

# CRIME AND JUSTICE REPORT

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# For The District of Columbia

al Justice Research Center irants Management and Development of the District of Columbia • Sharon Pratt Kelly, Mayor Office of Grants Management and Development David L. Temple, Jr. Director

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#### 140510

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## MAYORAL MESSAGE

In recent years, every citizen has been touched somehow by the crime that has besieged the District of Columbia. As the city continues its vigilant efforts to address the crime problem, it is important that we have current and accurate information about trends and issues facing the criminal justice system. The **1991 Crime and Justice Report** describes the trends in the District's criminal justice system with comprehensive data and information that will serve as guideposts for continuing and improving the efforts of my administration to respond to this very serious problem. While new and better efforts are always being developed for the future, the information in this report also helps us to gauge how well we have focused current programs and initiatives which my administration has undertaken.

One of my primary goals has been to mobilize all of our efforts to fight crime in our communities. My public safety and anti-crime program centers on expanding current law enforcement initiatives and youth crime prevention strategies; and legislative changes to the juvenile and criminal justice systems. The result has meant enhanced visibility of the police, neighborhood watch groups, tougher penalties for criminals and more substantial emphasis on crime prevention. We have implemented innovative programs that concentrate and leverage our resources to combat crime, and the initiatives are beginning to demonstrate some modest progress. As this report points out, the District's crime rate is lower than last year and drug use continues to decline, especially hard drug use among young people.

I am committed to taking the streets back from the criminals and restoring law and order, but I cannot solve our crime problem alone. As a city, we must continue with a sustained and united effort to combat our crime problems. We can look forward to even greater success in the future.

Sharon Pratt Kelly

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ACQUISITIONS

## INTRODUCTION

The District's criminal justice system is comprised of six basic organizational components: police, prosecution, defense, courts, corrections and parole. Together these components carry out the criminal justice process which involves detection of crime and apprehension of criminals, pretrial decisions and services, trial, sentencing and corrections or service of sentences. In carrying out these functions, the various criminal justice agencies involved participate in numerous information- and data-gathering activities. Their efforts to collect and analyze data play a vital role in monitoring and evaluating the District's criminal justice system and in examining trends that affect the system.

This report provides a statistical overview of activities and outcomes in the different stages through which people and cases are processed in the District's criminal justice system. The data represent five- and 10-year trends and are presented in an order that parallels the actual flow of cases through the criminal justice system from reported offenses to corrections and parole. Information regarding juvenile justice trends is included as well as descriptions of the criminal and juvenile justice processes in the District.

The report begins with a discussion of government expenditures in general and for public safety and justice. The law enforcement section of this report includes information about reported crime in the District, adult arrests and characteristics of adult arrestees. Data pertaining to prosecutions and convictions by type of offense are presented in the section on courts. In the corrections section of this report, data on the average daily population of the District's correctional facilities and incarceration rates are given. The section on parole reports data for grants and revocations. The juvenile justice section of this report includes data for juvenile arrests, prosecutions and dispositions, juvenile drug use and a profile of juvenile arrestees.

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### **Criminal Justice Resources**

In 1991, total government expenditures had increased by 22 percent since 1987 and by 8 percent since 1990. Twenty four (24) percent (\$891,764,000) of the budget was earmarked for public safety and justice. Within the budget for public safety and justice, the largest portion (\$245,644,000) was spent by the Department of Corrections, though this reflects a 3 percent decrease from 1990, and the second largest amount of expenditures (\$283,331,000) was for the Metropolitan Police Department.

#### Law Enforcement

A ten-year analysis shows that the number of reported offenses is 2 percent lower than in 1982. However, when taking the District's decreased population into account, the rate increases by 1 percent from 10,487 to 10,637 per 100,000 District residents in 1991. Between 1982 and 1991, the District experienced a 4 percent decline in population from 630,000 to 606,900 which contributed to the crime rate increase. In this same time period, the number of reported property offenses decreased by 5 percent and the rate decreased by 2 percent. However, the number of reported violent offenses increased by 9 percent from 13,397 in 1982 to 14,665 in 1991 with a corresponding rate increase of 14 percent.

Compared to five years ago, reported Crime Index offenses have increased 22 percent by number and 27 percent by rate. Violent offenses had a numeric increase of 46 percent and a rate increase of 52 percent. The greatest increases in violent offenses were for homicides which increased 119 percent by rate. Reported property offenses have increased by 17 percent numerically and 21 percent by rate.

Compared to 1990, reported offenses decreased 2 percent by number and rate. Although reported homicide, burglary and arson increased slightly, all other Crime Index offenses decreased.

Continuing a trend of increasing arrests that began in 1988, there were more arrests made in 1991 than during any other year in the past decade for both Part I and Part II arrests. Compared to 1987, the number of arrests for Part I offenses increased by 23 percent, arrests for Part II offenses increased by 17 percent and total arrests increased by 18 percent.

Adult arrests for drug offenses have fluctuated over the past five years. Drug arrests in 1991 were 13 percent lower than in 1987 and 9 percent higher than in 1990.

#### The Courts

There were 5 percent fewer adult felony and misdemeanor prosecutions in 1991 than in 1987 and 10 percent more than in 1990.

Compared to 1987, prosecutions for drug offenses were 9 percent lower in 1991 while prosecutions for aggravated assault were 30 percent higher than in 1987. In 1991, prosecution for rape, larceny, auto theft and arson declined while prosecutions for homicide, robbery, burglary and weapons offenses increased.

Adult convictions for misdemeanor and felony offenses in 1991 were the fewest in five years. More adults were convicted for homicide, robbery, burglary and weapons offenses than in any other year in the last five years. Convictions for homicide were 90 percent higher than in 1987 and 16 percent higher than in 1990. Weapons charge convictions were 31 percent higher than in 1987 and 21 percent higher than in 1990.

There were 37 percent fewer drug convictions in 1991 than in 1987 and 4 percent less than in 1990.

#### Corrections

The number of persons incarcerated in the District continues to increase. In 1991, the average daily population of District and Federal facilities was 27 percent higher than in 1987 and just slightly higher than 1990. The District's incarceration rate for 1991 is 32 percent higher than in 1987, yet is less than one percent higher than in 1990.

The trend toward decreased reliance on Federal facilities and out-of-state placement continued to expand as well as the increased use of halfway houses. The use of out-of-state facilities was reduced by 44 percent from 1990 to 1991. The use of halfway houses has steadily grown in recent years - by 104 percent since 1987 and 7 percent since 1990.

#### Parole

The increase in parole grants is mostly a reflection of an increase in the number of parole hearings and a larger eligibility pool. The increase in parole revocations is in part due to the increased drug use among parolees over the past three years. The parole population may continue to grow in the coming year as a result of sustained prison population increases occurring over the past several years.

#### **Juvenile Justice**

Arrests of those younger than age 18 began to decline in 1989. There were 22 percent more juveniles arrested in 1987 than in 1991. There were 9 percent more juveniles arrested in 1990 than in 1991. Arrests for Part I offenses in 1991 were the lowest in ten years and arrests for Part II offenses were the lowest in five years.

Of Part I violent offenses in 1991, the majority of juvenile arrests were for aggravated assault, comprising 65 percent of arrests in this category. Of Part I property offenses, the majority of juvenile arrests were for motor vehicle theft which comprised 73 percent of this category. Of Part II offenses, more juveniles were arrested for drug charges than any other offense followed by those arrested on fugitive charges.

There were 11 percent fewer juveniles arrested for violent crimes in 1991 than in 1990. While arrests for homicide and assault have dramatically increased since 1982, arrests for these crimes represented the greatest decreases from 1990 to 1991.

Juvenile arrests for drug crimes were the lowest in five years - 51 percent less than in 1987 and 12 percent less than in 1990. The majority of arrests are in 1991 were for the sale or possession of opium or cocaine and their derivatives.

The percentage of youth testing positive in 1991 for drug use was 23 percent, higher than the 16 percent in 1990, but lower than the 35 percent who tested positive in 1987. Marijuana replaced cocaine by a narrow margin as the drug of choice among juveniles; cocaine had been the drug of choice for the past four consecutive years.

Motor vehicle theft comprised 44 percent of juvenile prosecutions for Part I offenses. Drug offenses accounted for 52 percent of Part II offense prosecutions.

Juvenile dispositions resulting in findings of guilt continued to decrease, declining by 13 percent from 1990 to 1991. Conversely, cases ending in dismissal in 1991 were the highest in five years.

# CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESOURCES

#### **Total Government Expenditures**

In fiscal year 1991, total expenditures for the District of Columbia were over \$3.7 billion dollars. Compared to 1987, expenditures increased by 22 percent, not controlling for the rate of inflation. Between fiscal years 1990 and 1991, expenditures increased by 8 percent. Twenty four (24) percent of the budget was earmarked for public safety and justice in 1991. This percentage surpassed the proportion set aside in fiscal year 1987 when public safety expenditures accounted for 21 percent of the overall budget. However, the proportion was slightly higher in fiscal year 1990 when 25 percent was set aside for this purpose. In actual dollars, the budget has increased by 35 percent compared to fiscal year 1987 and 3 percent compared to fiscal year 1990. Expenditures for public safety in 1991 comprised the largest proportion of total government expenditures for the second consecutive year, surpassing expenditures for human services which had been the largest (Table 1, Figure 1).

#### **Public Safety and Justice Expenditures**

Within the budget for public safety and justice, the largest portion was spent by the Department of Corrections (DOC). After having steadily increased over the past five years, the DOC budget fell by 3 percent from fiscal year 1990 to 1991 (\$252,776,000 to \$245,644,000). The second largest amount of expenditures was for the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD). In 1991, MPD's budget totaled \$238,331,000, which like DOC had increased steadily, but fell by 5 percent from fiscal year 1990 expenditures which were \$249,804,000. All other budgets within the area of public safety increased between fiscal years 1990 and 1991. The increases ranged from a low of less than 1 percent (the Board of Parole) to a high of 23 percent (Police Retirement) (Table 2, Figure 2).

Since fiscal year 1987, the greatest increase in budgets was given to the Board of Parole which experienced a 166 percent increase in budget from \$1,994,000 in 1987 to \$5,308,000 in 1991. It should be noted that parole services were transferred from DOC to the Board of Parole in fiscal year 1988, affecting expenditures in both of these agencies. The smallest increase in budget was in the area designated as Other which included the Office of Criminal Justice Plans and Analysis, and the Law Revision Commission. This budget was increased by 18 percent (from \$1,138,000 to \$1,348,000) (Table 2).

#### Summary

In 1991, total government expenditures had increased by 22 percent since 1987 and by 8 percent since 1990. Twenty four (24) percent (\$891,764,000) of the budget was earmarked for public safety and justice. Within the budget for public safety and justice, the largest portion (\$245,644,000) was spent by the Department of Corrections, though this reflects a 3 percent decrease from 1990, and the second largest amount of expenditures (\$283,331,000) was for the Metropolitan Police Department. ■

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#### TABLE 1

# DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES\* BY AGENCY FISCAL YEARS 1987-1991

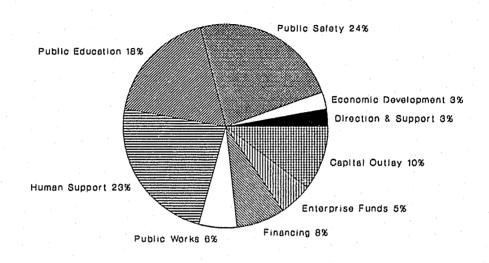
|                                      | 1987      | 1988      | 1989      | 1990      | 1991      |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Government<br>Direction<br>& Support | 110,908   | 113,928   | 109,525   | 108,623   | 105,892   |
| iconomic<br>Development              | 111,597   | 116,486   | 121,123   | 120,064   | 101,659   |
| ublic Safety<br>Justice              | 660,629   | 710,072   | 767,746   | 869,340   | 891,764   |
| ublic<br>Iducation                   | 544,929   | 588,485   | 625,356   | 683,690   | 688,590   |
| Iuman Support<br>ervices             | 657,865   | 731,541   | 789,623   | 830,775   | 888,583   |
| ublic<br>Vorks                       | 198,757   | 215,336   | 207,612   | 210,262   | 226,753   |
| inancing &<br>Other Uses             | 211,308   | 232,931   | 250,838   | 269,162   | 292,708   |
| Interprise<br>Junds                  | 157,491   | 203,203   | 193,570   | 179,682   | 200,056   |
| Capital<br>Dutlay                    | 437,295   | 296,724   | 293,208   | 216,237   | 387,488   |
| otal                                 | 3,090,779 | 3,208,679 | 3,358,601 | 3,487,835 | 3,783,493 |

\*Expenditures in thousands of dollars.

Source: District of Columbia Supporting Schedules, Office of the Budget. Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

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#### Figure 1 D.C. Government Total Expenditures By Agency, Fiscal Year 1991



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| DISTRICT OF                          |         | GOVERNMENT | PUBLIC S | SAFETY* | AND | JUSTICE | EXPENDITURES** |
|--------------------------------------|---------|------------|----------|---------|-----|---------|----------------|
|                                      | 1987    | 1988       |          | 1989    |     | 1990    | 1991           |
| Metropolitan<br>Police<br>Department | 197,687 | 212,428    |          | 249,804 |     | 238,331 | 238,331        |
| Police<br>Retirement                 | 72,670  | 74,512     |          | 78,390  |     | 85,865  | 105,944        |
| Courts                               | 65,512  | 73,544     |          | 77,189  |     | 87,777  | 91,517         |
| ludicial<br>Retirement               | 2,500   | 2,601      |          | 2,600   |     | 3,200   | 3,775          |
| Corporation<br>Counsel               | 10,450  | 12,317     |          | 12,754  |     | 11,885  | 12,870         |
| Public Defender<br>Service           | 4,786   | 5,222      |          | 5,583   |     | 6,875   | 7,188          |
| Pretrial<br>Services<br>Agency       | 2,361   | 2,435      |          | 2,821   |     | 3,014   | 3,121          |
| Corrections                          | 185,412 | 194,608    |          | 215,468 |     | 252.776 | 245,644        |
| Board of<br>Parole                   | 1,994   | 3,931      |          | 5,041   |     | 5,281   | 5,308          |
| Other                                | 1,138   | 1,711      |          | 2,108   |     | 1,293   | 1,348          |
| fotal                                | 532,573 | 568,568    |          | 614,382 |     | 707,770 | 715,046        |

\*Fire Department Retirement, settlements and judgements, National Guard and Office of Emergency Preparedness are not included in public safety expenditures.

\*\*Expenditures in thousands of dollars.

Source: District of Columbia Supporting Schedules, Office of the Budget.

Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

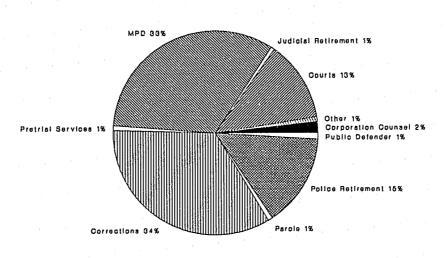


Figure 2 Criminal Justice Expenditures by Agency Fiscal Year 1991

# THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROCESS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The District's criminal justice system is comprised of five basic organizational components: police, prosecution, defense, courts, corrections and parole. These major components participate in a five-stage criminal justice process:

-Detection of crime and apprehension of offenders -Pretrial decisions and services -Trial -Sentencing -Corrections or service of sentence

There are six publicly financed District agencies that have statutory responsibilities for administering the criminal justice process: Metropolitan Police Department, Pretrial Services Agency, Superior Court, Corporation Counsel, Department of Corrections and the Board of Parole. Additionally, the Public Defender Service, an independent agency and the United States Attorney's Office are involved in the city's criminal justice system.

The criminal justice process begins with the police who must determine the validity of reported crimes and subsequently investigate, identify and possibly apprehend suspects. The police must then decide, based upon the facts of each case, the nature of the charges to be forwarded to the prosecutor for a determination of whether or not and what to prosecute.

At the next stage, the alleged offender's pretrial status must be determined based upon the recommendation of the Pretrial Services Agency. his occurs prior to arraignment in the case of alleged misdemeanors or presentment in the case of alleged felonies. Several factors are considered in the decision to release or detain a defendant. In reviewing a defendant's case, the pretrial examiner considers the defendant's ties to family and community, employment status, residency, prior record of failure to appear in court, drug abuse and criminal history and other indicators of reliability.

In the case of arraignment, charges are presented, a plea is entered and a trial date may be set. In the case of presentment, the arrestee is informed of the charge, counsel is appointed (if necessary), pretrial status is determined and a date is set for a preliminary hearing (unless waived).

