4373.1	37.	Minnesota	338.0				
38.	Wisconsin		38.	Wyoming	319.5				
		4319.0	39.	Utah					
39.	Virginia	4298.5	40.	Idaho	290.5				
40.	Mississippi	4282.5	40. 41.		281.4				
41.	Idaho	3996.2		Iowa	278.0				
42.	Iowa	3957.1	42.	Wisconsin	275,7				
43.	Maine	3523.6	43.	Hawaii	258.4				
44.	Vermont	3410.0	44.	West Virginia	211.5				
45.	Pennsylvania	3392.7	45.	South Dakota	194.5				
46.	Kentucky	3323.5	46.	Montana	169.9				
47.	New Hampshire	3080.6	47.	Maine	130.9				
48,	South Dakota	2998.9	48.	New Hampshire	125.7				
49.	North Dakota	2903.3	49.	Vermont	109.5				
50.	West Virginia	2609.7	50.	North Dakota	83.3				

#### Appendix F

	Murder Rates			Rape Rates				
Rank	State	Rate/100,000	Rank	State	Rate/100,00			
1.	Louisiana	17.4	1.	Alaska	98.6			
2.	New York	13.2	2.	Delaware	85.8			
2. 3.	California	12.7	3.	Michigan	80.0			
J.	Texas	12.7	3. 4.		72.0			
<b>,</b>				Washington				
5.	Mississippi	12.2	5.	Nevada	62.8			
6.	Maryland	12.1	6.	New Mexico	62.6			
7.	Illinois	11.4	7.	South Carolina	57.5			
B.	Alabama	11.0	8.	Florida	54.2			
	Georgia	11.0	9.	Texas	53.4			
10.	Nevada	10.9	10.	Oregon	53.1			
11.	Arkansas	10.8	11.	Ohio	52.1			
12.	North Carolina	10.6	12.	South Dakota	51.8			
13.	Missouri	10.5	13.	Oklahoma	48.4			
14.	South Carolina	10.4	14.	Colorado	47.3			
	Tennessee	10.4		Tennessee	47.3			
16.	Michigan	9.9	16.	Maryland	46.4			
17.	Florida	9.0	17.	Utah	45.4			
18.	New Mexico	8.9	18.	Georgia	45.3			
10. 19.		8.8	18.	<b>D</b>	43.5			
19. 20.	Virginia Indiana			Mississippi				
		8.2	20.	Arizona	43.0			
21.	Arizona	8.1	21.	Indiana	42.4			
2.	Alaska	7.5	22.	Louisiana	42.3			
3.	Ohio	6.6	23.	Arkansas	41.3			
24.	Oklahoma	6.5		California	41.3			
25.	West Virginia	6.3		Kansas	41.3			
26.	Colorado	6.2	26.	Alabama	41.2			
	Pennsylvania	6.2	27.	Minnesota	41.1			
28.	Kansas	6.0	28.	New Hampshire	38.2			
29.	Kentucky	5.8	29.	Hawaii	37.9			
30.	Connecticut	5.1	30.	Illinois	37.1			
	New Jersey	5.1	31.	Missouri	36.5			
32.	Washington	5.0	32.	Massachusetts	36.1			
33.	Oregon	4.7	33.	North Carolina	35.9			
33. 34.	Delaware	4.6	34.	Wyoming	35.0			
	Wisconsin	4.4						
35.		••••	35.	Kentucky	32.2			
36.	Nebraska	4.2	36.	Idaho	31.8			
37.	Hawaii	3.6	37.	Virginia	31.5			
	Massachusetts	3.6	38.	Nebraska	31.4			
	Rhode Island	3.6	39.	Rhode Island	30.9			
	Wyoming	3.6	40.	New Jersey	30.7			
11.	Idaho	3.5	41.	New York	28.4			
12.	Minnesota	3.3	42.	Pennsylvania	27.7			
13.	Utah	3.0	43.	Connecticut	26.9			
14.	Montana	2.9	44.	Wisconsin	26.3			
15.	Vermont	2.1	45.	Montana	25.5			
1 <i>5.</i> 16.	North Dakota	1.9	46.	Vermont	24.9			
40. 47.	Maine	1.7	40.	Maine	24.9			
18.	Iowa	1.6	48.	North Dakota	23.3			
	New Hampshire	1.6	49.	West Virginia	21.7			
50.	South Dakota	0.6	50.	Iowa	18.8			