In felony proceedings, the pretrial stage involves a series of preliminary and Grand Jury hearings. The hearings are designed to ensure that the evidence and facts of the case presented are sufficient to establish probable cause for indictment. In a preliminary hearing, a judge determines from the evidence presented by the prosecutor if there is probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed. In a Grand Jury hearing, the prosecutor's evidence is reviewed and, if the evidence is sufficient, an indictment is issued. In a small percentage of cases, the Grand Jury can initiate an investigation, issue an indictment based on investigation findings and then issue an arrest warrant. The defendant indicted under these circumstances is then arraigned and subsequently stands trial.

The prosecutor remains the key participant throughout this stage of the criminal justice process and may use some discretion until Grand Jury indictment to dismiss the case for any number of reasons. In the District, the Office of the Corporation Counsel prosecutes juvenile cases, traffic cases, some misdemeanor cases and civil suits to which the District government is a party. The United States Attorney's Office handles the prosecution of all other criminal cases. In felony prosecution, if probable cause is established at the preliminary hearing stage, the case is bound over to the Grand Jury. If the Grand Jury indicts, the case then proceeds to arraignment, where a plea is entered. Before a defendant enters a plea or goes to trial, it is the obligation of the defense counsel to investigate the case and interview any witnesses. In the majority of cases, disposition is resolved by a plea of guilty to all or some of the charges indicated. If plea bargaining occurs, the prosecutor and defense counsel discuss whether the client can plead guilty to the given charges or lesser charges based on the defendant's prior criminal record and role in the crime. If a felony defendant pleads not guilty, a trial by either judge or jury takes place and a determination of guilt or innocence is made. If a defendant pleads guilty, or if a defendant is found guilty by a judge or jury, a conviction is established and a sentence is imposed.

Persons who have pled guilty or been convicted following trial are subsequently sentenced by the court. Sentencing options include incarceration, probation, a fine, placement in a halfway house, institutionalization or community service. If a person is sentenced to incarceration, a classification evaluation is conducted to determine the level of supervision and services he will need. The findings of this study are the basis for deciding the facility in which the inmate's sentence will be served.

If not incarcerated, a person may be sentenced to probation for a maximum of five years. Conditions of probation include drug testing, alcohol treatment, employment and reporting to an assigned probation officer. Also, a person may be placed in a residential treatment facility for all or part of his probation. Violation of probation terms may result in probation extension or revocation. If probation is revoked, the probationer may then be incarcerated or placed in a halfway house. If a probationer adheres to the terms of his probation, his probation may be terminated early.

Once an inmate has served his minimum sentence, he may be considered for parole. Parole eligibility is determined by a review of progress reports during incarceration, parole guidelines and personal interviews, as well as other factors that indicate the possibility of risk the inmate poses to the community. If parole is granted, an inmate may be released to a halfway house, a work-release program or directly into the community.

## LAW ENFORCEMENT

#### **Overview**

The Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) is primarily responsible for law enforcement in the District of Columbia. The department has both city and state law enforcement authority and is charged with a broad range of statutory and municipal law enforcement responsibilities. In fiscal year 1991, MPD had an authorized strength of 4,526 officers, 698 civilians and 139 cadets. In addition to the MPD, there are 23 other public law enforcement authorities operating in the District of Columbia with more than 3,000 commissioned police officers. These public agencies have police powers limited to specific geographical areas and include, among others, the U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, the U.S. Capitol Police, the U.S. Park Police and the Metro Transit Police.

The most common way a crime becomes known to the police is for the victim to report it. Other crimes become known when a law enforcement officer either witnesses a crime in progress or uncovers evidence of a crime while conducting patrol duties. A citizen other than the victim may also witness a crime and then report the crime to the authorities.

Reported offense data throughout the United States focus primarily on the eight major offenses defined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as Crime Index offenses, or Part I offenses. These offenses are further divided into two groups: violent offenses, which include homicide, rape, robbery and aggravated assault; and property offenses, which include burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft and arson (see appendix for definitions). In selecting the crimes to be included in the Crime Index, the FBI considers several factors. The seriousness of the crime and frequency of occurrence serve as indicators of the nation's crime experience. While there are differences in criminal status for given crimes in different jurisdictions, all Crime Index offenses are fully defined and a single definition for each of the chosen offenses were developed to ensure measurable crime data. In the future, the District and other jurisdictions will move toward implementation of the National Incidence Based Reporting System which will allow for more variables to be collected regarding the specific nature of individual crimes.

Part II offenses encompass all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I offenses (see appendix for definitions). This category of offenses was devised and adopted in order that law enforcement, judicial and penal statistics might be uniformly compiled in terms of a single classification of offenses.

After a crime is reported, the police must determine the validity of the reported offense. Once validated, the police investigate and attempt to identify and apprehend a suspect. After an individual is taken into custody, the police decide, based on the facts of the case, which charges to impose and forward to the prosecutor.

This section of the report examines reported offense data, geographic patterns of crime, adult arrest data and characteristics of adult arrestees.

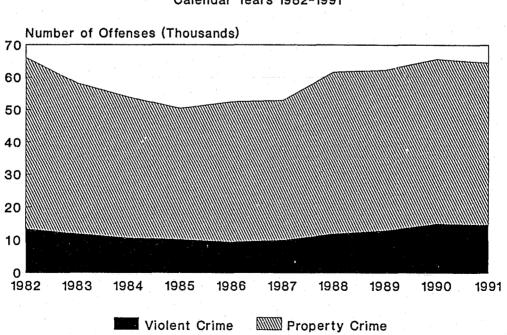
#### **Reported Offenses**

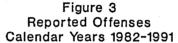
The population estimate for the District for 1991 is 609,900. In 1991, there were 64,555 Crime Index offenses reported of which 14,665 were for violent and 49,890 were for property crimes. A ten-year analysis shows that although the number of reported offenses is 2 percent lower than in 1982, when the District's population is taken into account, the rate increased slightly by 1 percent from 10,487 to 10,637 per 100,000 District residents in 1991. Between 1982 and 1991, the District experienced a 4 percent decline in population from 630,000 to 606,900 which

contributed to the crime rate increase. In this same time period, the number of reported property offenses decreased by 5 percent from 52,674 to 49,890 and the rate decreased by 2 percent from 8,361 to 8,220 per 100,000 residents. However, the number of reported violent offenses increased by 9 percent from 13,397 in 1982 to 14,665 in 1991 with a corresponding rate increase of 14 percent (2,127 to 2,416) (Table 3, Figure 3).

Of the violent offenses, homicide has increased by 148 percent numerically and 155 percent by rate from 194 (or 31 per 100,000 residents) in 1982 to 482 (or 79 per 100,000 residents) in 1991. In the same period, there was also an 84 percent increase in the number of reported aggravated assaults (3,645 to 6,704) and a 91 percent increase in the rate per 100,000 residents (579 to 1,105). Reported rapes, however, decreased from 421 (or 67 per 100,000 residents) to 214 (or 35 per 100,000) resulting in a numeric decrease of 49 percent and a rate decrease of 48 percent.

With the exception of reported auto thefts, which have increased by 99 percent numerically or 106 percent by rate, the other reported property offenses are less than in 1982. Burglary decreased from 14,744 (or 2,345 per 100,000 residents) to 12,403 (or 2,044 per 100,000 residents) resulting in a numeric decrease of 16 percent and a 13 percent decrease in rate. Nonetheless, reports of burglary in 1991 were the second highest that they had been in the ten-year period. Reports of larceny numbered 33,435 (or 5,207 per 100,000) in 1982 and 29,119 (or 4,798 per 100,000) in 1991, 13 percent lower in number and 8 percent lower by rate. And again, despite the lower number and rate, reported larceny in 1991 was the third highest within the ten-year period. Reports of arson were the third lowest in the ten-year period and, compared to 1982, were 38 percent lower numerically (379 to 236) and 35 percent lower by rate (60 to 39 per 100,000 residents).





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|      |        | De la d'a              | Crime          | Violent        | Property       |          |
|------|--------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Year |        | Population<br>Estimate | Index<br>Total | Crime<br>Total | Crime<br>Total | Homicide |
| 1982 | Total  | 630,000                | 66,071         | 13,397         | 52,674         | 19       |
|      | Rate** |                        | 10,487         | 2,127          | 8,361          | 3        |
| 1983 | Total  | 627,500                | 58,150         | 11,936         | 46,214         | 18       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 9,267          | 1,902          | 7,365          | 1        |
| 1984 | Total  | 623,000                | 53,857         | 10,725         | 43,132         | 17       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 8,645          | 1,722          | 6,923          | 2        |
| 1985 | Total  | 626,900                | 50,367         | 10,172         | 40,195         | 14       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 8,034          | 1,623          | 6,412          | 2        |
| 1986 | Total  | 627,400                | 52,431         | 9,422          | 43,009         | 19       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 8,357          | 1,502          | 6,855          |          |
| 1987 | Tota!  | 628,500                | 52,799         | 10,016         | 42,783         | 22       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 8,401          | 1,594          | 6,807          |          |
| 1988 | Total  | 620,000                | 61,715         | 11,913         | 49,802         | 36       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 9,954          | 1,922          | 8,033          | 6        |
| 1989 | Total  | 620,000                | 62,309         | 12,935         | 49,374         | 43       |
|      | Rate   |                        | 10,050         | 2,086          | 7,964          |          |
| 1990 | Total  | 606,900                | 65,646         | 14,960         | 50,686         | 47       |
|      | Rate   | •                      | 10,817         | 2,465          | 8,352          |          |

The following classifications are used in this and subsequent tables:

Crime Index Total equals the violent crime total plus property crime total.

Violent Crime Total equals the sum of homicide, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Property Crime Total equals the sum of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson.

64,555

10,637

\*Homicide includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter.

\*\*Rate is calculated per 100,000 residents.

606,900\*\*\*

1991

Total

Rate

\*\*\*Figure derived using 1990 population estimate.

Source: 1982 - 1991: Offenses Reported Under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, Metropolitan Police Department.

14,665

2,416

49,890

8,220

482

79

Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

|      |         | Aggravated |          | Larceny/ | Motor<br>Vehicle |       |
|------|---------|------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------|
| Rape | Robbery | Assault    | Burglary | Theft    | Theft            | Arson |
| 421  | 9,137   | 3,645      | 14,744   | 33,435   | 4,086            | 379   |
| 67   | 1,450   | 579        | 2,345    | 5,307    | 649              | 60    |
| 406  | 7,698   | 3,646      | 12,483   | 29,405   | 3,955            | 371   |
| 65   | 1,227   | 581        | 1,989    | 4,686    | 630              | 59    |
| 366  | 6,087   | 4,097      | 10,954   | 27,471   | 4,374            | 333   |
| 59   | 977     | 658        | 1,758    | 4,409    | 702              | 53    |
| 337  | 5,230   | 4,457      | 10,004   | 24,873   | 5,024            | 294   |
| 54   | 834     | 711        | 1,596    | 3,968    | 801              | 47    |
| 328  | 4,179   | 4,181      | 10,814   | 25,818   | 6,105            | 272   |
| 52   | 752     | 666        | 1,724    | 4,115    | 973              | 43    |
| 245  | 4,462   | 5,084      | 11,241   | 24,965   | 6,297            | 280   |
| 39   | 710     | 809        | 1,789    | 3,972    | 1,002            | 45    |
| 165  | 5,689   | 5,690      | 12,295   | 28,582   | 8,633            | 292   |
| 27   | 918     | 918        | 1,983    | 4,610    | 1,392            | 47    |
| 186  | 6,540   | 5,775      | 11,778   | 29,110   | 8,287            | 199   |
| 30   | 1,055   | 931        | 1,900    | 4,695    | 1,337            | 32    |
| 303  | 7,365   | 6,819      | 12,035   | 30,326   | 8,109            | 216   |
| 50   | 1,214   | 1,124      | 1,983    | 4,997    | 1,336            | 36    |
| 214  | 7,265   | 6,704      | 12,403   | 29,119   | 8,132            | 236   |
| 35   | 1,197   | 1,105      | 2,044    | 4,798    | 1,340            | 39    |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |
|      |         |            |          |          |                  |       |

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Compared to five years ago, reported Crime Index offenses have markedly increased from 52,799 (or 8,401 per 100,000 residents) in 1987 to 64,555 (or 10,637 per 100,000 residents) in 1991, a numeric increase of 22 percent and a rate increase of 27 percent. During this time period, both violent and property crimes increased. In 1987, there were 10,016 reports of violent offenses (or 1,594 per 100,000 residents) compared with 14,665 (or 2,416 per 100,000 residents), resulting in a numeric increase of 46 percent and a rate increase of 52 percent. Reported property offenses increased by 17 percent numerically and 21 percent by rate from 42,783 (or 6,807 per 100,000 residents) to 49,890 (or 8,220 per 100,000 residents) (Table 3).

The greatest increase in violent offenses was for homicides, which increased from 225 (or 36 per 100,000 residents) in 1987 to 482 (or 79 per 100,000 residents) in 1991, constituting an increase of 114 percent numerically and 119 percent by rate. Among property offenses, reports of motor vehicle theft showed the greatest increase from 6,297 (or 1,002 thefts per 100,000 residents) to 8,132 (or 1,340 thefts per 100,000 residents), representing a numeric increase of 29 percent and a rate increase of 34 percent (Table 3).

Compared to 1990, reported offenses decreased slightly from 65,646 (or 10,817 per 100,000 residents) -- 2 percent fewer numerically and by rate. Although reported homicide, burglary, auto theft and arson increased slightly, all other Crime Index offenses decreased (Table 3).

#### **Reported Crime Relative to Other Cities**

In a comparative analysis of reported crimes in U.S. cities with populations greater than 400,000 for which the modified crime rate was known, data indicate that the District ranked 12th among 27 cities (Table A-1).

#### **Geographic Patterns of Crime**

In 1991, there were 2,778 (591 violent and 2,187 property) reported offenses for which neither ward nor census tract could be determined. Because of the sensitivity involved in calculating rates by ward, the following figures can only be considered a rough comparison.

Ward 2 continues to lead the District with the largest number of reported offenses and highest rate per 1,000 ward residents for both violent and property offenses. In 1991, Ward 2 had 19,442 reported Crime Index offenses with a corresponding rate of 238 per 1,000 ward residents. There were 3,047 violent offenses reported for a rate of 37 per 1,000 ward residents and 16,395 property offenses for a rate of 201 per 1,000 ward residents.

Ward 6 had the second highest rate of reported offenses with 115 per 1,000 ward residents and 8,101 reports. Although Ward 6 also ranked second in terms of property crime with 85 per 1,000 residents (or 6,035 reports), it ranked third (behind Wards 2 and 8) for reported violent offenses with 29 per 1,000 residents while numbering 2,066 reports. Ward 8, which for many years had the highest rate of violence, had the second highest rate in 1991 with 2,122 violent offenses (or 31 per 1,000 residents) (Table 4).

Ward 3 continued to have the lowest number and rate of Crime Index offenses with 4,186 (or 50 per 1,000 ward residents) as well as the lowest reported violent offenses with 244 (or 3 per 1,000 ward residents). However, it was replaced by Ward 8 as having the lowest number and rate for property crimes. In 1991, Ward 8 reported 2,878 property offenses (or 42 per 1,000 ward residents) compared to 3,942 (or 47 per 1,000 ward residents) in Ward 3 (Table 4).

The incidence of reported Crime Index offenses in each of the District's census tracts is given in Table A-2.

#### TABLE 4

#### REPORTED CRIME INDEX OFFENSES BY WARD CALENDAR YEAR 1991

| Ward |                 | Population<br>Estimates*              | Crime<br>Index<br>Total | Violent<br>Crime<br>Total | Property<br>Crime<br>Total |
|------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1    | Total<br>Rate** | 79,729                                | 8,000<br>100            | 1,785<br>22               | 6,215<br>78                |
| 2    | Total           | 81,638                                | 19,442                  | 3,047                     | 16,395                     |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 238                     | 37                        | 201                        |
| 3    | Total           | 83,204                                | 4,183                   | 244                       | 3,944                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 50                      | 3                         | 47                         |
| 4    | Total           | 78,425                                | 5,171                   | 1,143                     | 4,028                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 66                      | 15                        | 51                         |
| 5    | Total           | 75,054                                | 6,930                   | 2,064                     | 4,866                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 92                      | 28                        | 65                         |
| 6    | Total           | 70,669                                | 8,101                   | 2,066                     | 6,053                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 115                     | 29                        | 85                         |
| 7    | Total           | 69,312                                | 4,923                   | 1,603                     | 3,320                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 71                      | 23                        | 48                         |
| 8    | Total           | 68,869                                | 5,022                   | 2,122                     | 2,900                      |
|      | Rate            |                                       | 73                      | 31                        | 42                         |
|      |                 | ing 1990 populat<br>or 1,000 resident |                         |                           |                            |

#### **Adult Arrests**

Continuing a trend of increasing arrests that began in 1988, in 1991, there were more arrests made than during any other year in the past target arrests for both Part I and Part II arrests. Compared to 1982, there were 15 percent more arrests for Part I offenses (8,844 to 10,140) and 45 percent more for Part II offenses (28,416 to 41,096) resulting in a 38 percent increase in total arrests (37,260 to 51,236) (Table 5, Figure 4).

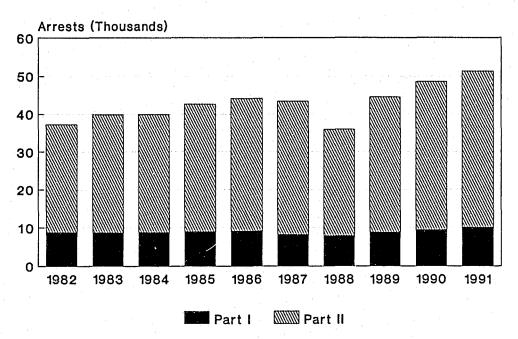
Compared to 1987, the number of arrests for Part I offenses increased by 23 percent (from 8,275), arrests for Part II offenses increased by 17 percent (from 35,170) and total arrests increased by 18 percent (from 43,445). Compared to 1990, the number of arrests for Part I offenses increased by 7 percent (from 9,453), arrests for Part II offenses increased by 5 percent (from 39,114) and total arrests increased by 5 percent (from 48,567) (Table 5).

Of Part I violent offenses in 1991, the majority of adults (59 percent) were arrested on charges of aggravated assault. Of Part I property offenses, the majority of adults (51 percent) were arrested for larceny. Of Part II offenses, more adults were arrested on drug charges (23 percent) followed closely by disorderly conduct charges

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| UMBER O | F ADUL'T ARRESTS<br>YEARS 1982 - 1991 | FOR PART | AND PART | II OFFENSES |
|---------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Year    | Part I                                | Part II  | Total    |             |
| 1982    | 8,844                                 | 28,416   | 37,260   |             |
| 1983    | 8,735                                 | 31,065   | 39,800   |             |
| 1984    | 8,854                                 | 31,056   | 39,906   |             |
| 1985    | 8,995                                 | 33,648   | 42,643   |             |
| 1986    | 9,177                                 | 34,877   | 43,994   |             |
| 1987    | 8,275                                 | 35,170   | 43,445   |             |
| 1988    | 7,912                                 | 28,001   | 35,913   |             |
| 1989    | 8,801                                 | 35,743   | 44,544   |             |
| 1990    | 9,453                                 | 39,114   | 48,567   |             |
| 1991    | 10,140                                | 41,096   | 51,236   |             |

Figure 4 Part I and Part II Adult Arrests Calendar Years 1982-1991



#### (22 percent) (Tables A-3, A-4 and A-5).

Adult arrests for drug offenses have fluctuated over the past five years. In 1991, there were 9,623 adults arrested on either sales (45 percent) or possession (55 percent) charges. This is 13 percent lower than the 11,066 adults arrested in 1987 and 9 percent higher than the 8,849 adults arrested in 1990. The percentage of adults arrested on possession charges increased slightly from 1987 when 52 percent of adult arrests were for possession, but decreased slightly from 1990 when arrests were 57 percent (Table 6, Figure 5).

| NUMBER AND PERCENT OF ADULT ARRESTS FOR SALES AND POSSESSION<br>CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991 |                 |                  |                      |                  |        |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Year   | Number<br>Sales | Percent<br>Total | Number<br>Possession | Percent<br>Total | Total  |  |  |  |
| 1987   | 5,297           | 48               | 5,769                | 52               | 11,066 |  |  |  |
| 1988   | 3,366           | 40               | 5,139                | 60               | 8,505  |  |  |  |
| 1989   | 3,410           | 38               | 5,625                | 62               | 9,035  |  |  |  |
| 1990   | 3,788           | 43               | 5,061                | 57               | 8,849  |  |  |  |
| 1991   | 4,336           | 45               | 5,287                | 55               | 9,623  |  |  |  |

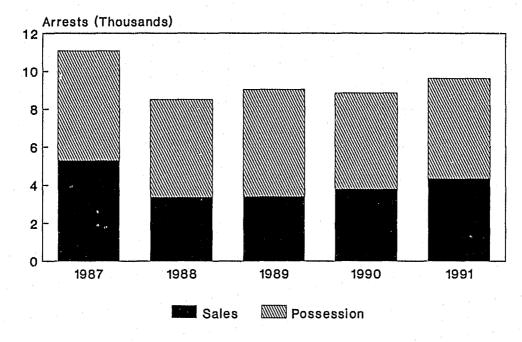
The majority of adult sales and possession charges were for opium or cocaine and their derivatives, which continue to rise as the drugs of choice and comprise 87 percent of sales arrests (3,803) and 80 percent of possession arrests (4,272). Additionally, opium/cocaine sales arrests were the highest in five years and opium/cocaine possession arrests were the second highest. Of the 9,623 adults arrested in 1991, 81 percent were charged in conjunction with either of the two drugs. By comparison, in 1987, arrests for these offenses comprised 49 percent of drug arrests. Arrests for other drugs outside the categories of opium, cocaine and marijuana have steadily declined and by 1991 were at their lowest points comprising 4 percent of arrests for sales (180) and possession (187) (Table A-6).

#### **Characteristics of Adult Arrestees**

#### Age and Gender

As is generally true, persons arrested in 1991 were predominantly men below the age of thirty. Men comprised 82 percent of the arrested population - 86 percent of arrests on Part I offenses, 81 percent of arrests on Part II offenses and 85 percent of arrests on drug offenses. Fifty-three (53) percent were age 29 or younger. Of persons arrested between ages 18 and 29, just under a third were between 18 and 20 years of age (Table 7). Males continue to represent the highest proportion of arrests: 85 percent (8,062) of Part I arrests, 80 percent (31,328) of Part II arrests and 85 percent (7,523) of drug arrests (7,523) (Table 7).

# Figure 5 Adult Drug Arrests Calendar Years 1987-1991



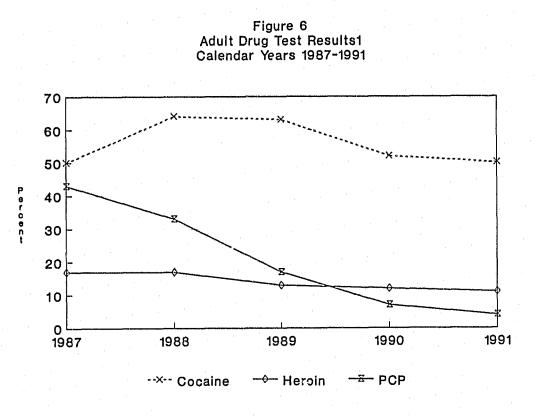
| ALENDAR Y |        |         |       |        |
|-----------|--------|---------|-------|--------|
| lge       | Part I | Part II | Drug* | Total  |
| 8-20      | 1,845  | 5,410   | 1,551 | 7,255  |
| 1-22      | 889    | 3,987   | 933   | 4,876  |
| 3-24      | 835    | 3,665   | 874   | 4,500  |
| 5-29      | 2,064  | 8,656   | 1,987 | 10,720 |
| 0-34      | 1,837  | 7,352   | 1,733 | 9,189  |
| 5-39      | 1,272  | 5,437   | 1,321 | 6,709  |
| 0-44      | 672    | 3,216   | 711   | 3,888  |
| 5-49      | 277    | 1,480   | 309   | 1,757  |
| 0 +       | 303    | 1,680   | 182   | 1,983  |
| Jnknown   | 146    | 213     | 22    | 359    |
| 'otal     | 10,140 | 41,096  | 9,623 | 51,236 |
| Jender    |        |         |       |        |
| Male      | 8,672  | 33,467  | 8,211 | 42,139 |
| remale    | 1,468  | 7,629   | 1,412 | 9,079  |
| 'otal     | 10,140 | 41,096  | 9,623 | 51,236 |

#### Drug Use

The number of arrestees tested for the presence of illegal drugs by the Pretrial Services Agency continues to increase. In 1987, 15,767 tests were administered and in 1991, 22,382 tests were administered, representing an increase of 41 percent.

The drug of choice continues to be cocaine which in 1991 comprised 51 percent of positive test results, though it has steadily declined since its peak of 64 percent of positive tests in 1988. Positive tests for heroin and PCP have also declined to 11 and 5 percent respectively (Table 8, Figure 6).

| 'ear | Total<br>Tests           | Total<br>Positive | Total<br>Percent<br>Positive | Total<br>Heroin<br>Positive | Heroin<br>Percent<br>Positive |  |
|------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|      |                          | 14 000            |                              | A ( ( A                     |                               |  |
| 987  | 15,767                   | 11,289            | 72                           | 2,662                       | 17                            |  |
| 988  | 15,734                   | 11,351            | 72                           | 2,618                       | 17                            |  |
| 989  | 18,388                   | 12,252            | 67                           | 2,468                       | 13                            |  |
| 990  | 19,781*                  | 11,218            | 56                           | 2,410                       | 12                            |  |
| 991  | 22,383                   | 12,205            | 54                           | 2,572                       | 11                            |  |
|      |                          | Total             | Cocaine                      | Total                       | РСР                           |  |
|      |                          | Cocaine           | Percent                      | PCP                         | Percent                       |  |
| 'ear | · · · ·                  | Positive          | Positive                     | Positive                    | Positive                      |  |
| 987  |                          | 7,947             | 50                           | 6,725                       | 43                            |  |
| 988  |                          | 10,078            | 64                           | 5,224                       | 33                            |  |
| 989  |                          | 11,497            | 63                           | 3,175                       | 17                            |  |
| 990  |                          | 10,414            | 52                           | 1,411                       | 7                             |  |
| 991  |                          | 11,392            | 50                           | 1,057                       | 4                             |  |
|      |                          |                   |                              |                             |                               |  |
|      | n previously published 1 | laures            |                              |                             |                               |  |
|      | · · · · · · · · · ·      | inures            |                              |                             |                               |  |



#### Summary

A ten-year analysis shows that the number of reported offenses is 2 percent lower than in 1982. However, when taking the District's decreased population into account, the rate increases by 1 percent from 10,487 to 10,637 per 100,000 District residents in 1991. Between 1982 and 1991, the District experienced a 4 percent decline in population from 630,000 to 606,900 which contributed to the crime rate increase. In this same time period, the number of reported property offenses decreased by 5 percent and the rate decreased by 2 percent. However, the number of reported violent offenses increased by 9 percent from 13,397 in 1982 to 14,665 in 1991 with a corresponding rate increase of 14 percent.

Compared to five years ago, reported Crime Index offenses have increased 22 percent by number and 27 percent by rate. Violent offenses had a numeric increase of 46 percent and a rate increase of 52 percent. The greatest increases in violent offenses were for homicides which increased 119 percent by rate. Reported property offenses have increased by 17 percent numerically and 21 percent by rate.

Compared to 1990, reported offenses decreased 2 percent by number and rate. Although reported homicide, burglary and arson increased slightly, all other Crime Index offenses decreased.

Continuing a trend of increasing arrests that began in 1988, there were more arrests made in 1991 than during any other year in the past decade for both Part I and Part II arrests. Compared to 1987, the number of arrests for Part I offenses increased by 23 percent, arrests for Part II offenses increased by 17 percent and total arrests increased by 18 percent.

Adult arrests for drug offenses have fluctuated over the past five years. Drug arrests in 1991 were 13 percent lower than in 1987 and 9 percent higher than in 1990.

## THE COURTS

#### Overview

After a person has been arrested and charged with a crime, the charge and any additional information about that person are forwarded by the police to the prosecutor's office. In the District, the Office of the Corporation Counsel prosecutes juvenile cases, traffic cases, some misdemeanor cases and civil suits to which the District of Columbia government is a party. The United States Attorney's Office handles the prosecution of all adult criminal cases. This section of the report provides prosecution and conviction data for adults.

#### Prosecutions

There were 21,996 adult felony and misdemeanor prosecutions in 1991. This is 5 percent less than in 1987 when there were 23,117 and 10 percent more than in 1990 when there were 20,056. Prosecutions for misdemeanor offenses comprised the majority of prosecutions with 52 percent, continuing a trend which began in 1989 (Table 9, Figure 7).

In 1991, the largest number of prosecutions were for drug offenses (5,337) and aggravated assault (1,137) which together comprised 61 percent of prosecutions. Compared to 1987, prosecutions for drug offenses were 9 percent lower when there were 5,845. Conversely, prosecutions for aggravated assault were 30 percent higher than in 1987 when there were 872. In 1991, there were fewer prosecutions for rape (-8 percent), larceny (-35 percent), motor vehicle theft (-27 percent), arson (-15 percent) and other miscellaneous charges (-49 percent). The number of prosecutions for larceny, motor vehicle theft and arson were the lowest in five years. In addition to drug and aggravated assault offenses aforementioned, there were also substantial increases in prosecutions in 1991 for homicide (+98 percent), robbery (+29 percent), burglary (+26 percent) and weapons offenses (+154 percent) (Table 10).

Compared to 1990, there were decreases in the number of adults prosecuted for homicide (-6 percent), rape (-<1 percent), larceny (-24 percent) and motor vehicle theft (-8 percent). Conversely, there were increases in the number of prosecutions for robbery (+1 percent), aggravated assault (+17 percent), burglary (+20 percent), drug charges (+14 percent), weapons offenses (+67 percent) and other miscellaneous offenses (+6 percent) (Table 10).

#### Convictions

Adult convictions for misdemeanor and felony offenses in 1991 were the fewest in five years with 9,929 convictions. This figure is 27 percent lower than in 1987 when there were 13,542 and 11 percent lower than in 1990 when there were 11,131. The majority (53 percent) of convictions were for felonies (Table 11, Figure 8).

More adults were convicted on homicide, robbery, burglary and weapons offenses than at any other time in the last five years. Convictions for homicide were 90 percent higher than in 1987 when there were 69 compared to 131 in 1991 and 16 percent higher than in 1990 when there were 113. Weapons offense convictions were 31 percent higher than in 1987 (114 to 149) and 21 percent higher than in 1990 (123) (Table 12).

In 1991, drug charges comprised 55 percent of felony convictions numbering 2,901, the smallest number of convictions in five years. There were 37 percent fewer drug convictions than in 1987 when convictions numbered 4,622 and 4 percent less than in 1990 when there were 3,023 drug convictions. Additionally, there were fewer

| CALENDAR YEA | ARS 1987 - 1991 |        |        |        |        |
|--------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|              | 1987            | 1988   | 1989   | 1990   | 1991   |
| Felony       | 11,518          | 10,939 | 10,245 | 9,602  | 10,561 |
| Misdemeanor  | 11,599          | 10,634 | 10,099 | 10,454 | 11,435 |
| Fotal        | 23,117          | 21,573 | 20,344 | 20,056 | 21,996 |

#### TABLE 10

# ADULT FELONY PROSECUTIONS BY OFFENSE CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991

|                     | 1987   | 1988   | 1989   | 1990  | 1991   |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Homicide            | 131    | 196    | 288    | 276   | 260    |
| Rape                | 132    | 108    | 126    | 127   | 122    |
| Robbery             | 735    | 732    | 810    | 934   | 947    |
| Assault             | 872    | 879    | 836    | 971   | 1,137  |
| Burglary            | 482    | 494    | 517    | .504  | 608    |
| Larceny             | 234    | 274    | 212    | 201   | 152    |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 888    | 908    | 731    | 705   | 652    |
| Arson               | 27     | 39     | 40     | 29    | 23     |
| Drugs               | 5,845  | 5,768  | 5,187  | 4,694 | 5,337  |
| Weapons             | 104    | 115    | 142    | 158   | 264    |
| Other               | 2,068  | 1,426  | 1,356  | 1,003 | 1,059  |
| Fotal               | 11,518 | 10,939 | 10,245 | 9,602 | 10,561 |

|             | ELONY AND MISDEMEANOR (<br>Alendar years 1987-1991 |        |        |        |       |  |
|-------------|--|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|
|             | 1987   | 1988   | 1989   | 1990   | 1991  |  |
| Felony      | 7,024  | 6,280  | 6,476  | 5,458  | 5,289 |  |
| Misdemeanor | 6,518  | 7,317  | 5,938  | 5,673  | 4,640 |  |
| Total       | 13,542   | 13,597 | 12,414 | 11,131 | 9,929 |  |

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Figure 7 Adult Prosecutions Calendar Years 1987-1991

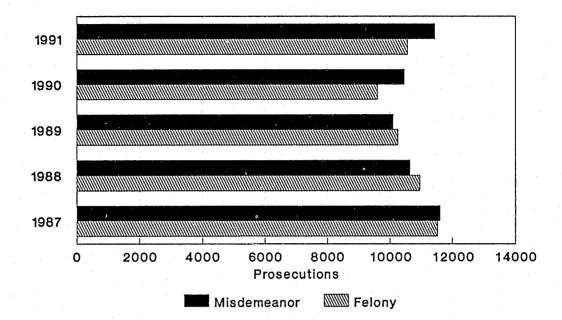
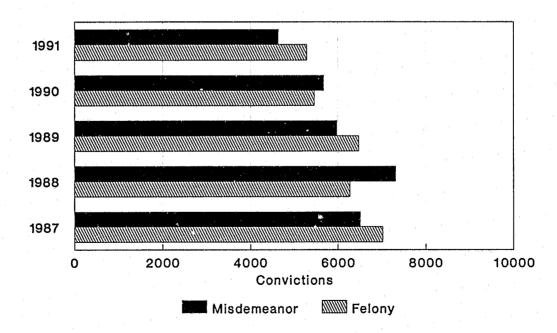


Figure 8 Adult Convictions Calendar Years 1987-1991



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convictions for larceny and motor vehicle theft than any other time within the last five years. There were 25 percent fewer convictions on larceny charges in 1991 when there were 213 contrasted with 285 in 1987 and 18 percent less than in 1990 when there were 260. Convictions on motor vehicle theft were 38 percent lower than in 1987 when there were 322 contrasted with 199 in 1991 and 20 percent less than in 1990 when there were 248 (Table 12).

| ADULT FELONY C<br>CALENDAR YEARS |       | S BY OFFENSE |       |       |       |  |
|----------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
|                                  | 1987  | 1988         | 1989  | 1990  | 1991  |  |
| Homicide                         | 69    | 102          | 83    | 113   | 131   |  |
| Rape                             | 81    | 37           | 24    | 41    | 59    |  |
| Robbery                          | 398   | 312          | 379   | 411   | 416   |  |
| Assault                          | 268   | 230          | 290   | 282   | 278   |  |
| Burglary                         | 199   | 191          | 200   | 243   | 258   |  |
| Larceny                          | 285   | 273          | 283   | 260   | 213   |  |
| Motor Vehicle Theft              | 322   | 343          | 252   | 248   | 199   |  |
| Arson                            | 3     | 5            | 5     | 15    | 8     |  |
| Drugs                            | 4,622 | 3,732        | 3,740 | 3,023 | 2,901 |  |
| Weapons                          | 114   | 108          | 116   | 123   | 149   |  |
| Other                            | 663   | 947          | 1,104 | 699   | 677   |  |
| Total                            | 7,024 | 6,280        | 6,476 | 5,458 | 5,289 |  |

#### Summary

There were 5 percent fewer adult felony and misdemeanor prosecutions in 1991 than in 1987 and 10 percent more than in 1990.