	Robbery Rates			Aggravated Assa	ult Rates
Rank	State	Rate/100,000	Rank	State	Rate/100,000
1.	New York	596.9	1.	Florida	777.2
2.	Maryland	429.0	2.	New Mexico	724.1
2. 3.	California	424.1	3.	South Carolina	706.0
4.	Illinois	412.5	4	Alabama	654.6
5.	Florida	366.9	5.	Louisiana	653.4
6.	Nevada	331.3	6.	California	641.6
0. 7.	New Jersey	285.2	7.	Massachusetts	555.0
8.	Louisiana	271.4	8.	Illinois	516.4
9.	Texas	252.5	а. 9.	Maryland	512.6
9. 10.	Georgia	249.8	, 10.	Texas	487.7
10.	5			-	
	Missouri	226.9	11.	New York	483.5
12.	Michigan	221.5	12.	Tennessee	470.3
13.	Tennessee	218.2	13.	Arizona	466.6
14.	Connecticut	210.9	14.	Missouri	466.5
15,	Ohio	199.0	15.	Michigan	458.6
16.	North Carolina	186.8	16.	North Carolina	447.7
17.	Massachusetts	184.4	17.	Alaska	445.3
18.	Pennsylvania	180.7	18.	Oklahoma	431.6
19.	South Carolina	170.6	19,	Georgia	427.1
20.	Alabama	164.9	20.	Kentucky	410.4
21.	Arizona	153.1	21.	Colorado	404.9
22.	Oregon	151.4	22.	Arkansas	399.0
23.	Delaware	151.2	23.	Delaware	379.5
24.	Washington	139.8	24.	Indiana	335.7
25.	New Mexico	139.3	25,	Kansas	333.7
26.	Virginia	137.8	26.	Washington	317.8
27.	Oklahoma	136.2	27.	New Jersey	304.8
28.	Kansas	129.9	28.	Oregon	301.1
29.	Arkansas	125.5	29.	Nevada	291.8
30.	Mississippi	124.5	30.	Ohio	268.2
31.	Indiana	122.2	31.	Rhode Island	265.5
32.	Colorado	120.5	32.	Wyoming	262.9
33.	Wisconsin	119.8	33.	Nebraska	256.2
34.	Minnesota	109.5	34.	Connecticut	252.5
35.	Alaska	109.0	35.	Mississippi	230.4
36.	Hawaii	99.2	36.	Idaho	224.7
37.	Rhode Island	94.5	37.	Iowa	218.0
38.	Kentucky	87.2	38.	#=···	212.4
39.	Nebraska	56.7	39.	Pennsylvania	
40.	Utah	55.9	39. 40.	Virginia Utah	196.8
40. 41.			,	-	186.2
,	West Virginia	43.5	41.	Minnesota	184.1
42.	Iowa Nom Homeshing	39.6	42.	West Virginia	140.0
43.	New Hampshire	33.0	43.	South Dakota	125.3
44.	Montana	26.9		Wisconsin	125.3
45.	Maine	23.3	45.	Hawaii	117.7
46.	Idaho	21.5	46.	Montana	114.6
47.	Wyoming	18.0	47.	Maine	82.0
48.	South Dakota	16.9	48.	Vermont	73.5
49.	Vermont	8.9	49.	New Hampshire	52.9
50.	North Dakota	7.9	50.	North Dakota	50.3