Compared to 1987, prosecutions for drug offenses were 9 percent lower in 1991 while prosecutions for aggravated assault were 30 percent higher than in 1987. In 1991, prosecution for rape, larceny, auto theft and arson declined while prosecutions for homicide, robbery, burglary and weapons offenses increased.

Adult convictions for misdemeanor and felony offenses in 1991 were the fewest in five years. More adults were convicted for homicide, robbery, burglary and weapons offenses than in any other year in the last five years. Convictions for homicide were 90 percent higher than in 1987 and 16 percent higher than in 1990. Weapons charge convictions were 31 percent higher than in 1987 and 21 percent higher than in 1990.

There were 37 percent fewer drug convictions in 1991 than in 1987 and 4 percent less than in 1990. ■

# CORRECTIONS

#### Overview

The District's Department of Corrections is responsible for the administration and operation of the D.C. Detention Facility (jail) and various prisons, community correctional centers and alternative incarceration programs. The city's jail is located in the boundaries of the District and is primarily used to house men and women defendants awaiting trial and inmates with sentences of one year or less.

Due to a court order limiting the number of inmates that can be housed at the jail, coupled with a rise in the pretrial population, the Department of Corrections began to house pretrial detainees in the Modular Facility at the D.C. Correctional Complex in Lorton, Virginia during fiscal year 1989.

The majority of men with longer sentences are housed at minimum, medium and maximum security facilities in Lorton, Virginia on a 3,000-acre site. To help alleviate prison overcrowding, the District also contracts with the Federal Bureau of Prisons to house male inmates at several facilities in various jurisdictions through the Interstate Corrections Compact Act.

#### **Average Daily Correctional Population**

After having increased steadily for the past five years, the number of people incarcerated by the District of Columbia has begun to decrease. In 1991, the average daily population of District and Federal facilities numbered 11,547 -- a 16 percent increase from the 9,933 average daily population in 1987, but a 2 percent decrease from the 11,827 average daily population in 1990. This decrease is mostly attributable to a smaller number of prisoners housed in Federal and out-of-state facilities which decreased by 25 percent and 44 percent respectively. The decrease in the number of persons in Federal Prison facilities has been part of a steady decline. As of 1991, with 1,339 prisoners, the population has decreased by 65 percent. After having doubled between 1988 and 1989, the use of out-of-state facilities has now returned to 1988 levels with 476 inmates.

The number of prisoners housed at Lorton increased by 7 percent from 1990 to 1991. Compared to 1987, the population at Lorton has increased by 26 percent (5,455 to 6,875). The Modular Facility, which is used to house unsentenced detainees as well as convicted felons has borne the brunt of the increased population.

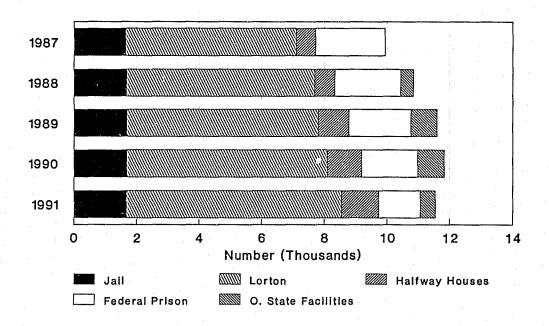
Conversely, the use of halfway houses continues to increase. In 1991, there were 1,177 inmates in these facilities -- an increase of 90 percent from 1987 when there were 618 and 7 percent more than in 1990 when there were 1,103 (Table 13).

#### **Incarceration Rates**

The incarceration rate for 1991 was 1,902.6 incarcerees per 100,000 residents. This rate is 20 percent higher than in 1987 when the rate was 1,580.4 per 100,000 residents. However, there was a 2 percent decrease from 1990 when the rate was 1,948.8 per 100,000 residents (Table 14, Figure 9).

| Year | Jail  | Lorton | Halfway<br>Houses | Federal<br>Prisons | Other<br>Programs | Other<br>State<br>Facilities | Total  |
|------|-------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| 1987 | 1,649 | 5,455  | 618               | 2,211              | 0                 | . 0                          | 9,933  |
| 1988 | 1,684 | 5,997  | 646               | 2,112              | 0                 | 407                          | 10,867 |
| 1989 | 1,695 | 6,102  | 992               | 1,982              | 178               | 824                          | 11,595 |
| 1990 | 1,686 | 7,405* | 1,103             | 1,788              | 167               | 845                          | 11,827 |
| 1991 | 1,680 | 6,875* | 1,177             | 1,339              | 235               | 476                          | 11,547 |

Figure 9 D. C. Incarcerated Population Calendar Years 1987-1991



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| 01111111111111111  | YEARS 1987 - 1991  |  |              |
|--|--|--|--------------|
|  |  | Rate per   |              |
| Year   | Number*  | 100,000  |              |
| 1987   | 9,933  | 1,580.4  |              |
| 1988   | 10,867   | 1,752.7  |              |
| 1989   | 11,595   | 1,870.2**  |              |
| 1990   | 11,827   | 1,948.8  |              |
| 1991   | 11,547   | 1,902.6***   |              |
| prisons, sent<br>District's pre<br>**This figure<br>***This figur<br>Source: Dep | enced inmates at Lor<br>trial and pre-sentenced<br>based on 1988 popul | ation estimate of 620,000.<br>population estimate of 606,900<br>s. | ail, and the |

#### **Offenders Entering Lorton**

In 1991, there were 6,189 persons entering the Correctional Complex at Lorton. This was 52 percent greater than in 1987 when there were 4,081 and 16 percent fewer than in 1990 when there were 7,397. Although those sentenced on drug charges comprised the largest category of offenders (2,665) entering Lorton in 1991, the percentage of drug offenders continues to decline from 60 percent in 1987 to 43 percent in 1991. Just over 18 percent of offenders were sentenced on violent offenses -- 3 percent on homicide charges, 9 percent for robbery, 6 percent for aggravated assault and less than 1 percent for rape.

In terms of individual offenses, compared to 1987, the number of offenders incarcerated on all charges has increased. Offenders entering Lorton on charges of homicide has increased by 261 percent (from 54 in 1987 to 195 in 1991). Offenders entering on robbery, aggravated assault or rape charges have increased by 84 percent, 89 percent and 80 percent respectively.

Between 1990 and 1991, the increases were not as substantial and for the majority of offenses (robbery, rape, burglary, larceny, auto theft, drug offenses, forgery, sex offenses and other felonies), the actual number of offenders incarcerated decreased. The largest decrease was for offenders entering on charges of forgery which went from 104 to 64 equalling a 38 percent decrease. The smallest decrease was for offenders entering who are charged with robbery which went from 610 to 558 for a decrease of 9 percent (Table 15).

| • | NTERING<br>ARS 198 |      | 14.   |     |       |     |       |      |       |      |  |
|---|--------------------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|------|--|
|   |                    | 1987 | 1     | 988 | 1     | 989 | 1     | 1990 | . 1   | 1991 |  |
| Charge                                  | #                  | %    | #     | %   | . #   | %   | #     | %    | #     | %    |  |
| Homicide                                | 54                 | 1    | 103   | 2   | 198   | 3   | 146   | 2    | 195   | 3    |  |
| Robbery                                 | 302                | 7    | 336   | 6   | 575   | 7   | 610   | 8    | 558   | . 9  |  |
| Assault                                 | 198                | 5    | 257   | 5   | 350   | 5   | 374   | 5    | 374   | 6    |  |
| Rape                                    | 30                 | 1    | 31    | 1   | 47    | 1   | 57    | < 1  | 54    | < 1  |  |
| Burglary                                | 137                | 3    | 193   | 3   | 276   | 4   | 289   | 4    | 221   | 4    |  |
| Larceny                                 | 143                | 4    | 209   | 4   | 356   | 5   | 445   | б    | 383   | 6    |  |
| Motor Vehicle The                       | eft 155            | 4    | 245   | 4   | 255   | 3   | 254   | 3    | 194   | 3    |  |
| Drugs                                   | 2,437              | 60   | 3,160 | 55  | 3,871 | 50  | 3,231 | 44   | 2,665 | 43   |  |
| Forgery                                 | 55                 | 1    | . 79  | 1   | 135   | 2   | 104   | 1    | 64    | 1    |  |
| Weapons                                 | 138                | 3    | 188   | 3   | 247   | 3   | 237   | 3    | 248   | 4    |  |
| Sex Offenses                            | 41                 | 1    | 31    | 1   | 91    | 1   | 198   | 3    | 125   | 2    |  |
| Other Felonies                          | 391                | 10   | 910   | 16  | 1,346 | 17  | 1,452 | 20   | 1,108 | 18   |  |
| Total**                                 | 4,081              |      | 5,742 |     | 7,747 |     | 7,397 |      | 6,189 |      |  |

Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

#### Summary

The number of persons incarcerated in the District continues to increase. In 1991, the average daily population of District and Federal facilities was 27 percent higher than in 1987 and just slightly higher than 1990. The District's incarceration rate for 1991 is 32 percent higher than in 1987, yet is less than one percent higher than in 1990.

The trend toward decreased reliance on Federal facilities and out-of-state placement continued to expand as well as the increased use of halfway houses. The use of out-of-state facilities was reduced by 44 percent from 1990 to 1991. The use of halfway houses has steadily grown in recent years - by 104 percent since 1987 and 7 percent since 1990. ■

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#### Overview

The Board of Parole is an executive agency of the District of Columbia. The five board members and chairperson are appointed by the mayor. The board is supported by 103 employees under the direction of the chairperson.

Parole represents a bridge between incarceration and unconditional release. The board is responsible for determining whether or not offenders should be released on parole; establishing terms and conditions of release; supervising parolees in the community; and determining whether to modify conditions of or revoke parole.

#### **Grants and Revocations**

The Board of Parole issued 2,420 grants in 1991. This is 8 percent more grants than in 1987 when there were 2,244 but 19 percent fewer than in 1990 when there were 2,980. Revocations continue to increase and in 1991 there were 1,146 -- a 39 percent increase compared to 1987 when there were 825 and an 11 percent increase from 1990 when there were 1,034 (Table 16).

| PAROLE GRANTS AND REVOCATIONS<br>CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991 |        |             |  |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Year  | Grants | Revocations |  |  |  |
| 1987  | 2,244  | 825         |  |  |  |
| 1988  | 2,270  | 1,060       |  |  |  |
| 1989  | 2,839  | 1,039       |  |  |  |
| 1990  | 2,980  | 1,034       |  |  |  |
| 1991  | 2,420  | 1,146       |  |  |  |

#### Summary

The increase in parole grants is mostly a reflection of an increase in the number of parole hearings and a larger eligibility pool. The increase in parole revocations is in part due to the increased drug use among parolees over the past three years. The parole population may continue to grow in the coming year as a result of sustained prison population increases occurring over the past several years.

# THE JUVENILE JUSTICE PROCESS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Youth involved in delinquent or criminal activity may come to the attention of authorities by being apprehended at the scene of a crime or identified as suspects by witnesses. They also may be reported for incorrigibility or other status offenses by school personnel, family, neighbors or others. The police officer who apprehends a youth may elect to reprimand him if no further action is necessary. Diverting a youth involves referring him to the Commission of Social Services for additional services. If the youth is to be referred to court, the Youth Division of the Metropolitan Police Department is notified.

The Youth Division first takes the youth for initial intake to the District of Columbia Courthouse or the Receiving Home for Children. Initial screenings are conducted by the Superior Court intake staff and involve a review of the youth's social and criminal history, family situation and circumstances pertaining to the charge. Based on this information, the youth is, then, either released to the custody of his parents or guardian pending an initial hearing the next day or detained for an initial screening. Youth apprehended for homicide, forcible rape, armed robbery, attempts to commit such offenses, first degree burglary and leaving court-ordered secure placement are required to undergo judicial review prior to release from detention.

After the initial screening, the probation officer assigned to the case reviews all information gathered during the initial screening, interviews the youth and the parents or guardians when possible and contacts pertinent members of the community who may provide additional information. The probation officer then delivers a recommendation on whether or not to petition the case to the Office of the Corporation Counsel and prepares a report to be presented at the new referrals hearing. The probation officer's report also provides recommendations for pretrial status, which may include pretrial detention, shelter care, community-based placements or release to the custody of parents pending trial.

The Assistant Corporation Counsel (ACC) conducts a screening and investigation of all cases recommended to the Superior Court concerning juveniles. The results of these screenings and investigations are considered jointly with the recommendations of the Social Services Division (SSD) of the Superior Court before the final decision is made to file the petition with the court. The ACC reviews the detention decision made in cases of juveniles accused of committing serious crimes and can make a recommendation to waive Juvenile Branch jurisdiction and have the case continue through the adult criminal justice system.

Cases may be "no papered" if the SSD and the ACC determine that the case is not suitable for prosecution, whereby the case is closed and the youth is released without further court action. If the decision is made to file the petition, the case is forwarded for either a new referrals hearing or an initial hearing. The ACC may file for a dismissal of petition papers at any time during the proceedings up to the trial.

The new referrals hearing is held before a judge for juveniles who have been detained pending an initial court appearance. This hearing involves a presentation of the petition and the substance of the charges to the youth, parents and the attorney; the response to the charges; and the court determination of probable cause that the juvenile committed the offense. If the court determines that there was probable cause, the judge then sets the level of supervision or custody the youth will receive while awaiting a trial date. The judge reviews the recommendation of the SSD and the ACC and considers any previous court involvement in making his determination. If detention is warranted, the court specifies the level of detention or delegates that responsibility to the Department of Human Services (DHS). Youth detained pending trial must be scheduled for trial within a 30-day period.

Youth detained pending trial may be placed in either secure or non-secure settings. Youth held in maximum

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security are placed at Oak Hill, a facility operated by the DHS. Delinquents who are younger and held in maximum security and youth held in medium and minimum security are placed at Oak Hill Annex or the Receiving Home for Children. Other alternatives include community-based shelter homes and home detention programs.

The initial hearing is held within seven days of their arrest for juveniles who are released to the custody of their parents or guardians. If probable cause is determined after a review of evidence by the hearing officer and the ACC, release conditions, a trial date and appointment of counsel are set.

When a case proceeds to trial, the case is heard before a judge. There is no right to jury trial for juveniles in the District of Columbia. If the allegations in the petition are determined to be true, the court orders preparation of an indepth social summary prior to the disposition of the case. If the verdict is acquittal, the juvenile is free from any further supervision of the court.

The pre-disposition investigation is conducted by the SSD. This investigation is the basis for the social summary and may include physical and mental health examinations. The purpose of this investigation is to determine the circumstances influencing the juvenile's behavior in order to arrive at an appropriate disposition.

The judgement entered at the disposition includes the plea, the findings, the adjudication and the dispositional order. Juveniles who are identified by the court as significant probation risks are committed to the Youth Services Administration of DHS and are institutionalized or placed in alternative care.

If the court decides in favor of probation, the youth continues his involvement with the SSD, which provides counseling and supervision for the youth until the court requests a case review or immediate court release.

# JUVENILE JUSTICE

#### Overview

Juvenile law enforcement is handled by the Youth Division of the Metropolitan Police Department. Adjudication of juvenile offenders is handled by the Family Division of the District of Columbia Superior Court. Prosecutorial functions are performed by the Juvenile Section of the Criminal Division of the Office of the Corporation Counsel. Legal defense of youth accused or adjudicated in the juvenile court is performed by the Public Defender Service, the Volunteer Attorney's Office, private counsel appointed by the court (pursuant to the District of Columbia Court Reform and Criminal Procedure Act of 1970) and privately retained defense attorneys and student attorneys from local law schools.

#### **Juvenile Arrests**

There were 4,799 juveniles arrested in 1991 -- 1,869 or 39 percent for Part I offenses and 2,930 or 61 percent for Part II offenses. After nearly doubling between 1986 and 1987, when the police began including in arrest statistics juveniles released without being charged or referred to court, arrests peaked in 1988 and then began to decline in 1989. In 1987, there were 6,148 juveniles arrested which is 22 percent more than in 1991. In 1990, there were 5,250 juveniles arrested which is 9 percent higher than in 1991. Arrests for Part I offenses in 1991 were the lowest in ten years while arrests for Part II offenses were the lowest in five years (Table 17, Figure 10).

Of Part I violent offenses in 1991, the majority of juvenile arrests were for aggravated assault, comprising 65 percent of arrests in this category. Of Part I property offenses, the majority of juvenile arrests were for motor vehicle theft which comprised 73 percent of this category. Of Part II offenses, more juveniles were arrested for drug charges (32 percent) than any other offense followed by those arrested on fugitive charges (18 percent) (Tables A-5 and A-7).

There were 666 juvenile arrests for violent offenses in 1991. This is almost equal to 1982 when 669 juveniles were arrested and 11 percent less than in 1990 when a record number of 752 juveniles were arrested for violent offenses. Proportionately, the greatest decrease in arrests was for the charge of homicide. In 1991, the number of juveniles arrested for homicide (31) was less than half the number previously arrested in 1989 and 1990 when records were set with 63 and 67 arrests respectively. Nonetheless, compared to 1982 when five arrests were made, juvenile homicide arrests increased by 520 percent.

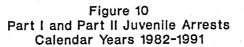
Compared to 1982, arrests for aggravated assault increased by 116 percent from 200 to 433. However, in 1991, arrests for assaults decreased slightly from 1990 by 6 percent when arrests numbered 462. On the other hand, arrests for robbery were not only 62 percent lower than in 1982 (457 compared to 175), but were 13 percent lower than in 1990 when there were 200 robbery arrests. After steadily increasing between 1982 and 1988, arrests for motor vehicle theft began to decline and between 1990 and 1991 went from 1,043 to 879 arrests resulting in a 16 percent decrease. However, compared to 1982 when 318 auto theft arrests were made, arrests have increased by 176 percent (Table A-7).

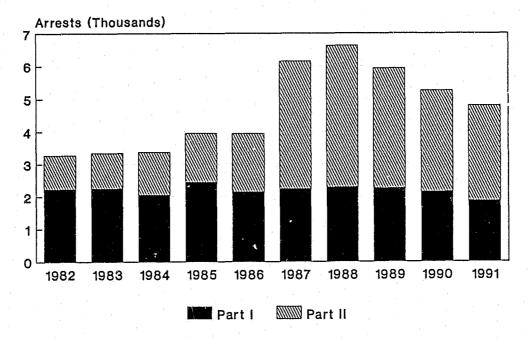
Juvenile arrests on drug charges were the lowest in five years at 935, representing 51 percent fewer than in 1987 when there were 1,894 and 12 percent less than in 1990 when there were 1,068. The majority (92 percent) continued to be arrests for sales rather than possession offenses (Table 18, Figure 11).

The majority of juvenile drug arrests were for sales or possession of opium/cocaine derivatives. There were 798 arrests for opium/cocaine sales in 1991, comprising 92 percent of total arrests for sales offenses. Ninety-nine

| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | ARRESTS FOR PAR'<br>YEARS 1982 - 1991 | F I AND PART II | OFFENSES |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Year                          | Part I                                | Part II*        | Total    |
| 1982                          | 2,228                                 | 1,033           | 3,261    |
| 1983                          | 2,250                                 | 1,085           | 3,335    |
| 1984                          | 2,051                                 | 1,310           | 3,361    |
| 1985                          | 2,443                                 | 1,506           | 3,949    |
| 1986                          | 2,141                                 | 1,803           | 3,944    |
| 1987**                        | 2,229                                 | 3,919           | 6,148    |
| 1988**                        | 2,278                                 | 4,349           | 6,627    |
| 1989**                        | 2,253                                 | 3,672           | 5,925    |
| 1990**                        | 2,142                                 | 3,108           | 5,250    |
| 1991**                        | 1,869                                 | 2,930           | 4,799    |

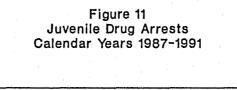
Prepared by: D. C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

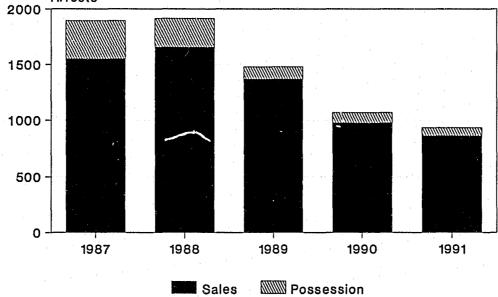




| UVENIL<br>CALEND | E DRUG A<br>AR YEARS |       |          | LES A | ND POSS | ESSION* |
|------------------|----------------------|-------|----------|-------|---------|---------|
| Year             | Sales                | % Po: | ssession | %     | Total   |         |
| 1987             | 1,550                | 82    | 344      | 18    | 1,894   |         |
| 1988             | 1,657                | 87    | 256      | 13    | 1,913   |         |
| 1989             | 1,368                | 93    | 110      | 7     | 1,478   |         |
| 1990             | 978                  | 92    | 90       | 8     | 1,068   |         |
| 1991             | 864                  | 92    | 71       | 8     | 935     |         |

Source: Metropolitan Police Department. Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center..





Arrests

(99) percent of arrests for possession were also for opium and cocaine offenses although the 70 arrested were the fewest in five years (Table A-8).

#### **Characteristics of Juvenile Arrestees**

#### Age and Gender

Males constituted 86 percent of total juvenile arrests (86 percent of Part I arrests, 87 percent of Part II arrests and 96 percent of arrests on drug charges). Eighty-two (82) percent of juveniles arrested for violent offenses and 88 percent of those arrested for property offenses were male. The percentage of females arrested for property offenses jumped from 7 percent in 1988 to 11 percent in 1991, while the percentage arrested for violent offenses jumped from 12 percent in 1988 to 17 percent in 1991.

Youth ages 15 to 16 comprised 43 percent of the arrested juvenile population (43 percent for Part I and Part II offenses). Juveniles ages 15 and 16 comprise the largest proportion arrested on drug charges with 482 or 52 percent followed by juveniles age 17 with 319 or 34 percent. Less than 1 percent were age 12 or younger (Table A-9).

#### Juvenile Drug Use

There were 3,867 drug tests administered to juvenile arrestees, 9 percent fewer than in 1987 (the first year of testing) when there were 4,228 and 6 percent fewer than in 1990 when there were 4,103. The percentage testing positive was higher at 19 percent than in 1990 (16 percent), but down substantially from 1987 when 35 percent of tests were positive. The drug of choice among juveniles was marijuana which narrowly succeeded cocaine (the drug of choice for the past four years) in 1991 when 11 percent tested positive for marijuana compared to 10 percent positive for cocaine. The percentage of youth testing positive for cocaine reached its highest point in 1988 with 22 percent testing positive and is now at its lowest point. Marijuana, on the other hand, after reaching its highest point in 1987 with 14 percent testing positive, has since continuously declined to 6 percent positive in 1989 and again in 1990, and increased to 11 percent in 1991. Positive tests for heroin continued to comprise less than 1 percent. For the second year in a row, positive tests for PCP were also less than 1 percent (Table 19, Figure 12).

An analysis of positive test results by gender shows that 5 percent (19) of juvenile females and 11 percent (377) of juvenile males tested positive for cocaine use. For marijuana, 3 percent (10) of females and 12 percent (410) of males tested positive (Table A-10).

Ninety-nine (99) percent of arrested youth between ages seven and 12 were drug-free. Of the 177 tested, one was positive for cocaine and another for marijuana use. Of those tested between ages 13 and 14, 6 percent were positive for cocaine and 5 percent for marijuana. Of those tested between ages 15 and 16, 12 percent were positive for cocaine and 12 percent were positive for marijuana. Of those tested who were age 17, 12 percent tested positive for cocaine and 14 percent tested positive for marijuana (Table A-11).

#### TABLE 19

# JUVENILE DRUG TEST RESULTS CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991

| Year | Total<br>Tests | Total<br>Positive<br>Tests       | Total<br>Percent<br>Positive | Total<br>Heroin<br>Positive    | Heroin<br>Percent<br>Positive | Total<br>Marijuana<br>Positive |
|------|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1987 | 4,228*         | 1,462                            | 35                           | 22                             | < 1                           | 599                            |
| 1988 | 4,520          | 1,401                            | 31*                          | 25                             | < 1                           | 367                            |
| 1989 | 4,365          | 1,004                            | 23                           | 14                             | < 1                           | 258                            |
| 1990 | 4,103          | 661                              | 16                           | 14                             | < 1                           | 261                            |
| 1991 | 3,867          | 752                              | 19                           | 14                             | < 1                           | 422                            |
|      |                | Marijuana<br>Percent<br>Positive | Total<br>Cocaine<br>Positive | Cocaine<br>Percent<br>Positive | Total<br>PCP<br>Positive      | PCP<br>Percent<br>Positive     |
| 1987 |                | 14                               | 575                          | 14                             | 1,123                         | 27                             |
| 1988 |                | 8                                | 1,016                        | 22                             | 636                           | 14                             |
| 1989 |                | 6                                | 800                          | 18                             | 206                           | 5                              |
| 1990 |                | 6                                | 471                          | 11*                            | 39                            | < 1                            |
| 1991 |                | 11                               | 397                          | 10                             | 38                            | < 1                            |

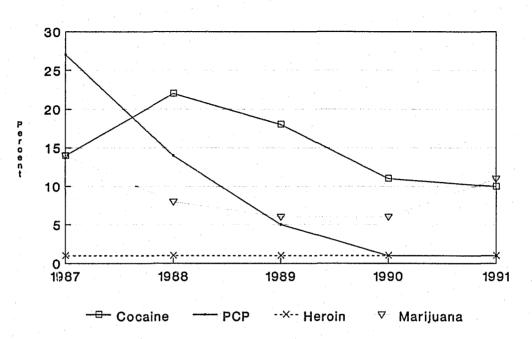
\* Revised from previously published figures. Percents are based on total number of tests.

Totals include positive tests for amphetamines and methadone.

Categories are not mutually exclusive. Source: Pretrial Services Agency.

Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

Figure 12 Juvenile Drug Test Results Calendar Years 1987-1991



#### **Juvenile Prosecutions**

In 1991, 2,898 juvenile cases were petitioned to the Office of the Corporation Counsel. Among Part I offenses, petitions for motor vehicle theft were the most numerous with 485 petitions which comprised 44 percent of Part I offenses. For Part II crimes, drug offenses accounted for 52 percent of Part II petitions with 943 petitions in this category. There were 1,522 juvenile cases that were not petitioned. Of these cases, 453 or 30 percent were for motor vehicle theft (Table 20).

#### **Juvenile Dispositions**

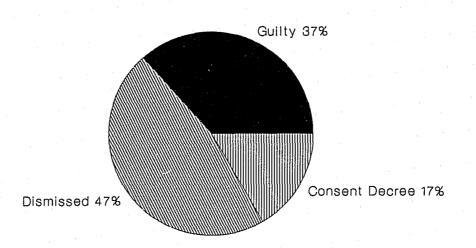
There were 2,683 juvenile dispositions in 1991. The proportion of dispositions resulting in a finding of guilt either by trial or plea continued to decrease. In 1987, 54 percent of dispositions were guilty findings. By 1991, the proportion had fallen to 36 percent. The number of juveniles found guilty also continued to decline. Compared to 1987 when 54 percent of cases were guilty dispositions, there were 45 percent fewer in 1991 with 978. Between 1990 and 1991, guilty dispositions declined 13 percent from 1,128 to 978 (Table 21, Figure 13).

Conversely, both the proportion and number of cases ending through dismissal in 1991 were the highest in five years. Forty seven (47) percent (1,251) of cases were dismissed. This is 13 percent higher than in 1987 when there were 1,107 cases dismissed and 17 percent higher than in 1990 when there were 1,128. The number and proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. The proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. The proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. The proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. The proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. The proportion of juveniles receiving consent decrees also increased. Numerically, in 1987, 352 juveniles were granted consent decrees. In 1991, there were 445 persons -- representing a 26 percent increase. Between 1990 and 1991, grants of consent decrees had increased by 7 percent from 416 to 445 (Table 21).

| JUVENILE CASES<br>BY OFFENSE |            | ED AND NOT     | PETITIONED |  |
|------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------|--|
| CALENDAR YEAR                | 1991       |                |            |  |
| Offense I                    | Petitioned | Not Petitioned |            |  |
| Homicide                     | 19         | 0              |            |  |
| Rape                         | 25         | 5              |            |  |
| Robbery                      | 120        | 62             |            |  |
| Assault                      | 334        | 197            |            |  |
| Burglary                     | 83         | 27             |            |  |
| Larceny                      | 31         | 14             |            |  |
| Motor Vehicle Theft          | 485        | 453            |            |  |
| Arson                        | 3          | 0              |            |  |
| Subtotal                     | 1,100      | 758            |            |  |
| Drugs                        | 943        | 197            |            |  |
| Other Part II                | 855        | 567            |            |  |
| Total                        | 2,898      | 1,522          |            |  |

| JUVENILE DI<br>CALENDAR Y | SPOSITIONS<br>'EARS 1987 - 1991 |           |         |       |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|-------|
|                           |                                 |           | Consent |       |
| Year                      | Guilty                          | Dismissed | Decree  | Total |
| 1987                      | 1,730                           | 1,107     | 352     | 3,189 |
| 1988                      | 1,584                           | 1,042     | 444     | 3,070 |
| 1989                      | 1,135                           | 1,066     | 391     | 2,592 |
| 1990                      | 1,128                           | 1,065     | 416     | 2,609 |
| 1991                      | 978                             | 1,251     | 445     | 2,683 |

Figure 13 Juvenile Dispositions Calendar Year 1991



#### Summary

Arrests of those younger than age 18 began to decline in 1989. There were 22 percent more juveniles arrested in 1987 than in 1991. There were 9 percent more juveniles arrested in 1990 than in 1991. Arrests for Part I offenses in 1991 were the lowest in ten years and arrests for Part II offenses were the lowest in five years.

Of Part I violent offenses in 1991, the majority of juvenile arrests were for aggravated assault, comprising 65 percent of arrests in this category. Of Part I property offenses, the majority of juvenile arrests were for motor vehicle theft which comprised 73 percent of this category. Of Part II offenses, more juveniles were arrested for drug charges than any other offense followed by those arrested on fugitive charges.

There were 11 percent fewer juveniles arrested for violent crimes in 1991 than in 1990. While arrests for homicide and assault have dramatically increased since 1982, arrests for these crimes represented the greatest decreases from 1990 to 1991.

Juvenile arrests for drug crimes were the lowest in five years - 51 percent less than in 1987 and 12 percent less than in 1990. The majority of arrests are in 1991 were for the sale or possession of opium or cocaine and their derivatives.

The percentage of youth testing positive in 1991 for drug use was 23 percent, higher than the 16 percent in 1990, but lower than the 35 percent who tested positive in 1987. Marijuana replaced cocaine by a narrow margin as the drug of choice among juveniles; cocaine had been the drug of choice for the past four consecutive years.

Motor vehicle theft comprised 44 percent of juvenile prosecutions for Part I offenses. Drug offenses accounted for 52 percent of Part II offense prosecutions.

Juvenile dispositions resulting in findings of guilt continued to decrease, declining by 13 percent from 1990 to 1991. Conversely, cases ending in dismissal in 1991 were the highest in five years.