### Appravated Assault Rates

#### Appendix F

	Property Crime			Burglary Rate			
Rank	State	Rate/100,000	<u>Rank</u>	State	Rate/100,00		
	Florida	7151.0	1.	Florida	1888.8		
2.	Arizona	6357.8	2.	North Carolina	1653.0		
3.	Texas	6251.6	3.	Texas	1523.2		
4.	Hawaii	5853.5	4.	New Mexico	1511.4		
5.	Georgia	5672.3	5.	Georgia	1442.8		
б.	Washington	5638.3	6.	Arizona	1411.7		
o. 7.	Louisiana	5561.9	7.	California	1384.9		
7. 8.	California	5559.8	8.	South Carolina	1378.5		
			0, 9.				
9.	Nevada	5506.9		Louisiana	1366.3		
10.	New Mexico	5499.2	10.	Oklahoma	1359.8		
11.	Colorado	5379.9	11.	Kansas	1293.7		
12.	Utah	5368.0	12.	Nevada	1289.2		
13.	Oregon	5310.7	13.	Mississippi	1282.8		
14.	Maryland	5224.5	14.	Tennessee	1267.2		
15.	North Carolina	5121.2	15.	Alabama	1186.0		
16.	South Carolina	4948.6	16.	Maryland	1131.2		
17.	Alaska	4909.0	17.	Washington	1121.7		
18.	Michigan	4840.5	18.	Hawaii	1121.2		
19.	Kansas	4809.1	19.	Connecticut	1108.6		
20.	Oklahoma	4808.8	20.	Oregon	1106.7		
21.	Illinois	4788.1	21.	Missouri	1100.1		
2.	New York	4736.3	22.	Arkansas	1092.7		
23.	Connecticut	4557.6	23.	Colorado	1090.9		
24.	New Jersey	4438.5	24.	Illinois	1077.3		
25.	Montana	4426.2	24.	Massachusetts	1077.3		
ది. 26.	Alabama	4396.4	26.	New York	1072.3		
	Tennessee	4389.6	20. 27.				
27.				Rhode Island	1047.7		
28.	Missouri	4356.7	28.	Michigan	1041.2		
29.	Wyoming	4255.6	29.	New Jersey	969.4		
30.	Minnesota	4252.7	30.	Delaware	957.6		
31.	Delaware	4227.3	31.	Indiana	952.1		
32.	Massachusetts	4223.8	32.	Ohio	947.3		
33.	Arkansas	4185.2	33.	Minnesota	889.7		
34.	Rhode Island	4183.5	34.	Utah	885.0		
35.	Indiana	4178.5	35.	Alaska	880.7		
36.	Ohio	4139.6	36.	Vermont	825.6		
37.	Wisconsin	4043.3	37.	Maine	822.3		
38.	Nebraska	3975.5	38.	Iowa	753.8		
39.	Virginia	3923.6	39.	Idaho	743.6		
10.	Mississippi	3870.7	40.	Kentucky	729.1		
11.	Idaho	3714.7	41.	Nebraska	714.6		
12.	Iowa	3679.2	42.	Virginia	709.1		
13.	Maine	3392.7	43.	Wisconsin	691.9		
14.	Vermont	3300.5	44.	Wyoming	671.0		
15.	Pennsylvania	2965.7	45.	Montana	643.9		
16.	New Hampshire	2954.8	46.	Pennsylvania	631.5		
17.	North Dakota	2820.2	47.	West Virginia	622.9		
18.	South Dakota	2804.4	48.	New Hampshire	621.9		
19.	Kentucky	2788.1	49.	South Dakota	541.4		
50.	West Virginia	2398.2	50.	North Dakota	391.0		

	Larceny/Theft Rates			Motor Vehicle Theft Rates					
Flank	State	Rate/100,000	Rank	State	Rate/100,000				
1.	Florida	4434.3	1.	California	1037.1				
2.	Hawaii	4357.2	2.	New York	932.3				
3	Utah	4245.1	3.	Florida	828.0				
4.	Arizona	4124.6	4.	Texas	821.7				
 5.	Washington	4045.1	4. 5.	Arizona	821.5				
5. 6.	Texas	3906.8	6.		821.5				
o. 7.	Colorado	3780.1	o. 7.	New Jersey Massachusetts					
2. 8.					790.5				
	Oregon	3670.6	8.	Rhode Island	742.6				
9.	Georgia	3653.1	9.	Maryland	726.4				
10.	New Mexico	3609.9	10.	Connecticut	722.3				
11.	Louisiana	3567.5	11.	Nevada	697.4				
12.	Montana	3548.9	12.	Louisiana	628.1				
13.	Alaska	3531.2	13.	Michigan	625.8				
14.	Nevada	3520.3	14.	Illinois	618.8				
15.	Wyoming	3434.1	15.	Georgia	576.4				
16.	Maryland	3366.8	16.	Tennessee	575.9				
17.	South Carolina	3224.7	17.	Oregon	533.5				
18.	Kansas	3191.7	18.	Oklahoma	516.8				
19.	North Carolina	3181.6	19.	Colorado	509.0				
20.	Michigan	3173.5	20.	Missouri	497.4				
21.	California	3137.8	21.	Alaska	497.1				
22.	Illinois	3091.9	22.	Washington	471.5				
23.	Nebraska	3060.1	23.	Ohio	471.0				
24.	Minnesota	3007.8	24.	Pennsylvania	467.7				
25.	Delaware	2963.6	25.	Indiana	450.3				
6.	Oklahoma	2932.1	26.	Wisconsin	431.5				
27.	Wisconsin	2919.9	20.	New Mexico	377.9				
28.	Virginia	2909.0	27.	Hawaii	375.1				
29.	Alabama	2848.2	20.	Alabama	362.3				
.9. 10.	Idaho	2813.8	29. 30.	Minnesota					
	Indiana				355.2				
31.		2776.1	31.	South Carolina	345.4				
32.	Iowa	2766.3	32.	Mississippi	336.5				
33.	Arkansas	2763.2	33.	Arkansas	329.3				
34.	Missouri	2759.3	34.	Kansas	323.8				
35.	New York	2735.8	35.	Delaware	306.1				
36.	Connecticut	2726.7	36.	Virginia	305.6				
37.	Ohio	2721.3	37.	North Carolina	286.6				
38.	New Jersey	2653.6	38.	Utah	237.9				
39.	Tennessee	2546.5	39.	Montana	233.4				
10.	Maine	2426.4	40.	Kentucky	216.5				
11.	Rhode Island	2393.2	41.	Nebraska	200.8				
12.	Vermont	2369.6	42.	New Hampshire	194.9				
13.	Massachusetts	2361.0	43.	West Virginia	163.8				
14.	North Dakota	2279.6	44.	Iowa	159.1				
15.	Mississippi	2251.4	45.	Idaho	157.4				
16.	South Dakota	2161.9	46.	Wyoming	150.4				
7.	New Hampshire	2138.1	40.	North Dakota	130.4				
8.	Pennsylvania	1866.5	47.	Maine	149.4				
19,	Kentucky	1842.5	48.	Vermont					
					105.3				
50.	West Virginia	1611.5	50.	South Dakota	101.1				