# OFFENSE DEFINITIONS

Reported offense data throughout the United States focus primarily on the eight major offenses defined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as Crime Index offenses, or Part I offenses. These offenses are further divided into two groups: violent offenses, which include homicide, rape, robbery and aggravated assault; and property offenses, which include burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft and arson. Part II offenses encompass all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I offenses.

In selecting the crimes to be included in the Crime Index, the FBI considers several factors. The seriousness of the crime and frequency of occurrence serve as indicators of the nation's crime experience. While there are differences in criminal status for given crimes in different jurisdictions, all crime index offenses are fully defined and a single definition for each of the chosen offenses was developed to ensure measurable crime data. These categories of offenses were devised and adopted in order that law enforcement, judicial and penal statistics might be uniformly compiled in terms of a single classification of offenses.

#### Part I Offenses

#### 1. Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter

All willful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence and excluding attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides are limited to:

- (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; and
- (2) the killing of a person in the act of committing a felony by a private citizen.

#### Manslaughter by Negligence

Any death which the police investigation established was primarily attributable to gross negligence of some individual other than the victim. (While Manslaughter by Negligence is a Part I crime, it is not included in the Crime Index).

#### 2. Forcible Rape

The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will in the categories of rape by force and attempts of assaults to rape. Excludes statutory offenses (no force used, victim under age of consent).

#### 3. Robbery

Stealing or taking anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, violence or intimidation, such as strong-arm robbery, stickups, armed robbery, attempts or assaults to rob.

#### 4. Aggravated Assault

Assault with intent to kill or for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids, explosives, or other means. Excludes simple assaults.

#### 5. Burglary

Housebreaking or any breaking or unlawful entry of a structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. Includes attempted forcible entry.

#### 6. Larceny-theft

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possessions of another. Thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or any stealing of property or article which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Excludes embezzlement, "con" games, forgery,

## worthless checks, etc.

### 7. Motor Vehicle Theft

Unlawful taking or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self-propelled and travels on the surface rather than on rails. Specifically excluded from this category are motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment.

#### 8. Arson

Willful or malicious burning with or without intent to defraud. Includes attempts.

#### Part II Offenses

### 1. Other Assaults (Simple)

Assaults which are not of an aggravated nature and where no weapon is used.

#### 2. Forgery and Counterfeiting

Making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

#### 3. Fraud

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks except forgeries and counterfeiting. Also includes larceny by bailee.

#### 4. Embezzlement

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

#### 5. Stolen property: buying, receiving, possessing

Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property.

#### 6. Vandalism

Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of property without consent of the owner or a person having custody or control.

#### 7. Weapon: carrying, possessing, etc.

All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers. Includes attempts.

#### 8. Prostitution and Commercialized Vice

Sex offenses of a commercialized nature and attempts, such as prostituting, keeping a bawdy house, procuring or transporting women for immoral purposes.

## 9. Sex Offenses

(Except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice). Statutory rape, offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.

#### **10.** Drug Abuse Violations

Offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, and manufacturing of narcotic drugs.

#### 11. Gambling

Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling.

#### 12. Offenses Against the Family and Children

Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

### 13. Driving Under the Influence

Driving or operating any motor vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

#### 14. Liquor Laws

State or local law violations, except "drunkenness" (class 23) and "driving under the influence" (class 21). Excludes federal violations.

#### 15. Drunkenness

Drunkenness or intoxication.

#### 16. Disorderly Conduct

Breach of the peace.

#### 17. Vagrancy

Breach of the peace.

#### 18. All Other Offenses

All violations of state or local laws, except classes 1-25 and traffic.

#### 19. Suspicion

No specific offense, suspect released without formal charges being placed.

#### 20. Curfew and loitering laws

Offenses relating to violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

#### 21. Runaway

Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statues.

# LEGAL TERMS

Accused - A person who has been charged with committing a crime but has not yet been tried.

Acquittal - A decision made by a judge or jury that the accused was not proven guilty of committing the crime.

Appeal - To take a case to a higher court for review or retrial.

Arraignment - The initial court hearing at which the accused is brought before a judge, told the charges against him/her, and asked to enter a plea of guilty of not guilty.

Arrest - To take a person suspected of committing a crime into legal custody so that he/she can be charged and tried for committing the crime.

**Bail/Bond** - The amount of money set by a judge which allows the accused to go free until the trial. The purpose of bail is to ensure that the accused present him/herself at court. The type of bail the accused pays is referred to as bond (see personal recognizance).

Charge - An accusation made against the accused that he/she committed the crime.

Continuance - A delay or postponement of a court hearing to another date or time.

**Conviction** - A decision made by a judge or jury that the accused is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt of committing the crime for which he/she has been tried.

Court - An agency of the judicial branch of the government with constitutional authority to decide questions of law and disputes brought before it.

Defendant - A person who has been charged with committing a crime and is now on trial (see accused).

Defense Attorney - The lawyer for the defendant/accused.

Dismissal - A decision by a judge ending a criminal case before ordering a trial.

Disposition - The final outcome of a case.

Evidence - Testimony and objects presented in court by the prosecutor and the defense.

Felony - A serious crime punishable by one year or more in a prison and/or a fine. Felonies include crimes such as murder, rape, burglary, and robbery.

Grand Jury - A group of 23 D.C. citizens who hear evidence presented by the prosecutor and decide whether or not there is enough evidence to charge and try the accused.

Guilty - A decision of a judge or a jury in a criminal case that the accused committed the crime with which he/she was charged.

Guilty Plea - A statement by the accused that he/she committed the crime.

Indictment - A written accusation made by a grand jury charging a person with committing a crime.

Investigation - The gathering of evidence by police and prosecutors to prove the accused committed the crime.

Judge - In the District of Columbia, a person appointed by the President of the United States to preside over a court of law.

Jury - A group of citizens who hear the evidence presented in court and decide whether the accused is guilty or not guilty.

Misdemeanor - A crime that is less serious than a felony and is punishable by one year or less in jail and/or a fine. Misdemeanors include offense such as petty theft, most traffic violations, and possession of marijuana.

Mistrial - A trial that ends when the jury cannot decide whether the accused is guilty or not guilty, or a legal procedure is violated.

Motion - An oral or written request to the judge asking the judge to make a decision or take a specific action.

Nolo Contendere - "I will not contest it"; a plea to a crime that does not admit guilt, but has the same result as a guilty plea.

Not Guilty Plea - A statement by the accused denying that he/she committed the crime.

Offender - A person who has been convicted of a crime.

Parole - The supervised release of an offender from jail or prison before the end of his/her sentence.

**Papering** - The decision made by the prosecutor on whether or not there is enough evidence to file charges against the accused.

Perjury - A lie told while a person is under oath to tell the truth.

**Personal Recognizance** - The written promise made by the accused to the judge that he/she will return to court when ordered to do so; a frequent form of pre-trial release in criminal cases in D.C.

Plea - A defendant's formal answer in court denying or admitting that he/she committed a crime.

Plea Bargaining - An agreement between the prosecutor and the accused that the accused will plead guilty.

**Preliminary Hearing** - A hearing to determine if there is enough evidence to hold the accused for a grand jury hearing.

**Presentence Report** - A report by the Social Services Division of the D.C. Superior Court describing the past behavior, family circumstances, and personality of the accused, as well as specific information about the crime committed. This report helps the judge determine the sentence (see Victim Impact Statement).

Probable Cause - The amount of proof needed by the police, the prosecutors, and the judge to believe that a crime was committed and that the accused committed it.

Probation - A court sentence allowing the accused to go free under the supervision of a probation officer.

Prosecutor - In a criminal case, the lawyer representing the government and the victim; in D.C., an Assistant

U.S. Attorney or an Assistant Corporation Counsel.

Public Defender - An attorney employed by the D.C. government to represent defendants who cannot afford to pay for a lawyer.

**Restitution** - An order from the judge that requires the offender to pay the victim for damaged or stolen property or medical costs.

Sentence - The accused's punishment after being convicted of a crime.

Status Hearings - Court hearings to make sure that both the prosecution and defense are ready for trial.

Subpoena - A written order requiring a person to appear at a certain time to give testimony about the crime.

Suspect - A person who is thought to have committed a crime and is under investigation, but who has not been arrested or charged.

Testimony - Statements made in court by witnesses who are under oath to tell the truth.

Trial - A court proceeding before a judge or a jury at which evidence is presented to decide whether or not the accused committed the crime.

Verdict - The decision of the judge or jury at the end of a trial that the accused is either guilty or not guilty of the crime.

Victim - An individual against whom a crime, or an attempted crime, was committed. The family or close friend of an individual who was murdered.

Victim Impact Statement - A form used by the judge at the time of sentencing that allows victims to describe the physical, emotional, and financial impact of the crime on their lives and families.

Witness - A person who has seen or knows something about the crime. The victim is usually a witness too.

Witness Conference - A discussion between the victim, witness and the attorney to prepare for trial.

# TABLES

| CRIME RATES* FOR U.S.<br>CALENDAR YEAR 1991  | CITIES WITH                         | POPULATIONS GRE       | ATER THAN            | 400,000 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|
| City**   | Population<br>Estimate***           | Part I<br>Total       | Part I<br>Crime Rate |         |
| Fort Worth, TX   | 447,619                             | 77,981                | 17,421.3             |         |
| Dallas, TX   | 1,006,877                           | 156,456               | 15,538.7             |         |
| Kansas City, MO  | 435,146                             | 58,374                | 13,414.8             |         |
| Scattle, WA  | 516,259                             | 65,493                | 12,686.1             |         |
| San Antonio, TX  | 935,933                             | 118,500               | 12,661.2             |         |
| Detroit, MI  | 1,027,974                           | 128,604               | 12,510.4             |         |
| Austin, TX   | 465,622                             | 54,216                | 11,643.8             |         |
| Baltimore, MD  | 736,014                             | 85,669                | 11,639.6             |         |
| Portland, OR   | 437,319                             | 50,747                | 11,604.1             |         |
| Oklahoma City, OK  | 444,719                             | 50,185                | 11,284.7             |         |
| Houston, TX  | 1,630,553                           | 182,185               | 11,173.2             |         |
| Washington, DC   | 606,900                             | 64,555                | 10,636.7             |         |
| Memphis, TN  | 610,337                             | 63,835                | 10,459.0             |         |
| Columbus, OH   | 632,910                             | 65,615                | 10,367.2             |         |
| Jacksonville, FL   | 672,971                             | 69,912                | 10,344.0             |         |
| Los Angeles, CA  | 3,485,398                           | 351,200               | 10,076.3             |         |
| El Paso, TX  | 515,342                             | 50,941                | 9,884.9              |         |
| San Francisco, CA  | 723,959                             | 69,779                | 9,638.5              |         |
| Long Beach, CA   | 429,433                             | 40,160                | 9,351.9              |         |
| New York, NY   | 7,322,564                           | 684,054               | 9,341.7              |         |
| Milwaukee, WI  | 628,088                             | 57,970                | 9,229.6              |         |
| Cleveland, OH  | 505,616                             | 46,377                | 9,172.4              |         |
| San Diego, CA  | 1,110,549                           | 97,038                | 8,737.8              |         |
| Denver, CO   | 467,610                             | 36,969                | 7,905,9              |         |
| Philadelphia, PA   | 1,585,577                           | 111,102               | 7,007.0              |         |
| San Jose, CA   | 782,248                             | 43,163                | 5,517.8              |         |
| Indianapolis, IN   | 741,952                             | 36,291                | 4,891.3              |         |
| *Rates per 100,000 residents.<br>**Complete 1991 data were not<br>Phoenix, AZand Tucson, AZ.<br>***Population figures based on 1<br>Source: 1991 Preliminary Annua<br>Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justi | 1990 estimate.<br>1 Release Uniform | Crime Report, Federal |                      |         |

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| 6.0 $266$ $14$ $252$ $42.1$ $7.1$ $189$ $13$ $176$ $42.2$ $7.2$ $189$ $13$ $176$ $43.0$ $8.1$ $177$ $7$ $170$ $44.0$ $8.1$ $177$ $7$ $170$ $44.0$ $8.2$ $140$ $7$ $133$ $45.0$ $9.1$ $186$ $5$ $181$ $46.0$ $9.2$ $77$ $2$ $75$ $47.0$ $0.1$ $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $2.1$ $49.7$ $5261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $0.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $10.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$  | 324<br>443   | 25  | 260                      |
| 7.1 $189$ $13$ $176$ $42.2$ $7.2$ $189$ $13$ $176$ $43.0$ $8.1$ $177$ $7$ $170$ $44.0$ $8.2$ $140$ $7$ $133$ $45.0$ $9.1$ $186$ $5$ $181$ $46.0$ $9.2$ $77$ $2$ $75$ $47.0$ $0.1$ $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $225$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $21.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $353$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $23.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$   | 443  | 42  | 282                      |
| 7.2 $189$ $13$ $176$ $43.0$ $8.1$ $177$ $7$ $170$ $44.0$ $8.2$ $140$ $7$ $133$ $45.0$ $9.1$ $186$ $5$ $181$ $46.0$ $9.2$ $77$ $2$ $75$ $47.0$ $0.1$ $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $12.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $51.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $65.2$ $37.1$ $109$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>49</td><td>394</td></td<>       |  | 49  | 394                      |
| 8.1 $177$ $7$ $170$ $44.0$ $8.2$ $140$ $7$ $133$ $45.0$ $9.1$ $186$ $5$ $181$ $46.0$ $9.2$ $77$ $2$ $75$ $47.0$ $0.1$ $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $238$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $10.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $13.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $13.2$ $245$ $32$ $2$  |  | 64  | 271                      |
| 8.2140713345.0 $9.1$ 186518146.0 $9.2$ 7727547.0 $0.1$ $522$ 2949348.1 $0.2$ 2361522148.2 $1.0$ 4113637549.1 $2.0$ 3743234249.2 $3.1$ 149314650.0 $3.2$ 2541723751.0 $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ 1526152.1 $5.0$ 207520252.2 $6.0$ 3263828853.1 $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ 5049640853.2 $8.1$ 82654.1 $8.3$ 1231710654.2 $8.4$ 2715921255.1 $9.2$ 1483311556.0 $0.1$ 2222919357.1 $0.2$ 3697329657.2 $21.1$ 1584910960.1 $22.2$ 135369960.2 $3.1$ 139429761.0 $23.2$ 2453221362.1 $51.2$ 37110926263.2 $60.2$ 2461323364.1(66 $7.1$ 3104626465.1(65 $7.2$ 54410943566.0 $81/28.2(28.0)$ 61923538467.1(67 </td <td>321</td> <td>63</td> <td>258</td>   | 321  | 63  | 258                      |
| 9.1186518146.09.27727547.00.15222949348.10.22361522148.21.04113637549.12.03743234249.23.1149314650.03.22541723751.04.1/14.2(14.0)2761526152.15.0207520252.26.03263828853.17.1/17.2(17.0)5049640853.28.182654.18.31231710654.28.42715921255.19.12615121055.29.21483311556.00.12222919357.10.23697329657.21.130310619758.01.22658817759.02.11584910960.12.2135369960.23.1139429761.03.22453221362.15.12076014763.15.237110926263.25.12076014763.15.237110926263.26.0246<   | 260  | 54  | 206                      |
| 9.2 $77$ $2$ $75$ $47.0$ $0.1$ $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $10.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $10.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $11.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $23.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $51.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $23.2$ $453$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $51.1$ $207$ $60$ $1$  | 481  | 211   | 270                      |
| 0.1 $522$ $29$ $493$ $48.1$ $0.2$ $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $10.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $10.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $11.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $63.2$ $51.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $52.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $60.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $61.0$ $28.8$  | 612  | 177   | 435                      |
| 0.2 $236$ $15$ $221$ $48.2$ $1.0$ $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $0.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $0.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $41.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $12.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $21.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $3.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $3.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ <td>280</td> <td>113</td> <td>167</td>             | 280  | 113   | 167                      |
| 1.0 $411$ $36$ $375$ $49.1$ $2.0$ $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $41.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $255$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $40.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $40.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $1$  | 301  | 82  | 219                      |
| 2.0 $374$ $32$ $342$ $49.2$ $3.1$ $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $238$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $10.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $10.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $11.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $12.2$ $155$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $3.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $66.0$ $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 362  | 97  | 265                      |
| 3.1 $149$ $3$ $146$ $50.0$ $3.2$ $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $255$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $155$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(62)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $88.1/28.2(28.0)$                                      | 402  | 110   | 292                      |
| 3.2 $254$ $17$ $237$ $51.0$ $4.1/14.2(14.0)$ $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $255$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$ <td>761</td> <td>177</td> <td>584</td> | 761  | 177   | 584                      |
| 4.1/14.2(14.0) $276$ $15$ $261$ $52.1$ $5.0$ $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 892  | 153   | 739                      |
| 5.0 $207$ $5$ $202$ $52.2$ $6.0$ $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $(7.1)$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $(7.2)$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $88.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 652  | 115   | 537                      |
| 6.0 $326$ $38$ $288$ $53.1$ $7.1/17.2(17.0)$ $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 379  | 38  | 341                      |
| 7.1/17.2(17.0) $504$ $96$ $408$ $53.2$ $8.1$ $8$ $2$ $6$ $54.1$ $8.3$ $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $31.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 580  | 73  | 507                      |
| 8.182654.1 $8.3$ 1231710654.2 $8.4$ 2715921255.1 $9.1$ 2615121055.2 $9.2$ 1483311556.0 $20.1$ 2222919357.1 $20.2$ 3697329657.2 $21.1$ 30310619758.0 $21.2$ 2658817759.0 $22.1$ 1584910960.1 $22.2$ 135369960.2 $31.1$ 139429761.0 $32.2$ 2453221362.1 $44.0$ 2888620262.2 $5.1$ 2076014763.1 $52.2$ 37110926263.2 $60.0$ 2461323364.1(64 $7.1$ 3104626465.1(65 $7.2$ 54410943566.0 $81/28.2(28.0)$ 61923538467.1(67  | 850  | 59  | 791                      |
| 8.3 $123$ $17$ $106$ $54.2$ $8.4$ $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $44.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $55.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $55.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $60.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 1,009  | 98  | 911                      |
| 8.4 $271$ $59$ $212$ $55.1$ $9.1$ $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $3.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $44.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 1,052  | 56  | 996                      |
| 9.1 $261$ $51$ $210$ $55.2$ $9.2$ $148$ $33$ $115$ $56.0$ $20.1$ $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $44.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $55.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $55.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $60.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $81/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 482  | 88  | 394                      |
| 9.21483311556.0 $20.1$ 2222919357.1 $20.2$ 3697329657.2 $21.1$ 30310619758.0 $21.2$ 2658817759.0 $22.1$ 1584910960.1 $22.2$ 135369960.2 $33.1$ 139429761.0 $23.2$ 2453221362.1 $44.0$ 2888620262.2 $5.1$ 2076014763.1 $5.2$ 37110926263.2 $60.0$ 2461323364.1(64 $7.1$ 3104626465.1(65 $7.2$ 54410943566.0 $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ 61923538467.1(67   | 346  | 36  | 310                      |
| 20.1 $222$ $29$ $193$ $57.1$ $20.2$ $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $44.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $55.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $55.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $60.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $77.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $77.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $88.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$  | 393  | 38  | 355                      |
| 20.2 $369$ $73$ $296$ $57.2$ $21.1$ $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $21.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $22.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $22.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $33.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $23.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $44.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $55.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $55.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $60.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $77.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $77.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $88.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 411  | 37  | 374                      |
| 1.1 $303$ $106$ $197$ $58.0$ $1.2$ $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $2.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $2.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $3.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $3.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 186  | 10  | 176                      |
| 1.2 $265$ $88$ $177$ $59.0$ $12.1$ $158$ $49$ $109$ $60.1$ $12.2$ $135$ $36$ $99$ $60.2$ $3.1$ $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $13.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 2,300  | 294   | 2,006                    |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 502  | 74  | 428                      |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 279  | 38  | 241                      |
| 3.1 $139$ $42$ $97$ $61.0$ $3.2$ $245$ $32$ $213$ $62.1$ $4.0$ $288$ $86$ $202$ $62.2$ $5.1$ $207$ $60$ $147$ $63.1$ $5.2$ $371$ $109$ $262$ $63.2$ $6.0$ $246$ $13$ $233$ $64.1(64)$ $7.1$ $310$ $46$ $264$ $65.1(65)$ $7.2$ $544$ $109$ $435$ $66.0$ $8.1/28.2(28.0)$ $619$ $235$ $384$ $67.1(67)$   | 221  | 56  | 165                      |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 336  | 51  | 285                      |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | 236  | 33  | 203                      |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | 552  | 51  | 501                      |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 164  | 40  | 124                      |
|  | 5  | 40  | 124                      |
| 17.1      310      46      264      65.1(65        17.2      544      109      435      66.0        18.1/28.2(28.0)      619      235      384      67.1(65)   |  | 116   | 176                      |
| 7.2      544      109      435      66.0        8.1/28.2(28.0)      619      235      384      67.1(67)  |  | 46  | 361                      |
| 8.1/28.2(28.0) 619 235 384 67.1(67   | 378  | 50  | 328                      |
|  |  | 93  | 413                      |
| 0 703 104 190 491  | 156  | 93<br>47                                    | 109                      |
| 99.0      293      104      189      68.1        10.0      248      85      163      68.2  |  | 37  | 109                      |
| 1.0 266 103 163 68.4   |  |   |                          |
|  | 187  | 26  | 114                      |
|  | 187<br>140   | 81  | 269                      |
|  | 187<br>140<br>350  | 83  | 333                      |
| 3.2      205      84      121      71.0        4.0      731      158      573      73.0  | 187<br>140<br>350<br>0.0) 416  | 141   | 230                      |
| 4.0      731      158      573      72.0        55.0      351      92      259      73.1   | 187<br>140<br>350  | 192<br>1                                    | 707<br>18                |

| _            |            |            |            | ~            |                |                 | -                                     |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Census       | Total      | Total      | Total      | Census       | Total          | Total           | Total                                 |
| Tract        | Part I     | Violent    | Property   | Tract        | Part I         | Violent         | Property                              |
|              |            |            |            |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 73.2         | 449        | 180        | 269        | 92.3/92.4(   | 92.2) 569      | 182             | 387                                   |
| 73,4         | 370        | 164        | 206        | 93,1         | 402            | 101             | 301                                   |
| 73.8         | 63         | 27         | 36         | 93.2         | 237            | 69              | 168                                   |
| 74.1         | 233        | 97         | 136        | 94.1(94.0)   | 352            | 74              | 278                                   |
| 74.3/74.9(   | (74.5) 382 | 185        | 197        | 95.1         | 292            | 60              | 232                                   |
| 74.4         | 254        | 131        | 123        | 95.3         | 184            | 17              | 167                                   |
| 74.6         | 239        | 95         | 144        | 95.4/95.9(   |                | 106             | 243                                   |
| 74.7         | 318        | 115        | 203        | 95,5         | 213            | 48              | 165                                   |
| 74.8         | 184        | . 88       | 96         | 95.7         | 77             | 16              | 61                                    |
| 75.2         | 338        | 141        | 197        | 95.8         | 190            | 42              | 148                                   |
| 75.3/75.4(   |            | 239        | 349        | 96.1         | 122            | 17              | 105                                   |
| 76.1         | 482        | 172        | 310        | 96.2         | 131            | 57              | 74                                    |
| 76.3         | 411        | 71         | 340        | 96.3         | 355            | 88              | 267                                   |
| 76.4         | 420        | 112        | 308        | 96.4         | 133            | 27              | 106                                   |
| 76.5         | 234        | 60         | 174        | 97.0<br>08.1 | 407            | 176             | 231                                   |
| 77.3<br>77.7 | 389<br>239 | 133<br>83  | 256<br>156 | 98.1<br>98.2 | 346<br>232     | 193<br>92       | 153                                   |
| 77.8         | 239        | 89         | 130        | 98.3         | 196            | 62              | 140<br>134                            |
| 77.9         | 168        | 57         | 122        | 98.4         | 190            | 82              | 134                                   |
| 78.3         | 343        | 97         | 246        | 98.5         | 163            | 62              | 101                                   |
| 78.4         | 326        | 139        | 187        | 98.6         | 474            | 229             | 245                                   |
| 78.6/78.9(   |            | 125        | 272        | 98.7         | 260            | .73             | 187                                   |
| 78.7         | 146        | 59         | 87         | 98.8         | 241            | 70              | 171                                   |
| 78.8         | 404        | 164        | 240        | 99.1         | 139            | 20              | 119                                   |
| 79.1         | 235        | 102        | 133        | 99.2         | 166            | 51              | 115                                   |
| 79.3         | 229        | 94         | 135        | 99.3         | 187            | 83              | 104                                   |
| 80.1         | 201        | 55         | 146        | 99.4         | 189            | 93              | 96                                    |
| 80.2         | 359        | 97         | 262        | 99.5         | 158            | 62              | 96                                    |
| 81.1(81.0)   |            | 43         | 319        | 99.6         | 103            | 43              | 60                                    |
| 82.0         | 454        | 36         | 418        | 99.7         | 165            | 79              | 86                                    |
| 83.1         | 426        | 75         | 351        | UNK          | 2,778          | 591             | 2,187                                 |
| 83.2         | 315        | 49         | 266        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 84.1         | 213        | 70         | 143        | Total        | 64,555         | 14,665          | 49,890                                |
| 84.2         | 325        | 69         | 256        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 85.1(85.0)   |            | 139        | 477        |              |                |                 | d or relabeled to                     |
| 86.0         | 716        | 123        | 593        |              |                |                 | ose in parentheses                    |
| 87.1         | 239        | 90         | 149        |              |                |                 | ber that has been                     |
| 87.2         | 203        | 59         | 144        | replaced v   | with the one c | or ones listed. |                                       |
| 88.1         | 59         | 9          | 50         | <b>C 1</b>   |                |                 |                                       |
| 88.2         | 304        | 103        | 201        |              | Metropolitan P |                 |                                       |
| 88.3<br>88.4 | 402        | 109<br>114 | 293        | Prepared     | by: D.C. Chi   | ninal Justice   | Research Center.                      |
|              | 311        |            | 197        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 89.1<br>89.3 | 18<br>218  | 0<br>68    | 18<br>150  |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 89.4         | 444        | 125        | 319        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 90.1         | 94         | 7          | 87         |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 90.2         | 437        | 98         | 339        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 91.1         | 279        | 72         | 207        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 91.2         | 553        | 221        | 332        |              |                |                 |                                       |
| 92,1         | 142        | 18         | 124        |              |                |                 |                                       |
|              | - 12       |            |            |              |                |                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

| FOTAL ARRESTS<br>CALENDAR YEARS |        | STRICT OF CO | LUMBIA |        |        |  |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Offense                         | 1982   | 1983         | 1984   | 1985   | 1986   |  |
| Homicide                        | 161    | 176          | 142    | 122    | 135    |  |
| Rape                            | 142    | 144          | 159    | 158    | 143    |  |
| Robbery                         | 1,681  | 1,587        | 1,411  | 1,461  | 1,231  |  |
| Assault                         | 1,675  | 1,694        | 1,840  | 2,376  | 2,072  |  |
| Burglary                        | 1,950  | 1,850        | 1,616  | 1,849  | 1,211  |  |
| Larceny                         | 4,191  | 4,156        | 4,147  | 3,499  | 3,993  |  |
| Motor Vehicle Theft             | 1,213  | 1,309        | 1,532  | 1,918  | 2,495  |  |
| Arson                           | 59     | 69           | 60     | 55     | 38     |  |
| Subtotal                        | 11,072 | 10,985       | 10,905 | 11,438 | 11,318 |  |
| Drugs                           | 6,871  | 8,061        | 8,462  | 9,272  | 13,280 |  |
| Other Part II                   | 22,578 | 24,089       | 23,904 | 25,882 | 23,400 |  |
| Fotal                           | 40,521 | 43,135       | 43,271 | 46,592 | 47,998 |  |
|                                 |        |              |        |        |        |  |
|                                 | 1987   | 1988         | 1989   | 1990   | 1991   |  |
| Homicide                        | 133    | 186          | 334    | 341    | 352    |  |
| Rape                            | 111    | 69           | 103    | 138    | 125    |  |
| Robbery                         | 984    | 894          | 1,264  | 1,467  | 1,470  |  |
| Assault                         | 2,032  | 1,765        | 1,919  | 2,505  | 2,897  |  |
| Burglary                        | 1,049  | 947          | 1,090  | 1,056  | 1,203  |  |
| Larceny                         | 3,687  | 3,566        | 3,273  | 3,239  | 3,285  |  |
| Motor Vehicle Theft             | 2,472  | 2,711        | 3,023  | 2,815  | 2,639  |  |
| Arson                           | 45     | 52           | 48     | 34     | 38     |  |
| Subtotal                        | 10,504 | 10,190       | 11,054 | 11,595 | 12,009 |  |
| Drugs                           | 12,960 | 10,418       | 10,513 | 9,917  | 10,558 |  |
| Other Part II                   | 26,129 | 21,932       | 28,902 | 32,305 | 33,468 |  |
| Fotal                           | 49,593 | 42,540       | 50,469 | 53,817 | 56,035 |  |

| CALEND | ARRESTS FOR    | R CRIME INDEX<br>982 - 1991 | OFFENSES          |          |         |         |
|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|
|        | Crime<br>Index | Violent<br>Crime            | Property<br>Crime |          |         |         |
|        | Total          | Total                       | Total             | Homicide | Rape    | Robbery |
| 1982   | 8,844          | 2,990                       | 5,854             | 156      | 135     | 1,224   |
| 983    | 8,735          | 2,946                       | 5,789             | 173      | 129     | 1,153   |
| 1984   | 8,856          | 2,902                       | 5,954             | 138      | 139     | 1,023   |
| 1985   | 8,995          | 3,131                       | 5,864             | 107      | 136     | 1,030   |
| 1986   | 9,177          | 3,001                       | 6,176             | 127      | 124     | 952     |
| 1987   | 8,275          | 2,689                       | 5,586             | 124      | 97      | 764     |
| 1988   | 7,912          | 2,415                       | 5,497             | 160      | 58      | 715     |
| 1989   | 8,801          | 3,008                       | 5,793             | 271      | 80      | 1,093   |
| 1990   | 9,453          | 3,699                       | 5,754             | 274      | 115     | 1,267   |
| 1991   | 10,140         | 4,178                       | 5,962             | 321      | 98      | 1,295   |
|        |                |                             |                   |          | Motor   |         |
|        |                |                             |                   |          | Vehicle |         |
|        |                | Assault                     | Burglary          | Larceny  | Theft   | Arson   |
| 982    |                | 1,475                       | 1,447             | 3,467    | 895     | 45      |
| 983    |                | 1,491                       | 1,335             | 3,508    | 890     | 56      |
| 984    |                | 1,602                       | 1,232             | 3,635    | 1,035   | 52      |
| 985    |                | 1,858                       | 1,475             | 3,156    | 1,193   | 40      |
| 986    |                | 1,798                       | 968               | 3,697    | 1,480   | 31      |
| 987    |                | 1,704                       | 852               | 3,354    | 1,339   | 41      |
| 988    |                | 1,482                       | 825               | 3,331    | 1,297   | 44      |
| 989    |                | 1,524                       | 967               | 3,057    | 1,729   | 40      |
| 990    |                | 2,043                       | 965               | 2,985    | 1,772   | 32      |
| 1990   |                | 2,464                       | 1,108             | 3,059    | 1,760   | 35      |

#### TABLE A-5

,7

|                           |        | Reported<br>Offenses |        | dult<br>rests | •     | enile<br>rests |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|---------------|-------|----------------|
| Offense                   | #      | %                    | #      | %             | #     | %              |
| Assault                   | 4,804  | 16                   | 2,492  | 6             | 292   | 10             |
| Forgery                   | 579    | 2                    | 369    | < 1           | 8     | < 1            |
| Fraud                     | 605    | 2                    | 425    | 1             | 5     | < 1            |
| Embezzlement              | 263    | < 1                  | 0      | 0             | 0     | 0              |
| Stolen Property           | 452    | 2                    | 620    | 2             | 44    | 1              |
| Vandalism                 | 7,921  | 27                   | 641    | 2             | 162   | 5              |
| Weapons                   | 1,173  | 4                    | 1,418  | 3             | 233   | 8              |
| Prostitution              | 1,316  | 4                    | 1,502  | 4             | 15    | < 1            |
| Sex Offenses              | 499    | 2                    | 280    | < 1           | 27    | < 1            |
| Drug Laws                 | 7,413  | 25                   | 9,623  | 23            | 935   | 32             |
| Gambling                  | 7      | < 1                  | 292    | < 1           | 43    | 1              |
| Family Offenses           | 4      | < 1                  | 10     | < 1           | 0     | 0              |
| Drunkenness               | 1      | < 1                  | 0      | 0             | 0     | 0              |
| Driving While Intoxicated | 8      | < 1                  | 2,745  | 7             | 0     | 0              |
| Liquor Laws               | 17     | < 1                  | 120    | < 1           | · 0   | 0              |
| Disorderly                | 8      | < 1                  | 9,106  | 22            | 452   | 15             |
| Vagrancy                  | . 8    | <1                   | 0      | 0             | . 0   | 0              |
| Fugitive                  | 1,085  | 4                    | 5,087  | 12            | 547   | 18             |
| Other                     | 3,457  | 12                   | 6,366  | 16            | 161   | 5              |
| Total Part II             | 29,620 |                      | 41,096 |               | 2,930 |                |

#### REPORTED OFFENSES, ADULT ARRESTS AND JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR PART II OFFENSES BY TYPE OF OFFENSE CALENDAR YEAR 1991

Percents may not equal 100 due to rounding. Source: Metropolitan Police Department. Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

#### TABLE A-6

# ADULT DRUG ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND TYPE OF DRUG CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991

|                  | 1987  | 1988  | 1989  | 1990  | 1991  |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sales            |       |       |       |       |       |
| Opium/Cocaine    |       |       |       |       |       |
| and Derivatives* | 2,087 | 2,049 | 3,063 | 3,248 | 3,803 |
| Marijuana        | 572   | 441   | 130   | 347   | 348   |
| Other**          | 2,638 | 876   | 217   | 193   | 180   |
| Total            | 5,297 | 3,366 | 3,410 | 3,788 | 4,336 |
| Possession       |       |       |       |       |       |
| Opium/Cocaine    |       |       |       |       |       |
| and Derivatives* | 3,328 | 3,892 | 4,321 | 3,922 | 4,272 |
| Marijuana        | 1,176 | 728   | 797   | 881   | 828   |
| Other**          | 1,265 | 519   | 507   | 258   | 187   |
| Total            | 5,769 | 5,139 | 5,625 | 5,061 | 5,287 |
|                  |       |       |       |       |       |

\*Includes heroin, morphine and codeine. \*\*Includes synthetics such as Demoral and methadone and other narcotic drugs such as barbiturates and benzedrine.