#### Crime in North Dakota, 1992

(This page intentionally left blank.)

#### Juvenile Arrests by Age, Sex, And Offense North Dakota, 1992

Offense	Sex	Under 10	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total	Juv. Tola
Forcible Rape	М		2	1	3	5	1	12	13
	F		1					1	
Robbery	м			2	2		3	7	8
	F			1				1	
Aggravated Assault	М	1		. 7	3	2	15	28	30
	۴			2	-			2	
Burglary/B&E	M	2	29	52	64	48	63	256	272
	F		5	2		3	6	16	
Larcony/Theft	м	81	261	417	277	235	219	1490	1972
	F	19	98	143	85	75	62	482	
Motor Vehicle Theft	М	2	5	38	39	48	28	158	211
	F		4	26	8	4	10	53	
Other Assaults	м	10	33	64	44	35	48	234	316
	F	1	11	32	18	11	9	82	0.0
Arson	M	4	3	6	1			14	26
	F	2	1		9			12	20
Forgery and	M		4	4	10	6	13	37	52
Counterfeiting	F		2	5	2	3	3	15	JZ.
Fraud	M		1	1	1	2	5	10	13
	F			1		1	1	3	13
Stolen Property Offenses	M	1	8	8	22	17	28	84	
bloidh i ropeny endises	F				1	4	3	9	93
Vandalism	M	35	93	149		88	59	504	
4010000011	F	3	8	145	8	5	5	45	549
Weapons Offenses	M	1	6	14	13	12	10	56	
reapons onenses	F				10	16			56
Sex Ollenses	M	2	2	11	2	5	5	27	· · · ·
Dex Unerises	F				e	J		1	28
Drug Abuse Violations	M		2	4	3	2	10	21	
Didy Addse violations	F		<u> </u>		<u>_</u>	2	2	6	27
Ofference Analysis Frank	M		8	20		<u>د</u> 14		80	
Offenses Against Family and Children	F	1	6	37	25 8	14	13	75	155
Debána Hadavika	M			37	5	19	39	63	
Driving Under the Influence	F				5	3		23	85
			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1	95	265		815	
Liquor Law Violations	M	4	7	46			398		1260
Disertation Canadant	- <u>li</u>			50	98	130	166	445	
Disorderly Conduct	M	8	32	63	54	35	44	238	315
All Oil Oll	F	2	12	12	19	13	21	79	
All Other Offenses	M		64	124	113	118	100	528	689
	F	1	5	49	39	25	42	161	
Suspicion	M	1	1				1	3	3
	F								·
Curfew and Loltering	м		13	68	53	36	34	204	- 000
	F		7	59	42	30	24	162	2
Runaways	М	7	38	85	78	83	62	353	862
والمواري والمستعدة المتأبي والواقا المستعد المستور بوراد	F	1	35	158	127	97	91	509	analyzette sector war
Total	М	170	612	1184	987	1069	1198	5220	
	F	30	197	597	470	421	467	2182	
Grand Total		200	809	1781	1457	1490	1665	7402	7402

61

#### Arrests of Adults By Age, Sex and Offense North Dakoia, 1992

Offense	Sex	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65+	Total Adult	Total Juv	Age Not Reported	Offense Total
Murder/Non-Neg. Manslaughter	м							1	1	2						1		5		1	8
Negligent	F		1		1					1	1							2		1	3
Manslaughter	F		· ·																		
Forcible Rape	M F	3	3	1	{	6	1	-	7	6	5		1	1	1	3	1	39	12	1	53
Robbery	м		3	1	1				3	3	4	3	5					20	7		29
Aggravated	F	7	1 5	7	2	6	11	6	19	10	11	.7	3	1	1			1 96	1 28	1	141
Assault	F			2	2				4	Э	1	2			-			14	2		
Burglary	M F	65 2	42 4	22 2	37	16	14	9	30 6	16	10	3	1			,		266 15	258 16	2	555
Larceny/Theft	M	166	137	60	50	71	19	27	120	78	71	55	30	19	12	12	34	961	1490	11	3470
	F	62	42	28	28	24	19	18	75	41	48	39	30		10	11	27	522	482	4	
Motor Vehicle Theft	M F	12	9	<u>5</u>	10	3	2	3	22 2	11	5		2		1		1	87 13	158 53	7	318
Other Assaults	м	23	23	24	28	42	38	27	130	114	69	48	22	10	4	4	6	610	234	11	1069
Arson	F	9	13	6	7	4	5	4	21	21	22 1	6	8	3			2	131 5	82	1	
AISON	F	'			'	· ·											<b>!</b>		12		31
Forgery and	м	10	29	19	. 8	5	8	6	.9	20	8	3	5					135	37	3	247
Counterfeiting	F	7	12	5	5		4		8	6	3	2		2				54	15	3	
Fraud	M F	76	139 108	159 139	217 113	220 113	195 85	135 74	442 311	303 212	240 113	126 83	85 43		32 16	14 3	20 6	2467 1510	<u>10</u> 3	110 83	4183
Stolen Property Offenses	м	15	15	4	2	3	Э	2	10	7	3	1	1	1	-		1	68	84	1	176
Vandalism	F M	4 39	38	2 18	16	12	2 6	16	2 26	2 17	23	11	1	2			2	14 227	9 504	7	813
	F	2	4	3	7	3	1		5	2		3						30	45	**************************************	
Weapons Offenses	M F	11	4	4	4	1	- 2	<u>3</u>	4	7	10	1	2		2	· •		<u>55</u>	56	1	116
Prostitution	F									2	1						1	3			з
Sex Offenses	M	6	4	5	3	6	1	1	4	5	2	9	3	2	1	-	2	54	27	3	85
Drug Abuse	M	15	25	24	16	21	20	21	97	105	43	15	6	1		1	- 1	411	21	29	532
Violations	F	5	3	2	5	4	2	3	17	15	5	2						63	6	2	
Gambling	M F			5			1		1		5	1						7			16
Offenses Against	м	2	7	7	13	8	8	4	21	39	24	14	5	5		2		159	80	3	332
Family & Children	F	1.	1	3			1		2	2	2					1		13	75	2	
DUI	M	93 23	132 30	139 27	195 36	200 38	158 28	168 26	704 162	669 143	479 107	350 66	196 42		<u>92</u> 8	<u>68</u> 5	92 10	3865 766	63 23	26	4745
Liquor Law	M	684	740	604	77	49	35	24	72	38	21	22	11		7	6	2	2398	815	60	4445
Violations	F	238	238	177	13	5	5	4	17	6	5		1	·		2	-1	714	445	13	
Disorderly Conduct	F	38	<u>44</u> 8	<u>38</u> 8	46 6	43 9	<u>31</u> 7	22 6	109 21	82 23	<u>97</u> 18	42 13	33	32	10	2	<u>17</u>	686 134	236	2	1109
All Other	м	119	175	137	118	81	75	83	265	190	136	72	40			5			528	44	
Offenses	F	41	51	53	20	24	22	12	78	61	30	32	1	1	6	4	4	460	161	8	
Suspicion Curlew and	M	1	1.			·	'			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1			<u>`</u>		3	3 204	<u> </u>	6
Loitering	F																		162		366
Runaways	м																		353		862
Total	F M	1387	1575	1283	843	795	628	558	2096	1723	1262	780	450	307	169	118	190	14164	509 5220	324	10700
	F	476	519	458	242	230	181	148	732	542	365	249	139			· · · · · ·	51	4472	2182		19708 6775
Grand Total		1863	2094	1741	1085	1025	809	706	2828	2265	1627	1029	589	+		.148			7402		