Source: Metropolitan Police Department.

Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

| 'I ABLE A- | 7 |
|------------|---|
|------------|---|

## JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR CRIME INDEX OFFENSES CALENDAR YEARS 1982 - 1991

| · · · · · | Crime<br>Index | Violent<br>Crime | Property<br>Crime<br>Total | Homicide | Dana             | Dahhami |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| 'ear      | Total          | Total            | Iotai                      | Homiciae | Rape             | Robbery |
| 1982      | 2,228          | 669              | 1,559                      | 5        | 7                | 457     |
| 1983      | 2,250          | 655              | 1,595                      | 3        | 15               | 434     |
| 1984      | 2,051          | 650              | 1,401                      | 4        | 20               | 388     |
| 1985      | 2,443          | 986              | 1,457                      | 11       | 13               | 233     |
| 1986      | 2,141          | 580              | 1,561                      | 8        | 19               | 279     |
| 1987      | 2,229          | 562              | 1,667                      | 9        | 14               | 220     |
| 1988      | 2,278          | 499              | 1,779                      | 26       | 11               | 179     |
| 1989      | 2,253          | 612              | 1,641                      | 63       | 23               | 171     |
| 1990      | 2,142          | 752              | 1,390                      | 67       | 23               | 200     |
| 1991      | 1,869          | 666              | 1,203                      | 31       | 27               | 175     |
|           |                |                  |                            |          | Motor<br>Vehicle |         |
| lear      |                | Assault          | Burglary                   | Larceny  | Theft            | Arson   |
| 1982      |                | 200              | 503                        | 724      | 318              | 14      |
| 1983      |                | 203              | 515                        | 648      | 419              | 13      |
| 1984      |                | 238              | 384                        | 512      | 497              | . 8     |
| 1985      |                | 518              | 374                        | 343      | 725              | 15      |
| 1986      |                | 274              | 243                        | 296      | 1,015            | 7       |
| 1987      |                | 319              | 197                        | 333      | 1,133            | . 4     |
| 1988      |                | 283              | 122                        | 235      | 1,414            | 8       |
| 1989      |                | 355              | 123                        | 216      | 1,294            | .8      |
| 1990      |                | 462              | 91                         | 254      | 1,043            | 2       |
| 1991      |                | 433              | 95                         | 226      | 879              | 3       |
|           |                |                  |                            |          |                  |         |
| Source:   | Metropolitan I | •                | ent.<br>Research Center    |          |                  |         |
|           |                |                  |                            |          |                  |         |

|                  | 1987  | 1988  | 1989  | 1990 | 1991 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| Sales            |       |       |       |      |      |
| Opium/Cocaine    |       |       |       |      |      |
| and Derivatives* | 607   | 1,306 | 1,215 | 869  | 798  |
| Marijuana        | 95    | 65    | 89    | 95   | 58   |
| Other**          | 848   | 286   | 64    | 14   | 8    |
| Total            | 1,550 | 1,657 | 1,368 | 978  | 864  |
| Possession       |       |       |       |      |      |
| Opium/Cocaine    |       |       |       |      |      |
| and Derivatives* | 103   | 150   | 95    | 87   | 70   |
| Marijuana        | 130   | 33    | 0     | 0    | 1    |
| Other**          | 111   | 73    | 15    | 3    | . 0  |
| Total            | 344   | 256   | 110   | 90   | 71   |

|          | PART 1, 17<br>R YEAR 199 | •       | DRUG ARRESIS | BY AGE AND GENDE |
|----------|--------------------------|---------|--------------|------------------|
|          | Part I                   | Part II | Drugs*       | Total            |
| Age      |                          |         |              |                  |
| Under 10 | 37                       | 64      | . 7          | 101              |
| 10 - 12  | 136                      | 159     | 7            | 295              |
| 13 - 14  | 477                      | 548     | 170          | 1,025            |
| 15 - 16  | 801                      | 1,250   | 482          | 2,051            |
| 17       | 418                      | 909     | 319          | 1,327            |
| Total    | 1,869                    | 2,930   | 935          | 4,799            |
| Gender   |                          |         |              |                  |
| Male     | 1,611                    | 2,535   | 902          | 4,146            |
| Female   | 258                      | 395     | 43           | 653              |
| remaie   | 1,869                    | 2,930   | 935          | 4,799            |

## TABLE A-10

| JUVENILE | ARRESTEE | DRUG | TEST | RESULTS | BY | GENDER | AND | TYPE | OF | DRUG |  |
|----------|----------|------|------|---------|----|--------|-----|------|----|------|--|
| CALENDAR | YEAR 199 | 1    |      |         |    |        |     |      |    |      |  |

| 1   | Number<br>Tests | Number<br>Positive<br>Tests | Percent<br>Positive* | Number<br>Negative<br>Tests | Percent<br>Negative* |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Females                                       |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Cocaine                                       | 369             | 19                          | 5                    | 320                         | 95                   |
| Opiates                                       | 369             | 1                           | < 1                  | 338                         | 99                   |
| PCP   | 369             | 5                           | 1                    | 334                         | 99                   |
| Marijuana                                     | 369             | 10                          | 3                    | 329                         | 97                   |
|   |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Negative Tests: 339                           |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Percent Negative: 92                          |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| <b>.....</b>                                  |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Males   |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Cocaine                                       | 3,479           | 377                         | 11                   | 2,383                       | 89                   |
| Opiates                                       | 3,479           | 13                          | < 1                  | 2,747                       | 99                   |
| PCP   | 3,479           | 33                          | 1                    | 2,727                       | 99                   |
| Marijuana                                     | 3,479           | 410                         | 12                   | 2,350                       | 82                   |
| Negative Tests: 2,760<br>Percent Negative: 79 |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| *Percents based on to Categories not mutual   |                 | of tests administ           | ered.                |                             |                      |
| Source: Pretrial Service                      |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |
| Prepared by: D.C. Cri                         |                 | Research Cent               | ter.                 |                             |                      |
|   |                 | Com                         |                      |                             |                      |
|   |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |

### TABLE A-11

## JUVENILE ARRESTEE DRUG TEST RESULTS BY AGE AND TYPE OF DRUG CALENDAR YEAR 1991

| Age   | Number<br>Tests | Number<br>Positive<br>Tests | Percent<br>Positive* | Number<br>Negative<br>Tests | Percent<br>Negative* |  |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|
|   |                 |                             | r obtare             |                             | TTOBULT C            |  |
| 7 to 12 Years                               |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Cocaine                                     | 177             | 1                           | < 1                  | 176                         | 99                   |  |
| Opiates                                     | 177             | 0                           | 0                    | 177                         | 100                  |  |
| PCP   | 177             | 0                           | 0                    | 177                         | 100                  |  |
| Marijuana                                   | 177             | 1                           | < 1                  | 176                         | 99                   |  |
| Negative Tests: 175                         |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Percent Negative: 99                        |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| 13 to 14 Years                              |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Cocaine                                     | 826             | 52                          | 6                    | 774                         | 94                   |  |
| Opiates                                     | 826             | 3                           | < 1                  | 823                         | 99                   |  |
| PCP   | 826             | 3                           | < 1                  | 823                         | 99                   |  |
| Marijuana                                   | 826             | 45                          | 5                    | 781                         | 95                   |  |
| Manufine Trans. 700                         |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Negative Tests: 733<br>Percent Negative: 89 |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| 15 to 16 Years                              |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Cocaine                                     | 1,696           | 203                         | 12                   | 1,493                       | 88                   |  |
| Opiates                                     | 1,696           | 5                           | < 1                  | 1,691                       | 99                   |  |
| PCP   | 1,696           | 17                          | 1                    | 1,679                       | 99                   |  |
| Marijuana                                   | 1,696           | 207                         | 12                   | 1,489                       | 88                   |  |
| Negative Tests: 1,329                       |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Percent Negative: 78                        |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| 17 Years                                    |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Cocaine                                     | 1,029           | 125                         | 12                   | 904                         | 88                   |  |
| Opiates                                     | 1,029           | 125                         | < 1                  | 1,023                       | 99                   |  |
| PCP   | 1,029           | 15                          | 1                    | 1,025                       | 99<br>99             |  |
| Marijuana                                   | 1,029           | 143                         | 14                   | 886                         | 86                   |  |
| Nameting Tractor (200                       |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Negative Tests: 780                         |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Percent Negative: 76                        |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| *Percents based on to                       |                 |                             | istered.             |                             |                      |  |
| Categories not mutual                       |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Source: Pretrial Servi                      |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |
| Prepared by: D.C. Cr                        | iminal Justic   | ce Research Co              | enter.               |                             |                      |  |
|   |                 |                             |                      |                             |                      |  |

## TABLE A - 12

|                 | RS 1987 |     |     |      |     |     |       |      |       |      |  |  |
|-----------------|---------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-------|------|-------|------|--|--|
|                 | 1       | 987 | j   | 1988 | 1   | 989 |       | 1990 |       | 1991 |  |  |
| Motive          | #       | %   | #   | %    | #   | %   | #     | %    | #     | %    |  |  |
| Drugs           | 103     | 46  | 197 | 53   | 225 | 52  | 204   | 42   | 169   | 35   |  |  |
| Robbery         | 17      | 8   | 31  | 8    | 26  | 6   | 65    | 13   | 46    | 9    |  |  |
| Domestic        | 29      | 13  | 30  | 8    | 36  | 8   | 30    | 6    | 18    | - 4  |  |  |
| Argument        | 27      | 12  | 56  | 15   | 44  | 10  | 90    | 19   | 96    | 20   |  |  |
| Sex             | . 1     | < 1 | 5   | 1    | 3   | 1   | . 4   | < 1  | 10    | 2    |  |  |
| Burglary        | 1 .     | 0   | 7   | 2    | 3   | 1   | 3     | < 1  | 2     | < 1  |  |  |
| Police Shooting | б       | 3   | 4   | 1    | 4   | 1   | 10    | 2    | 6     | 1    |  |  |
| Retaliation*    |         |     |     |      | *** |     | 5     | 1    | 65    | 13   |  |  |
| Other           | 13      | 6   | 16  | - 4  | 20  | 5   | 30    | 6    | 32    | 7    |  |  |
| Unknown         | 28      | 12  | 23  | 6    | 69  | 16  | 43    | 9    | 45    | 9    |  |  |
| Total           | 225     |     | 369 |      | 434 |     | 484** |      | 489** |      |  |  |

\*\*Includes justifiable homicides. Source: Metropolitan Police Department. Prepared by: D.C. Criminal Justice Research Center.

| CALENDAR Y                |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |     |      |     |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
| <b>A</b>                  |     | 987 |     | 988 |     | 989 |      | 990 |      | 991 |
| Method                    | #   | %   | #   | %   | #   | %   | #    | %   | #    | %   |
| Firearms<br>Knives/Sharp  | 137 | 61  | 266 | 72  | 333 | 77  | 377  | 78  | 383  | 73  |
| Instruments<br>Objects of | 46  | 20  | 46  | 13  | 57  | 13  | 62   | 13  | 67   | 14  |
| Blunt Force               | 3   | 1   | . 4 | 1   | 29  | 7   | 35   | . 7 | 24   | 5   |
| Other                     | 20  | 9   | 27  | 7   | 11  | 3   | 10   | 2   | 15   | 3   |
| Unknown                   | 19  | 8   | 26  | 7   | 8   | 2   | 0    | 0   | 0    | 0   |
| Fotal                     | 225 |     | 369 |     | 434 |     | 484* |     | 489* |     |

## TABLEA-14

AGE OF HOMICIDE VICTIMS CALENDAR YEARS 1987 - 1991

|                 |          |          | 1987        | j          | 988    | 1   | 989 | 1   | 990 | 1   | 991 |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Age             |          | #        | %           | #          | %      | #   | %   | #   | %   | #   | %   |
| 17 and          |          |          |             |            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Younger         |          | 14       | 6           | 22         | 6      | 30  | 7   | 24  | 5   | 56  | 12  |
| 18 - 20         |          | 15       | 7           | 36         | 10     | 47  | 11  | 93  | 19  | 91  | 19  |
| 19 - 22         |          | 21       | . 9         | 16         | 4      | 14  | 3   | 44  | 9   | 51  | 10  |
| 23 - 24         |          | 8        | 4           | 23         | 6      | 33  | 8   | 38  | 8   | 43  | 9   |
| 25 - 29         |          | 40       | 18          | 50         | 14     | 56  | 13  | 94  | 10  | 76  | 16  |
| 30 - 34         |          | 18       | 8           | 39         | 11     | 64  | 15  | 71  | 15  | 59  | 12  |
| 35 - 39         |          | 17       | 8           | 20         | 5      | 30  | 7   | 36  | 8   | 37  | 8   |
| 40 - 44         |          | 10       | 4           | 15         | 4      | 13  | 3   | 32  | 7   | 29  | 6   |
| 45 - 49         |          | 1        | < 1         | · 9        | 2      | 13  | 3   | 12  | 2   | 17  | 3   |
| 50 +            |          | 10       | 4           | 16         | 4      | 14  | 3   | 31  | 6   | 30  | 6   |
| Unknown         |          | 71       | 32          | 123        | 33     | 120 | 28  | 9   | 2   | 0   | 0   |
| Total*          |          | 225      |             | 369        |        | 434 |     | 473 |     | 482 |     |
|                 |          | • • • •  |             |            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| *Totals include | : justii | lable n  | omiciaes.   |            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Percents may    | not ec   | luar too |             | ounding.   |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Source: Metro   |          |          |             |            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Prepared by:    | D.C. (   | rimina   | i justice k | lesearch C | enter, |     |     |     |     |     |     |

| CALENDAR YE | ARS 1987 | - 1991 |     |     |     |      |     |      |     |     |  |  |
|-------------|----------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|--|--|
|             | 1        | 987    | 1   | 988 | 1   | 1989 | . 1 | 1990 | 1   | 991 |  |  |
| Age         | #        | %      | #   | %   | #   | %    | #   | %    | #   | %   |  |  |
| 17 and      |          |        |     |     |     |      |     |      |     |     |  |  |
| Younger     | 9        | 7      | 26  | 14  | 63  | 19   | 67  | 20   | 31  | 9   |  |  |
| 18 - 20     | 17       | 3      | 44  | 24  | 78  | 23   | 97  | 28   | 122 | 35  |  |  |
| 21 - 22     | 12       | ò      | 17  | 10  | 32  | 10   | 33  | 10   | 39  | 11  |  |  |
| 23 - 24     | 16       | 12     | 28  | 15  | 28  | 8    | 21  | 6    | 27  | 8   |  |  |
| 25 - 29     | 29       | 22     | 28  | 15  | 38  | 1    | 28  | 8    | 31  | 9   |  |  |
| 30 - 34     | 17       | 13     | 20  | 1   | 15  | 5    | 17  | 5    | 25  | 7   |  |  |
| 35 - 39     | 10       | 8      | 6   | 3   | 19  | 6    | 16  | 5    | 20  | 6   |  |  |
| 40 - 44     | 7        | 5      | 10  | 5   | 13  | 4    | 3   | < 1  | 8   | 2   |  |  |
| 45 - 49     | 5        | 4      | 3   | 2   | 2   | < 1  | 2   | < 1  | 9   | 3   |  |  |
| 50 +        | 8        | 6      | 4   | 2   | 2   | < 1  | 12  | 4    | 6   | 2   |  |  |
| Unknown     | 3        | 2      | 0   | 0   | 42  | 13   | 45  | 13   | 34  | 10  |  |  |
| Total       | 133      |        | 186 |     | 332 |      | 341 |      | 352 |     |  |  |